

**THE WEATHER**  
Fair tonight and Wednesday;  
not much change in tempera-  
ture; moderate variable winds.

# THE LOWELL SUN

**6 O'CLOCK**

ESTABLISHED 1878      LOWELL, MASS. TUESDAY MARCH 19 1918      PRICE ONE CENT

## AMERICANS BOMBARD TWO GERMAN TOWNS

**Yankee Gunners Also Dropped Projectiles German Trenches**  
**U. S. Anti-Aircraft Guns Drive Off Six Enemy Airplanes**  
**Mass. Troops Bear Brunt of Bombardment at Chemin des Dames**

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, March 18.—(By the Associated Press.)—American artillery on the Toul front today bombarded towns within the enemy lines. On several occasions a considerable number of gas shells were used. The gunners also dropped projectiles on German trenches. Some shells hit in the town of Essey and others in Montsec.

An American between Reims and wood and jury wood (between Seicheprey and Flirey) encountered an enemy patrol early this morning. For an hour and a half the American patrol tried to make some of the enemy prisoners but without result, although a number of fights with pistols and rifles occurred as the Germans retired, jumping from tree to tree. American snipers made a number of lucky shots to day and Germans were seen to fall.

**American Wires Tapped**  
The telephone wires within the American lines were tapped again during the night not far from where the patrol encounter occurred. The enemy artillery fired a number of gas shells at our lines.

The weather last night and today was well suited for aerial work and much was accomplished. American anti-aircraft guns drove off at least six enemy airplanes while others crossed the lines at such a height that they were out of range.

**Germans Strengthen Second Line**  
Last night airplanes from the rear of the German zone crossed over to the German zone. Soon after many explosions and flashes were heard and seen in the direction of Metz.

The American planes discovered during the night that the Germans were strengthening their second line. It is known that the first line in many places virtually has been abandoned. It is believed that the accurate American artillery fire has had something to do with this.

**Bay State Troops Active**  
WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, March 18.—(By the Associated Press.)—Yesterday extraordinary artillery activity developed in the Chemin des Dames sector where some troops from New England are in training. The enemy began a gas bombardment late yesterday night and continued it until yesterday. A vigorous reply was made by both American and French batteries, which gave the Germans about four times as much as they sent over.

Massachusetts troops bore the brunt of a portion of the bombardment. Six thousand shells were fired yesterday from the sector in which the Americans are stationed, a large proportion of them being gas shells.

It is now permissible to announce that American artillery in the Lunoville sector has located and blown up a battery of mine throwers, one of which a few days ago obtained a direct hit on a dugout in which were a number of American soldiers, most of them of Irish descent. The battery had been causing a great deal of trouble for several days, and the Americans were determined to put it out of action. It was located after considerable trouble, and the artillery concentrated high explosives on it.

A patrol of 34 men, half Americans and half French, last night went into the German lines from an isolated portion of the sector. It completed its mission of reconnaissance, bringing back the desired information. The patrol had a short skirmish, but obtained no prisoners.

Yesterday—St. Patrick's day—Irishmen of a certain regiment serving in the Lunoville sector held an appropriate celebration.

**Notice**  
There will be a special meeting tonight at 8 o'clock for members of Local 138 and 745, I. A. of M., at Mechanic's Hall, Middlesex street, to take action on the new schedule.  
Signed CHARLES McCABE.

**Chaffoux's CORNER**  
**SHAKING HANDS**  
One of the most common customs of today is that of shaking hands. This custom dates back to the old times, when it was necessary for every man to carry a sword or dagger. So small was the provocation for an attack, that a man scarcely knew when he saw anyone approach, whether it was for attack, or for friendly discourse. Hence, the custom of offering the right hand to a friend, showing peaceful intentions by giving up the fighting arm.

This is the feeling that we want to show to our patrons. We want to literally "shake hands" with you. We want you to return to reciprocate this feeling, and trust us to serve you.

Flourish H. McLean, High School Commercial Department.

## CITY COUNCIL MEETING

Sixteen traverse jurors to serve at the superior court to be held in this city and Cambridge beginning the first Monday in April were drawn at a regular meeting of the municipal council, which was held this morning. In the course of the meeting Commissioner Morse submitted a list of the streets he intends paving in the course of the year, but action on a street loan was deferred until the next meeting. The sum of \$13,000 was appropriated from the general treasury fund for work in local public schools as ordered by the state police. Considerable routine business was transacted.

The names of traverse jurors for the superior court to be held at Lowell beginning April 1 were drawn by Commissioner Morse. Ten were drawn, including the name of a well known citizen who passed away several weeks ago and as no other name was drawn in its stead, nine instead of ten jurors were drawn, as follows:

Walter H. Howe, 366 Andover, real estate.  
Howard M. Estabrook, 22 Seventh av., meat cutter.  
George M. Worthen, Jr., 27 Forest, painter.  
John J. Gray, 326 Plain, real estate agent.  
George W. Dearborn, 55 Marlborough, superintendent.  
James Somerset, 104 Woodward av., janitor.  
John B. Richard, 770 Moody, clerk.  
William E. Badger, 105 Beacon, civil engineer.

The New England Telephone company was given a hearing on its petition for two pole locations in Howard street. Francis A. Simmons of 51 Howard street registered a protest. The petition was referred.

**More Jurors Drawn**  
Six more jurors were drawn by Commissioner Brown for the superior court to be held at Cambridge beginning on the first Monday in April, as follows: George H. Gilman, 1265 Middlesex, machinist.  
James E. Burns, 23 State, laborer.  
Daniel Perry, 47 Swift, master plasterer.  
James J. Kennedy, 5 Livermore, retired.  
Michael J. Donohoe, 3 Brooks, salesman.  
George A. Daidy, 104 Mt. Washington, clerk.  
Henry Achin, Jr., petitioned for edgewise opposite premises numbered 9-11 Plymouth street. The petition was referred.

Frank L. Lippe petitioned for permission to maintain a garage in the rear of the police station in Market street. A hearing was ordered for April 5.

Helen N. Randall filed a claim for personal injuries. She claimed she fell on the sidewalk on East Merrimack street on March 8 and fractured her hip. The claim was referred to the mayor and city solicitor. Mr. Morse said the claimant is 75 years of age.

The petition of Ferdinand Cote for appointment as a weigher of coal, etc., was referred to the mayor. Bernard F. Gately was appointed constable.

The petition of Mrs. P. Z. Hebert for the laying of edgewise in Aiken ave. was granted.

The following petitioners were given leave to withdraw their claims for personal injuries on recommendation of the city solicitor: Charles C. Barton, 110 North, Dr. E. J. David in behalf of Joseph Brule, Sarah J. Ward and William Warren.

**School Improvements**  
An order for the appropriation of \$12,000 for district police work was read. Commissioner Warnock said the money was to do work in some of the public schools in accordance with orders from the state police. He said the money appropriated will in no way increase the tax rate, as the money will be taken from the general treasury. He said the first amount suggested was \$25,000, but that amount has been reduced by Deputy State Chief Carey to \$12,000.

Mayor Thompson said the council received permission from the state police to spend a certain sum each year for the improvements of schools. He said he believed the amount should be voted at once. The order was unanimously adopted.

**Street Paving Program**  
Commissioner Morse submitted the following list of streets, which he intends to block pave during the year: To finish, Dutton, corner of Fletcher, also Fletcher to Worthen, \$10,000; Appleton at Thorndike, \$70,000; Branch at Corat, \$18,000. To pave, School from Pawbuckett to Varnum avenue, \$29,000; Central from Church to Hosiordum, \$25,000; Market from Dutton to Dummer, \$7,000; from Dummer to Hosiordum, \$16,000.

To Hosiordum pave—Westford from

**NO CONFIRMATION ON MURDER OF JAPANESE**  
LONDON, March 18.—Two thousand armed German prisoners enabled the Bolsheviks to defeat the non-Bolsheviks in the fight at Blagoveshchensk capital of Amur province, Siberia, last Tuesday, according to a semi-official statement issued in Tokyo Sunday, and transmitted by Reuter. The report that 150 Japanese were murdered by the Bolsheviks has not been confirmed.

**AWAIT WORD FROM ENGLAND ON SHIPS**  
WASHINGTON, March 18.—Requisition of Dutch ships in American waters still awaited word from London at noon today, and officials indicated that actual seizure would not take place until the Netherlands government had been heard from.

A reply to the American and British demands was said to have been despatched through London, but it has not been received here.

All departments of the government which will take part in the seizure were ready to proceed the minute word was given. A proclamation by President Wilson, announcing the requisition and the reasons for it, was prepared and signed yesterday, ready for issuance.

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**The Highland - Mussey Laundry**  
—AND THE—  
**Middlesex Laundry**  
will make collections and deliveries as quickly as possible. Owing to the fire in the Cady building the power plant is out of order and the laundry business may be slightly delayed.

**FARRELL & CONATON**  
PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND WATER FITTERS  
243 Dutton St. Telephone 1512.

## TWO KILLED AND 33 INJURED IN PEACE TREATIES

**Collapse of Unfinished Hangar at Naval Air Station Near Miami, Fla.**  
**Heavy Windstorm Wrecks Plant In Process of Construction**  
**Supreme Allied War Council's Decision on German-Made Agreement**  
**German Policy of Plunder Denounced—Hertling Raps Entente—Holland Yields**

MIAMI, Fla., March 18.—Two men were killed and thirty-three others were injured early today in the collapse of an unfinished hangar at the Dinnerhey naval air station five miles south of here during a storm.

Nine of the most seriously injured were brought to Miami for treatment; the others were given first aid on the grounds. The dead are Matthew Mullen, Brooklyn, N. Y., and an unidentified man.

About forty workmen, whites and negroes, were on the night shift rushing to completion the plant. They were working around a concrete mixer beneath the hangar when it collapsed in a windstorm.

Although incomplete the station already is being used for the training of naval air pilots and observers.

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## PRICE FIXING 50 PERSONS KILLED IN BIG BRITISH RAID

**Signs Daylight Saving Bill**  
**Great Damage Done by Bombs Dropped by Allied Airmen**  
**Neutral Traveler Tells of Results of British Air Attack**  
**People Believed Raiders Americans—Say Germans Fear Yankees**

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Creation of a price-fixing committee under the war industries board, which will pass upon prices for all basic raw materials purchased by the government and establish a price-fixing policy from time to time to be approved by the president, was announced today by the council of national defense.

The committee is comprised of the following:

Robert S. Brookings of the war industries board, chairman; Brig. Gen. Palmer E. Pierce, surveyor-general of supplies for the war department; Paymaster John Hancock of the bureau of supplies and accounts of the navy; Fuel administrator Clifford P. W. Taussig, chairman of the tariff commission; W. J. Harris, chairman of the federal trade commission; Hugh Frayne of the war industries board; Bernard M. Baruch, chairman of the war industries board, and another civilian member to be appointed later.

Executive departments meeting difficulties in handling price-fixing matters. It was said, will have the advice and assistance of the committee, which will sit all the time with a view to eliminating unnecessary delay.

"The object of the price-fixing committee is two-fold," the announcement said. "First, it will be a separate body, quasi-judicial in nature, for the purpose implied in its name and it will serve this purpose through being made up of men separated so completely from industrial interests that their motives and actions in the determination of prices can be subject to suspicion of mercenary interest. Prices will not be made upon the basis of the price-fixing committee will then consider problems of production and distribution before arriving at its decisions."

"The second object to be achieved by the price-fixing committee is speed. The committee will sit all the time and will thus eliminate all unnecessary delay that has attended the consideration of price-fixing problems in several different quarters."

**RUSSIAN COMMENT ON WILSON'S MESSAGE**  
MOSCOW, March 18.—(By the Associated Press.)—President Wilson's message to the Russian people is very significant and is limited recognition of the soviet government, in the opinion of the non-socialist and conservative newspaper Rannoye Ouzro. The message shows the determination of the United States to interfere in Russian internal affairs, adds the newspaper, which continues:

"In these grave days there is great moral support in the firm intention of the powerful trans-Atlantic republic to secure for Russia complete sovereignty and independence in her own affairs. The United States, which was declared to be capitalistic by the Bolsheviks proves faithful to the principles proclaimed by her and the sincerity of her position was acknowledged by the Bolsheviks in the hearty recognition the soviet congress gave to the president's message."

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WASHINGTON, March 18.—The daylight saving bill was signed today by President Wilson. It puts all clocks forward an hour on the last Sunday in March and turns them back again the last Sunday in October.

**WITH THE ARMY AND NAVY**  
The regular army station sent five men to Boston today for final examination before becoming members of the regular forces. The men and the branch of service chosen were as follows: Walter S. McInerney, 239 Gorham street, coast artillery; Austin H. Kearney, North Billerica, coast artillery; Thomas A. Baldwin, Lawrence, medical corps; Thomas J. Cronin, Lawrence, medical corps; William J. Kealey, 362 Broadway, coast artillery.

The navy station officers had a little rest today after a week of steady straining fitting up men for the naval reserve. There were few applicants and no one was enlisted. The reserve is still open to men between 18 and 30.

Chief Yeoman Tucker spent the greater part of Sunday in Haverhill inspecting war posters in that metropolis and this afternoon he was scheduled to "cover" Andover and Lawrence.

The local navy station officers have received the following letter of instructions from Washington in regard to the coming Liberty Bond campaign. The officers at the station have contributed extensively to the loan in the two previous drives:

"All commanders except those abroad will please extend all possible on-operation to local and other committees in making the celebrations, parades and other exercises on April 6 worthy of the cause in whose interest the day has been set aside."

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**BARTENDERS' UNION**  
Important meeting at midnight, Thursday, March 21, at 32 Middle St.  
Signed Executive Board

**PROMOTION FOR LOWELL BOY**  
William Bestwick, Jr., who volunteered his services in the aviation corps of the regular army three months ago, has received the rank of corporal. He is now stationed at San Antonio, Texas. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. William Bestwick of 940 Gorham street.

**GARMENT WORKERS THREATEN STRIKE**  
CHICAGO, March 18.—Ten thousand members of the United Garment Workers, employed in 25 Chicago shops, threatened to strike today according to William A. Schneider, secretary of the union, as a result of the employers refusing to grant a 15 per cent. increase in wages. Shops working on government contracts will be exempted.

If you want quick returns try a classified ad in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

**Dancing THIS EVENING**  
PAWTUCKET BOAT HOUSE  
Miner-Doyle Orchestra  
Gents 25c, Ladies 15c

Going, Going, All Unclaimed FRAMED PICTURES, REPAIRED CLOCKS, ETC., which have been in our store 30 days or more will be disposed of as we see fit after Saturday, March 23rd. We need the room. CALL AND GET YOURS  
Highest Prices for Old Gold and Silver  
**RICARD'S** 123 CENTRAL STREET



## 76TH DIV. TO BE FILLED TO WAR STRENGTH

CAMP DEVENS, Ayer, March 18.—The 76th Division is to be filled up to war strength at once, with the arrival of the second draft, starting next week. This news, ending weeks and months of uncertainty, was contained in a communication from Washington, relayed yesterday by Maj. Gen. Harry P. Hodges.

The New England division is to be filled up with New England and New York state men and is to go on with a rush in its training as a tactical unit.

The communication said that the war department appreciates the difficulties under which Maj. Gen. Hodges and his officers have been laboring, in having their units stripped of nearly all except the highly trained permanent personnel, the noncoms and a few others.

**Fine Showing Expected**  
This is, in fact, a highly trained skeleton division now and it should make spectacular progress in absorbing the new draftees and making the New England division of the national army an organization which will bring credit to itself in the same manner as the New England division of the national guard.

The noncoms are trained to a fine point. They have been attending division specialized schools in small groups until this is a division of experts, as nearly as any division six months old can be.

What use is to be made of the 30,000 or more who are to come here aside from the number necessary to fill the division is still a question.

From Boston yesterday came confirmation of the report that this camp is to hold 70,000 soldiers or more. Coleman Brothers have one contract for \$1,000,000 for additional buildings and another big contract is to be signed soon, says the statement.

Division officials profess ignorance of the enlarged cantonment plans. The war department has apparently gone ahead with its plans without consulting officers at Camp Devens.

The addition to the camp, it is understood, will extend from the western border of the land taken by the government on the Shirley side to the Boston & Maine railroad, south of Ayer station. Another freight and troop entraining depot probably will be constructed at Ayer Junction.

**Eight Years for Food Thief**

Maj. Gen. Hodges yesterday afternoon approved the sentence of eight years at hard labor imposed by gen-

## INTERESTING LETTERS FROM LOWELL SOLDIERS IN THE WAR ZONE

According to a letter received by a member of The Sun's staff, Adjutant Gustave Raszes of this city, who has been fighting under the French colors in the French trenches since the beginning of the war, with the exception of a few months during which time he was a prisoner of war in Germany, has been decorated with "La Croix de Guerre," cross of war, and has received a citation, the highest distinction possible in the army of France. These honors were conferred on the Lowell man on account of his deeds of bravery during the conflict, but more particularly for his heroic actions during a bombardment last December, in the course of which he was seriously wounded, this being the fifth time he was injured during the war.

The citation conferred upon Adjutant Raszes, when translated, reads as follows:

"General Order No. 6.

"A.A., Feb. 10, 1918.

"Citation upon order of the army.

"Chief Adjutant Gustave Raszes of the First Infantry, a chief of initiative and remarkable intelligence, has always filled with success the missions with which he has been entrusted. In the course of the war and particularly in advanced posts he never failed to give to his men the best example of courage and energy and he has always maintained the highest morale among his men. Particularly in the course of a murderous bombardment on Dec. 23, 1917, he took care more of the safety of his men than of his own.

General court-martial on ex-Serjt. Spencer C. Heiges of the 2d company, Quartermaster corps, for stealing sugar and butter from the army stores. Heiges was a grammar school principal in Harrisburg, Penn., before entering the army.

He pleaded guilty to all specifications, admitting that he went to an Ayer bakery, dressed in civilian clothes and posed as a salesman of a Boston wholesale grocery concern. He would get an order for sugar or butter, go out and get an expressman, give him an order to call for the supplies at the quartermaster stores, go back to his job at the storehouse and see that the supplies were delivered to the expressman.

**New Adjutant of 76th**

Congratulations came wholeheartedly at division headquarters yesterday afternoon when it was learned that Maj. George M. Peek, one of the youngest "on the hill" only 30 years old, had been appointed division adjutant.

This gives him the office he had been filling temporarily at various times

of his men by having them place themselves under cover, while he remained alone at his post, exposed to great dangers. He was seriously wounded, this being the fifth injury since the beginning of the war. Croix de Guerre with palm.

When the war broke out Adjutant Raszes was employed in the Merrimack Mfg. Co. in this city and made his home at 84 Worthen street with his wife and son, Raymond A. As soon as he received his route papers, he left Lowell and sailed across to report to his old regiment. In the early stages of the war he was captured by the Germans and sent to Germany as a prisoner of war, but some time later he succeeded in making his escape and returned to his company. He was wounded several times, but always recuperated and no sooner had his injuries healed than he was on the battlefield again.

Last summer the adjutant was given a furlough and he came to his home in Lowell, where he remained a couple of weeks. At that time he gave a very interesting lecture on his experiences in France before the members of Club Lafayette, but at his request his lecture was not given any publicity. When his furlough expired the adjutant returned to his post and since that time he has written numerous letters to his Lowell friends and relatives. His wife and son are still making their home at 84 Worthen street and it was with pleasure that they learned of the honors bestowed upon him.

during the absence in France of Maj. Harry L. Hodges, ex-division adjutant.

**Known as "Admiral of Army"**

Maj. Peek is known here as the "Admiral of the Army," because for four years as a Coast Artillery officer he was in command of the U.S.S. Schofield, a mine planter, and saw service in the Caribbean sea. He was doing patrol duty when called to this division last September as division ordnance officer.

Virginia is Maj. Peek's native state and he was graduated from Virginia Military institute in 1907 and from the artillery school at Fort Monroe. He is popular because of his good nature and quite as much because of his efficiency.

**SOLDIERS ENTERTAINED**

Seventeen young men of the Third company of the Officers' Training school at Camp Devens were recently the guests at a dancing party conducted in Liberty hall, South Chelmsford, the affair being under the auspices of the Brotherhood, a men's club of the village. The young soldiers travelled from the camp to the

## BEST LIVER AND BOWEL LAXATIVE FOR FAMILY USE

"Cascarets" regulate women, men and children without injury.

Take when bilious, headachy, for colds, bad breath, sour stomach.



Instead of nasty, harsh pills, salts, castor oil or dangerous calomel, why don't you keep Cascarets handy in your home? Cascarets act on the liver and thirty feet of bowels so gently you don't realize you have taken a cathartic, but they act thoroughly and can be depended upon when a good liver and bowel cleansing is necessary—they move the bile and poison from the bowels without griping and sweeten the stomach. You eat one or two at night like candy and you wake up feeling fine, the headache, biliousness, bad breath, coated tongue, sour stomach, constipation, or bad cold disappears. Mothers should give cross, sick, feverish or bilious children a whole Cascaret any time—they are harmless and safe for the little folks.

dance hall in an auto truck and upon arriving at their destination they were entertained at luncheon. Later a musical program was given and general dancing was started and continued until a seasonable hour. The committee responsible for the success of the event consisted of the following:

Mrs. John B. Emerson, chairman; Mrs. Wilbur T. Latham, Mrs. John B. Scoboria and Mrs. Lillian. The dance concluded at 11:30 and the young men were entertained for the night at the home of the committee members and also by Mrs. William I. Dupee and Mrs. Charles Lyons.

## NO "HANDOUTS" FOR LYNN POLICEMEN

LYNN, March 18.—It's hard to be a policeman anywhere, but the burdens of the guardians of the peace of this city have been increased by an order issued last night by Chief Burckes at the instance of Mayor Creamer, which forbids all police from taking peanuts from fruit stands, accepting free lunches in restaurants or even having their shoes shined free of cost.

The order follows a hearing at city hall last week in which charges were made to Mayor Creamer by the proprietor of a restaurant to the effect that not alone did one policeman come into his place and accept free meals, but was soon bringing a brother officer to share in the hospitality.

## PATRIOTIC MARTYR Took Desperate Chance to Enter Service and Lost

HARTFORD, Conn., March 18.—Dr. Joseph P. Doyle, aged 27, of Manchester, N. H., an intern at St. Francis hospital, this city, who was operated upon last week, following his rejection by the examining board for the medical reserve corps, died in the hospital yesterday. When he was rejected he told the examiners he would undergo an operation if they thought it would do any good. He was told he would have one chance in a hundred to recover, but he took that chance and lost.

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 18.—Dr. Joseph P. Doyle was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Doyle of Central street. He graduated from the University of Maryland last June. He was a graduate of St. Joseph's high school, this city.

Desires his parents, he leaves two brothers, John P. of Fitchburg, Mass., and George of this city; also three sisters, Mrs. Michael J. Conroy, Miss Gertrude Doyle of this city and Miss Mary Doyle of Washington. The body will be brought here.

## 1000 TAILORS ON STRIKE IN BOSTON

BOSTON, March 18.—Efforts were made today at conferences between members of the Clothing Manufacturers' association and representatives of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America to settle a strike of 1000 tailors, who walked out yesterday. The strikers demanded a 20 per cent wage increase, and an attempt was made to obtain the same advance for 3500 other union men and women employed in local clothing shops.

## TO TRAIN DRAFTED MEN FOR SER- VICE IN ENGINEER REGIMENTS

BOSTON, March 18.—Plans to train men registered in Class 1-A under the draft law so that they may be fitted for service in engineer regiments were announced today by Wentworth institute, with the approval of the war department. A 12 weeks' course will be given at the institute, by which a Massachusetts national guard unit was trained as an engineer regiment last year. The students also will be taught machine gun emplacement and repairing.

**Franklin Machine Company**  
Engineers—Founders—Machinists  
Manufacturers of HARRIS-CORLESS ENGINES, Engine Repairs, Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, Bearings, Couplings, Clutches.

Large stock always on hand. General Mill Repairs. Special machinery of all kinds.

Providence, R. I.  
Telephones  
Union 963  
Union 1875

Largest Stock of Victor, Columbia and Edison Records in Lowell

# The Bon Marche

DRY GOODS CO.

Largest Stock of Victor, Columbia and Edison Records in Lowell

## The Only Store in Lowell Selling All Three

VICTROLA

EDISON

GRAFONOLA

## Hear These 3 Side by Side

You Can Hear Them In

# OUR STORE

We Will Send Them To

# YOUR HOME

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY ON ANY TYPE OF INSTRUMENT

EASY TERMS  
**\$1.00**  
Per Week and Up

\$10.00 WORTH OF RECORDS OF YOUR OWN SELECTION INCLUDED IN THESE TERMS

## MARCH MID-MONTH SPECIALS

**BABY'S PRAYER AT TWILIGHT**  
Lorraine.....Henry Burr

**A NEW COHEN RECORD**  
Cohen Calls the Real Estate Office  
Cohen Calls His Tailor On the Phone

10 In.  
2490  
75c

10 In.  
2488  
75c

# To The American People

There is no foundation for the alleged violations of law attributed to our Company by agents of the Federal Trade Commission and I want to say emphatically that Swift & Company is not a party to any conspiracy to defraud the Government. Nor has Swift & Company been guilty of improperly storing foods or of making false entries or reports.

Conferences of packers, where prices have been discussed, have been held at the urgent request and in the presence of representatives of either the Food Administration or the Council of National Defense. And yet the packers have been accused of committing a felony by acting in collusion on Government bids!

We have done our best, with other packers, large and small, to comply with the directions of the United States Food Administration in all particulars, including the furnishing of food supplies for the U.S. Army and Navy and the Allies, now being handled through the Food Administration.

We will continue to do our utmost, under Government direction, to increase our production and assist the Food Administration. We consider that the opportunity to co-operate wholeheartedly and to our fullest powers with this branch of the Government is our plain and most pressing duty.

The Trade Commission Attorney has, by false inference and misplaced emphasis, given to disconnected portions of the correspondence taken from our private files and read into the Record, a false and sinister meaning with the plain purpose of creating antagonistic public opinion.

The services of the packers of the United States are most urgently needed, and I regret exceedingly that we should at this time have to spend our efforts in defending ourselves against unfounded, unproved, and unfair assertions such as are being daily made public.

**L. F. Swift, President,**  
**Swift & Company, U. S. A.**

## DELAWARE RATIFIES "DRY" AMENDMENT

DOVER, Del., March 18.—The Delaware senate late yesterday ratified the federal prohibition constitutional amendment by a vote of 13 to 3. It passed the house last week. Delaware is the ninth state to ratify the amendment.

## 30TH BUSINESS ANNIVERSARY

P. F. Devine, the trunk and bag dealer, celebrated his 30th business anniversary on Sunday evening with a banquet at Page's and later an evening of amusement at his home in Columbus avenue. The 17 employees of Mr. Devine's store here and in Lawrence joined together with several invited guests paid honor to the well known business man and congratulated him on his successfully rounding out the long span of years in business. Among those present at the affair were Mr. and Mrs. P. F. Devine and Miss Dorothy Devine, Mrs. Anna Kelly, Mr. and Mrs. James Finerty, Mr. and Mrs. P. McCarthy, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Renaud, Mr. and Mrs. B. McArde, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bowen of Malden; John Devine and Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McKeon.

## SUB-COMMITTEES APPOINTED TO ASSIST IN WORK OF HYGIENE COMMITTEE

The committee on social hygiene held a conference at city hall late yesterday afternoon and among other business transacted was the appointment of sub-committees by Dr. G. Forrest Martin to take up special phases of the general work of the hygiene committee: Legal committee, Mayor Thompson, chairman, ex-officio, Judge Thomas J. Bright, Chief Redmond Welch, Sergeant David Petrie, Inspector Emily F. Skilton; medical committee, Dr. Charles E. Simpson, chairman, Dr. G. F. Martin, Dr. Mary R. Takeman, Dr. Harry B. Plunkett, Dr. M. L. Alling, John E. Drury, Miss Mary A. Catter, publicity committee, Henry H. Harris, chairman, C. B. Redway, Rev. N. W. Matthews, Fr. Francis J. Mullin, Miss Mary A. Kieran, Dr. Charles E. Simpson was elected vice chairman of the committee.

## GIVEN EIGHT YEARS

**Soldier at Ayer Convicted of Selling Army Stores**

AYER, March 18.—Private Spencer C. Heiges, of Harrisburg, Pa., attached to the quartermaster's department at Camp Devens was yesterday sentenced to eight years at hard labor in the fed-

# Beers

—for your cheery little chafing dish party. A triumph in soft drinks that combines the tempting flavor of wholesome cereals and the appetizing tang of genuine Sazer Hops. Bevo for refreshing properties—zest—purity—healthfulness. Serve cold.

ANTHONY-BUSCH  
St. Louis, U. S. A.

## HAVE COLOR IN CHEEKS

Be Better Looking—Take Olive Tablets

If your skin is yellow—complexion pallid—tongue coated—appetite poor—you have a bad taste in your mouth—a lazy, no-good feeling—you should take Olive Tablets.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—a substitute for calomel—were prepared by Dr. Edwards after 17 years of study with his patients.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color.

To have a clear, pink skin, bright eyes, no pimples, a feeling of buoyancy like childhood days you must get at the cause.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act on the liver and bowels like calomel—yet have no dangerous after effects.

They start the bile and overcome constipation. That's why millions of boxes are sold annually at 10c and 25c per box. All druggists. Take one or two nightly and note the pleasing results.





# YOUR NEW BOSS IS A SILENT MAN

Special to The Sun  
WASHINGTON, Mar. 19—Meet your new boss.  
Your boss, he is, if you're in any way concerned in American war industry.  
Effort, ever-busy, he's holding the greatest industrial power ever centered in one man's hands. His power dwarfs Rockefeller's. President Wilson made him mighty at one stroke of the pen.  
He's Bernard M. Baruch.  
Baruch has supervision of all raw and manufactured material needed for our war; he also purchases all American materials for the allies.  
His say-so concerns billions, not millions.  
He's conspicuous here for the padlock on his tongue.  
He doesn't talk. He just works. He was born in South Carolina. The end of the Civil war found his father "broke," like most men of the



BERNARD M. BARUCH

south. The senior Baruch had been a surgeon in the confederate army. Young Baruch received his education in New York City college and in Wall street. There he not only took all the diplomas, but millions of dollars are well known as one of the most resourceful and daring speculators.

When war came Baruch became a member of the Council of National Defense, his particular job being to look after raw materials. It probably cost him more to serve than any other dollar-a-year man. Some are salaried officers of big corporations, and their salaries go on. Others are heads of great business firms, and their interest still brings large returns. But Baruch was a Wall street operator. He sold his seat in the stock exchange, closed his business and disposed of most of his stocks and bonds. His sole business today is Uncle Sam's business.

He has just two passions—to help win the war and to serve President Wilson, who is his idol.  
When he first came here, official Washington looked askance because he was a Wall street man. Time and Baruch have worked wonders. He now has the entire confidence of the president, and almost as important, of the big labor leaders. The workers believe in him as they do in Wilson and Baker.

Baruch has no delusions as to the difficulties of his job, nor of America's job. Old laws of business and trade competition must be scrapped, he knows; this is a time to slash red tape and get things done.

To assist him Baruch has already surrounded himself with men who like himself have forged their way up to places of power by ability and not by pull or inheritance.

Baruch himself is:  
Not yet fifty;  
Over six feet tall;  
Straight as a pine;  
Smooth-shaven;  
Gray-haired.

When he's through at the office goes straight home to a wife and three children.  
MILTON BRONNER.

## ANNUAL DANCE OF THE BURKE TEMPERANCE INSTITUTE AT ASSOCIATE HALL

The Burke Temperance Institute held its annual dance last evening in Associate hall with the usual capacity audience on hand to enjoy the evening's festivities. A dancing program of 16 numbers with numerous extras and the stirring music of Minard's orchestra were the chief dishes on the menu. The officers in charge were as follows: General manager, James Wayne; assistant general manager, John J. Maguire; floor director, Daniel E. Higgins; assistant floor director, Joseph A. Dailey; chief aid, George Sadler; Frank L. Donovan; aids, James Burns, William Burns, John Burns, Frank Clark, Edward Cullen, Bernard Connors, William Connors, Thomas Callahan, John Dalley, Arthur Donohoe, Eugene Flynn, Hugh Gallagher, Frank Groves, John Geary, William Geary, John Gray, Owen Harrarty, Thomas Keegan, Frank V. King, James Kennedy, John E. Lowney, Michael Manning, James P. McKella, Joseph Morgan, Patrick McCusker, Clyde McKillop, John H. O'Neill, James Redmond.  
Reception committee: Edward W. Cullen, chairman; Matthew Stowell, Edward Tully, James Redmond, Thomas Scully, Hugh Gallagher, John O'Neill, John Higgins, John McAluffe, recording secretary, and John J. Winn, treasurer.

## IN THE STOCK MARKET?

If you own any stocks, or contemplate buying or selling any, or need any information regarding the judgment of far-famed experts, see published in the INDUSTRIAL AND MINING AGE. Published weekly since January 1908. Subscription \$3 a year. Sample copy sent free for purpose of introduction if you write immediately.

INDUSTRIAL AND MINING AGE  
27 William St., New York  
Largest Circulation in its Field in the World

Bright, Sears & Co.  
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE  
Bankers and Brokers  
SECOND FLOOR

# HOUSEKEEPERS' ALLIANCE

The Housekeepers' Alliance was established in the city of Washington long before the war. It was educational in spirit. Conferences and study classes were held. Co-operation among home-makers as well as co-operation between employer and employees was advanced. In short, its aim was to promote welfare of, and to contribute to better efficiency in the home.

With the coming of war, the Housekeepers' Alliance has become an alliance of housekeepers with its first effort directed against waste. Thrift is preached and practiced.  
The matter of substitution in war cooking has been taken up by this organization. Demonstrations and talks are held in school kitchens every week. Valuable hints are here exchanged by the housewives themselves and trained cooking teachers bake the various kinds of war breads and show how other ingredients can be used to save the wheat, meat, fats and sugar needed to send abroad.

They extend their work also to the retailer. Effort is made to promote fair business dealings, including proper and honest weights and measures of food and supplies on the part of the retailer.  
To assist in the present campaign on the part of the United States food administration to save fats, the women of the alliance are taking it upon themselves to make an investigation among the butchers of their own neighborhood. Each woman has volunteered to interview a certain number of tradespeople in her particular locality as to what disposition they make of the animal fats, to urge that none be wasted, and so on.

Such organized effort to stand back of the food administration on the part of the housekeepers of every community whether it be housekeepers' Alliance or merely an informal alliance of housekeepers, is tremendously effective in this war-time guardianship of the nation's food supply.

## What One Woman Did

There is at least one woman, and she lives in Cuba, who can say when she sees the slogan "Save the Wheat," "I have done your bidding," for this woman has not been able to buy wheat flour in the city where she lives.

She wrote to the United States food administrator asking for help in her present situation, and it answered her question with a collection of recipes which called for no wheat.

Most of us would immediately say, "It can't be done," but it is quite possible, if you haven't any wheat, to sustain life, health and happiness, if you know how.

No one can tell how much wheat this woman would have saved from sheer

patriotism; if as much, certainly not more, than she did from necessity.

When you read a few of the recipes given below you will realize that even without wheat, her family need not go hungry.

## Rye and Rice Muffins

1 cup rye flour, 1 cup rice flour, 1 tablespoon sugar, 1 cup milk, 1 tablespoon fat, 4 teaspoons baking powder, ½ teaspoon salt, 1 egg.

Sift together the flour, sugar, salt and baking powder. Combine beaten egg, melted fat and milk. Add about half of liquid to dry materials. Mix thoroughly without beating. Add remainder of liquid. Mix together. Do not beat. Bake at 210°C.

## Wheatless Pie Crust

½ cups rye flour, 1½ cups barley flour, ¾ cup rice flour, 1 teaspoon salt, 1 teaspoon baking powder, ¾ cup fat, ¾ cup water.

## WHEATLESS RECIPES

### Hominy Bread

1 cup cold boiled hominy, 1½ cups milk, 1 cup corn meal, ½ teaspoon salt, 1 teaspoon baking powder, 1 egg, 1 tablespoon fat.

Put the hominy into a bowl and beat it thoroughly with a fork. Pour the milk gradually over the hominy and continue beating. Mix and sift the corn meal, salt and baking powder and add them, with the egg well beaten, and the melted fat, to the hominy. Bake the mixture in a deep, greased baking dish for thirty minutes, or for fifteen minutes in muffin tins.

### Barley Pone With Corn Meal

½ cup barley, 1 cup corn meal, 1 tablespoon vegetable oil or oleomargarine, 2 tablespoons molasses, 1 teaspoon salt, 4 teaspoons baking powder. Wash the barley and boil slowly in 4 cups of boiling water for one hour. While hot, add the corn meal slowly, stirring very hard so the meal will not lump. Add the molasses and salt; mix well; when cooled add the baking powder, put into two well-greased, medium-sized pie tins. Bake for from thirty to forty minutes, or until nice and brown. Serve with sirup.

### Eggless Rye Muffins

2 cups rye flour, 4 teaspoons baking powder, ½ teaspoon salt, 4 teaspoons sugar, 1 cup milk, 1 tablespoon vegetable oil or fat.  
Mix and sift the dry ingredients; add the milk and vegetable oil. Mix quickly, do not beat. Bake in greased muffin-pans 20 minutes, in a hot oven. This yields 12 muffins.

### Barley Pudding

5 cups milk, 1-3 cup barley meal, ½ cup molasses, ½ teaspoon salt, 2 tablespoons sugar, 1 teaspoon ginger. Scald the milk, pour this on the meal and cook in double boiler twenty minutes; add molasses, salt, sugar, and ginger. Pour into greased pudding dish and bake two hours in a slow oven. Serve either hot or cold with cream.

### Sponge Cake

4 eggs, 1 cup sugar, 1-8 teaspoon

1 cup barley flour, 1 tablespoon lemon juice.  
Separate the whites and yolks of eggs, beat yolks, add lemon juice and sugar, then flour. Fold in well-beaten whites of eggs and bake in slow oven.

## Each One Must Decide

America is asking her people to "eat plenty, but wisely and without waste," and thus help to win the war.

It has been found necessary to ask the American people to sacrifice far more than was at first thought essential, but serious as the situation is, the United States food administration still appeals to the individual conscience and its suggestions are put in the form of a request and not a demand.

This winter will prove whether or not the people of democratic America are capable of a great volunteer movement of individual sacrifice.

Local food conditions throughout this big country of ours differ so widely that it is difficult to lay down any hard and fast rules for saving that would be just to all. Everywhere, local conditions must be studied in the light of national and international needs.

Taking out our normal consumption of seed and flour until next harvest, every bit of the remaining wheat crop had already gone to the allies by the first of December. From now on, remember, the wheat you are able to save from month to month until the next harvest, and only that much, is going to the allies. And, furthermore, remember that none of the civilian allies are eating any white bread today.

You are asked to cut down your sugar consumption to three pounds for each person per month. This is much more than the allies are getting, and by eating a little less candy, abstaining from sweet drinks, frosting on cakes, and doing without superfluous sweets, it can easily be accomplished.

How much you save is the test of your patriotism. Let your conscience decide.

## Do You Know That:

Corn flour and rice flour can be used to thicken gravies?  
Hominy is good to eat as a vegetable?

Barley flour cakes are very good?  
Buckwheat can be used to make muffins as well as griddle cakes?  
These receipts are worth trying?

## Soy Bean Nut Bread

1½ cups soy bean meal, 1½ cups flour, 2-3 cup brown sugar, 1 teaspoon salt, 1 teaspoon soda, 2 teaspoons baking powder, 2 cups buttermilk, 1 cup nut meats.

Mix and sift all dry ingredients and add the milk. Lastly stir in the chopped nuts. Bake in a loaf 30 or 40 minutes.

## Cornflour Griddle Cakes

1½ cups corn flour, ½ teaspoon soda, ½ teaspoon salt, 1 cup sour milk, 1 egg.

Sift the dry ingredients together, add the milk and the beaten egg. Mix well and cook on a hot griddle. The batter must be very thin.

## Plain Barley Cake

½ cup fat, ¾ cup glucose, 1 egg, well

beaten, 2-3 cup milk or water, 2 cups barley flour, 3 teaspoons baking powder, 1-8 teaspoon salt, 1 cup raisins.  
Cream the fat, add the glucose, and cream together. Add beaten egg and milk. Add the sifted dry ingredients and the raisins. Pour into a shallow greased pan and bake about 20 minutes.

## Buckwheat Chocolate Cake

½ cup fat, 1 cup sugar, 2 eggs, ½ cup milk, ¾ cup buckwheat flour, ¾ cup wheat flour, 2½ teaspoons baking powder, 2 ounces melted chocolate, ½ teaspoon vanilla.

Cream fat, add sugar gradually, and the yolks of the eggs well beaten. Add milk, flour and baking powder and beat thoroughly. Add melted chocolate and vanilla, fold in the stiffly beaten whites of the eggs, and bake 40 minutes in a shallow cake pan.

# FOOD PRODUCTION AND CONSERVATION

The committee on food production and conservation, a sub-committee of the public safety committee, held a meeting in the board of trade rooms last evening and the matter of an increased production by the farmers during the coming summer was discussed. It was felt that housewives will buy more farm food than ever this year owing to the campaign for conservation and canning which has been waged in Lowell. If the farmers can be made to realize that the city is to present an excellent market during the coming summer they will undoubtedly increase their production.

At this point, however, the matter of a scarcity of farm labor develops and to help meet this to a small degree a sub-committee of women was appointed yesterday to conduct a canvass among Polish and Portuguese women to see if they would be willing to work on nearby farms. Mrs. George M. Heath is chairman.

It is hoped that the next meeting of the committee will be held in conjunction with representative farmers from the towns and that the mutual problems of city and farm may be discussed.

## The Afternoon Conference

The executive committee of the women's food conservation committee held its monthly conference in St. Anne's parish house yesterday afternoon with district leaders and committee members present. Mrs. George M. Heath, chairman of the committee, presided. There were about 60 present. The principal speakers were Mayor Thompson, Hon. Edward Fisher, food administrator for Lowell; and Mrs. George M. Baker of Concord, assistant to the administrator for Middlesex county.

Mr. Fisher said that if there was intelligent co-operation along the line of food conservation there would be no necessity for the ticket system of distributing food.

Mrs. Leonard Huntress, chairman of

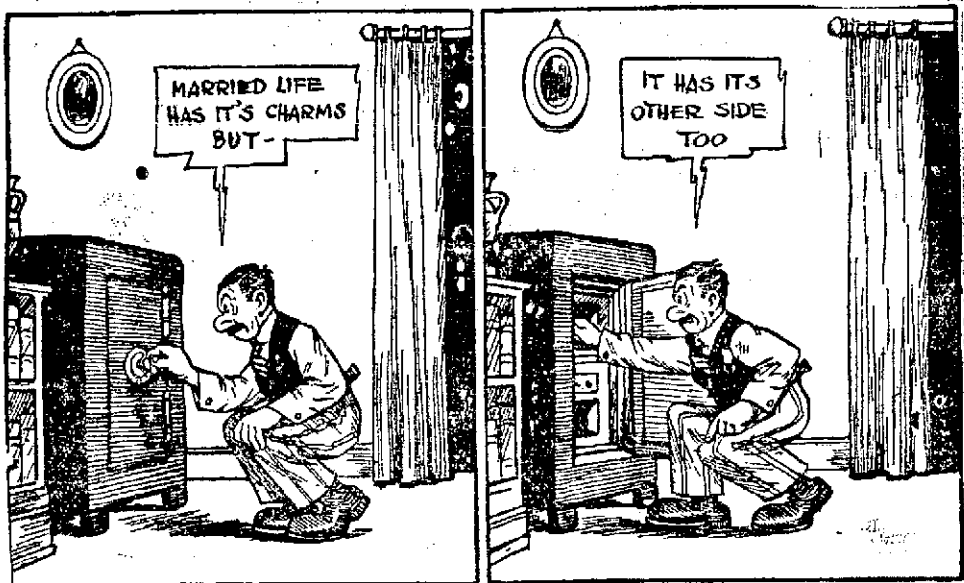
the city garden committee, is gathering about her a large corps of workers. A committee for the conservation of textiles was appointed to educate people to conserve clothing so that necessary war materials may be had. Mrs. W. S. Greene was appointed chairman. Mrs. Mary Schenck Woolman, a government representative, will come here in April to give lessons in textiles.

It was stated at the meeting that anyone who wants a copy of the weekly bulletin issued by Mr. Endicott will be accommodated by applying to Mrs. W. B. Jackson, 229 Stevens street. Mrs. Jackson acted in the capacity of secretary at yesterday's meeting.

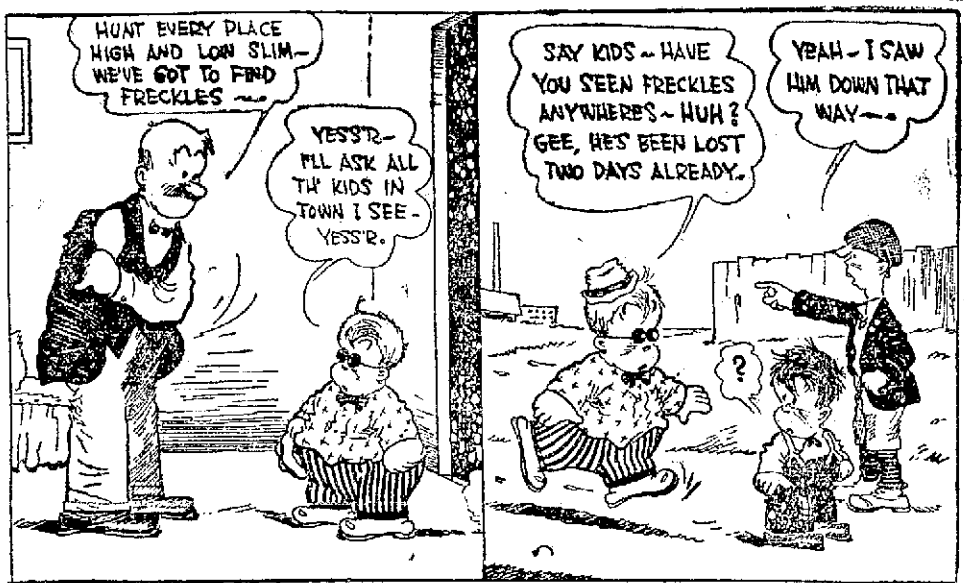
**AYER EXEMPTION BOARD**  
On March 29 the Ayer exemption board will send 18 men to Camp Devens, and among the young men to join the National army from that district are the following from Westford:  
Norbert J. Brule, William F. Buckingham, Joseph A. Heroux of Grantville, Frank H. Sullivan of Westford and Albert A. Collins of Forge Village. At the present time Westford has 59 men in various branches of the United States service and this number will be increased to 64 on March 29.

Before taking your train home from Boston get The Sun at either newsstand in the North station.

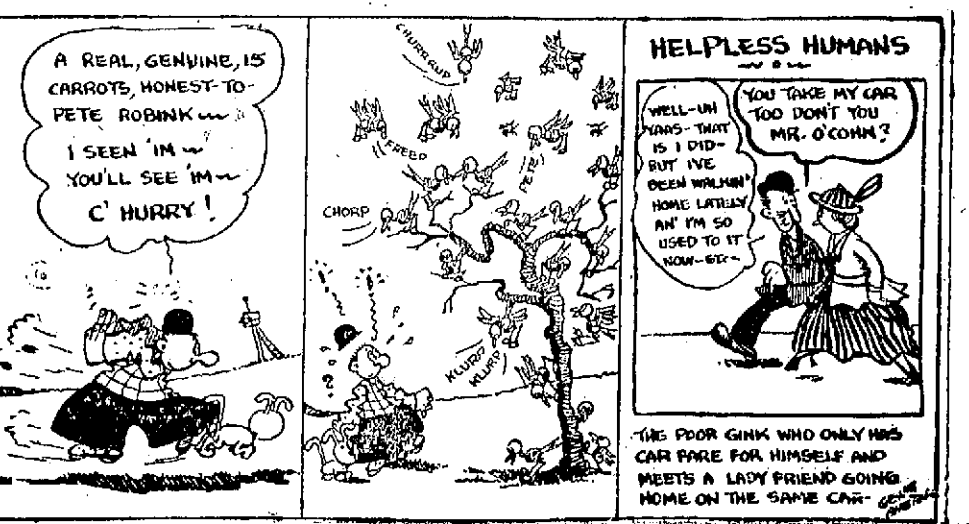
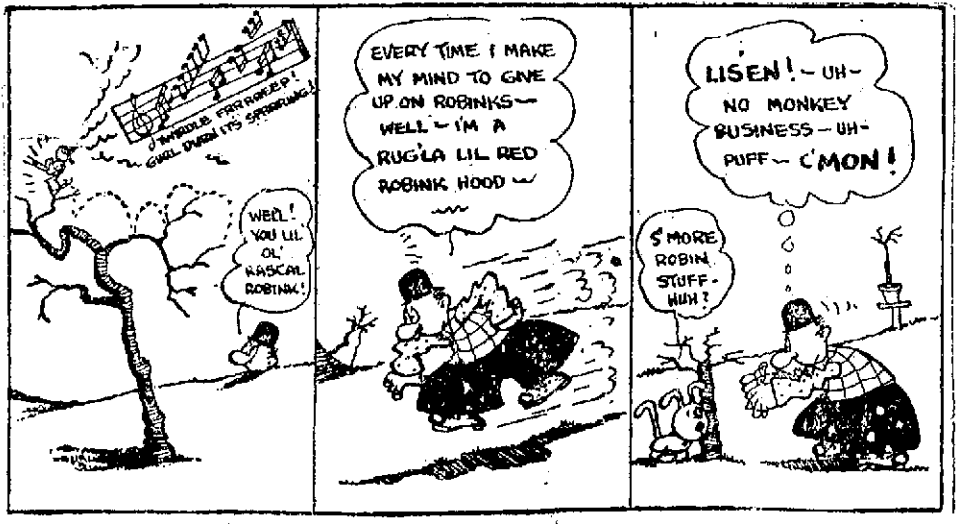
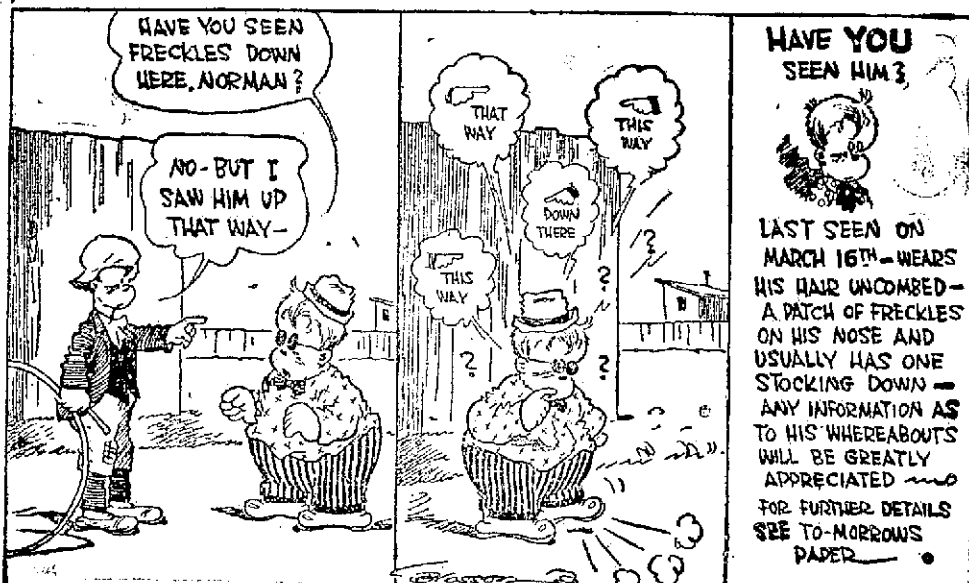
EVERETT TRUE



TOM BELIEVES IN SAFETY FIRST



WE'VE GOT TO HAVE HELP QUICK!



WE GUESS THAT AIN'T PROVING IT, WOT,



# HARKINS ILL, LOWELL REVIEW OF HIGH SCHOOL LAUNCH PLAN TO COMBAT LOST TO LAWRENCE TRACK SEASON GERMAN PROPAGANDA

POLO LEAGUE STANDING		
Won	Lost	P.C.
Lowell	41	57.0
Providence	31	54.2
Lewiston	37	52.3
Lawrence	39	52.7
Worcester	29	43.3
Portland	27	41.5

## ROLLER POLO RESULTS

Lawrence 8, Lowell 2.  
Providence 9, Worcester 2.  
Lewiston-Portland-Cancelled.

**LAWRENCE, March 18.**—With Capt. Ferdie Harkins out of the lineup as a result of illness, Lowell appeared like a ship without a rudder and went down to defeat here last night by the score of 3 to 2. The Lawrence team, with Duggan rushing, put it all over their rivals and only for the remarkable work of Purcell at goal the score would have been much larger. Buckley, a Lowell amateur, appeared in the Lowell lineup in place of Harkins.

Slater scored first for Lawrence soon after half time had been reached in the first period. Williams evaded up for Lowell but Slater caged the ball again in brief time and put the home club into the lead. From that time on Lawrence caged the ball at will with Slater the medium three times in the second and third periods. Each team was credited with a goal by accident. Purcell and Jean shooting the ball into their respective cages. Lawrence carried the ball up the floor with ease, while Lowell was lost without the services of Harkins, although Buckley put up a fair exhibition considering his lack of experience. The Lawrence defense played its usual strong game while the home club's rushes carried the ball to their opponent's goal throughout the game. Purcell was the hero, but he performed like a veteran as is shown by the 60 stops he made. The game lacked the roughness which has characterized the last few games between the teams and Referee Graham had an easy night, calling but one foul on each team. Cusick and Hardy were the offenders. Duggan went to the spot faster than Williams and secured nine of the 12 rushes.

In an amateur game the Dooles of this city defeated the Highland Daylights of Lowell by the score of 5 to 2. The lineup and summary:

LAWRENCE		LOWELL	
Duggan Jr	1r	Williams	1r
Slater 1r	2r	Buckley	2r
Jean c	3r	Griffith	3r
Hardy hb	4r	Cusick	4r
Blount f	5r	Purcell	5r

Cased by: Won by Time  
Slater, Lawrence 8.09  
Williams, Lowell 4.08  
Slater, Lawrence 1.48

(Second Period)  
Duggan, Lawrence 1.00  
Accident, Lawrence 11.01  
Slater, Lawrence 3.16

(Third Period)  
Slater, Lawrence 2.32  
Accident, Lowell 2.25  
Slater, Lawrence 2.25  
Duggan, Lawrence 1.32

Score: Lawrence 8, Lowell 2. Rushes: Duggan 5, Williams 3, Stops: Purcell 27, Blount 27, Foul: Cusick and Hardy. Referee: Graham. Timer: Peters.

## POLO NOTES

The scrappy Lewiston team will meet Lowell at the Rollaway rink tonight.

The Lewiston team, which led the league for several weeks, and was knocked out of the first rung, when two members were forced out of the game by injuries, has regained its old-time form with the return of the regulars to the lineup. "Duke" Dufresne, captain of the Muckmen, is one of the most aggressive men in the league. He is full of "pep," and as an obstructionist has few superiors. He plays the game for all it's worth, and as a result has suffered two painful injuries during the season. First he was laid up with a broken nose and shortly after returning to the game, he suffered a broken hand. Now he is on the mend, and it is expected that he will be with the team tonight.

A large crowd of Lowell rooters took in the game at Lawrence last night.

On next Friday night Portland, with Cameron back in the lineup will play in Lowell.

## ZBYSZKO AND LEWIS IN "RUBBER" MATCH

**NEW YORK, March 18.**—Wladek Zbyszko and "Strangler" Ed Lewis, each of whom has scored a victory over the other, will meet again here tonight in a catch-as-catch-can wrestling contest at Madison Square Garden. Nothing but the struggle hold will be barred and one fall will decide the winner. The match will be limited to two hours, and the referee, in case no fall is scored, will give a decision on points.

## SERGT. HANDS CONVALESCENT

Serget Howard Hands of Beacon st., who is located at Washington, D. C., where he has been confined to a hospital for the past few weeks suffering from cerebral spinal meningitis, is recovering rapidly and he expects to come to Lowell on a week's furlough in a couple of weeks.

The glad news of the young man's recovery was received yesterday by his mother, in a letter written by the young sergeant. The young officer also states that he was visited by Congressman Rogers during his illness, while Mrs. Rogers calls on him two or three times a week and brings him flowers and fruit.

Now that the 1918 season of the high school track season has passed into history, it is interesting to review the efforts of the local men in comparison with those of their opponents and see just what they have done.

Lowell last the first three meets of the season and won the second three. The results of the various meets are as follows:

Lowell	28 1/2	Wakefield	34 1/2
Lowell	23	Alumna	58
Lowell	31	M. L. T.	46
Lowell	43 1/2	Boston Col.	35 1/2
Lowell	36 1/2	St. John's	24 1-3
Lowell	41	Newburypt	22

Lowell's 225-2-3 Opponents, 220 1-3. Lowell has shown up strongest in the high jump where Capt. Warren Mansur has romped home with first place in the entire six meets. The 300 was Lowell's second strong point where five first places out of a possible six were captured. Lowell won the relay race in four of the five meets. The 30-yard dash and the 1000-yard run each netted Coach Haggerty's boys three first places. The 600 brought two, the 800, hurdles and shot put one apiece.

In the matter of individual work during the season Capt. Mansur is head and shoulders over his men with a total of 76 points piled up as a result of his personal efforts. Markham is next with 16 points. The table in detail is as follows:

	Points
Mansur	76
Markham	16
Hedlund	15
Quill	13
Guthrie	11
Mullane	11
Keith	10
Hart	9
Stevenson	9
Baron	5
McNally	5
Barber	3
Sullivan	3
Vandenberg	1
Palmgren	1
Sheldon	1
Saunders	1

## BOXING CARNIVAL

### Lowell Boy Fails to Appear to Defend His Title

**BOSTON, March 18.**—The annual boxing carnival of the New England Amateur Athletic union here last night was enlivened by the work of boxers from the nearby naval stations. More than 25 bouts were held to decide the champions in each of the seven classes. During the preliminaries there were two knockouts.

Billy Rush, Boston navy yard, took high honors, winning the 157 and 170-pound titles. Tommy Fall of Lowell, the 165-pound champion, failed to appear to defend his title. The proceeds of the carnival went to the army and navy athletic equipment committee.

The first six class follow:  
115-pound class—Bob Joseph, Boston, defeated Danny Kramer, Boston (three rounds).

155-pound class—Billy Rush, Boston navy yard, defeated Dan McCormick, Boston (three rounds).

165-pound class—Joe Willis, Chelsea, defeated Gil Starble, Everett (three rounds).

175-pound class—Charles Parker, Boston, defeated Jerry Healy, Boston navy yard (one round).

185-pound class—Joe Melanson, Boston, defeated Joe Paugra, Weymouth (two rounds).

195-pound class—Al Lacy, Chelsea, defeated Larry Stead, Cambridge (three rounds).

205-pound class—Billy Rush, Boston navy yard, defeated Frank Mitchell, Boston (one round).

## POLO AVERAGES

### Higgins and Harkins Still Top Goal Getters

Higgins and Harkins continue at the top of the procession in the matter of goals, with 219 and 173, respectively, in the American Roller Polo League. Hart of Lewiston, and Thompson of Providence, follow.

Mulligan of Worcester, leads to the spot. Doherty continues the champion villain, with 26 fouls against his name. Blount leads the goles. The figures:

Rushes made by:  
Mulligan 333, Higgins 306, Red Williams 291, Lincoln 232, Duggan 226, Kehoe 213, Kid Williams 215, Oldham 205, O'Hearne 182, Mulvey 45, Jason 44, Reed 19, Lucey 9, Freedland 5, Harkins 4, Bob Hart 2, Daigault 2, Thompson 1.

Goals scored by:  
Higgins 219, Harkins 173, George Hart 151, Thompson 145, Kid Williams 138, Red Williams 106, Bob Hart 92, Mulligan 88, Duggan 86, Slater 77, Lincoln 76, Kehoe 74, Griffith 62, Long 53, O'Hearne 53, Jason 46, Alexander 42, Hardy 42, Dufresne 38, Jean 26, Mulvey 11, Mulvey 11, Farrell 19, O'Brien 8, Donnelly 8, Daigault 3, Morrison 7, Brown 5, Pinnell 3, Asquith 3, Pahey 1.

Fouls made by:  
Doherty 26, Donnelly 22, Hardy 13, Farrell 13, Morrison 13, Griffith 13, Mulvey 13, Cusick 11, Farrell 10, Duff 7, O'Brien 6, Cameron 5, Blount 5, Jean 5, O'Hearne 5, Duggan 4, Mulligan 4, Alexander, Slater, 3 each; Oldham, Mulvey, Ryan, Long, Brown, 2 each; Jason, O'Brien, Higgins, Lincoln, Pinnell, and Mulvey, 1 each.

Goal tenders' averages:  
Blount ..... 28.51  
Pence ..... 31.43  
Malloy ..... 32.19  
Purcell ..... 41.11  
Mulligan ..... 30.51  
Allard ..... 24.93  
Mulligan ..... 32.4  
Cusick ..... 28.1

Stopped Missed P.C.  
Blount ..... 28.51 250 92.0  
Pence ..... 31.43 235 91.4  
Malloy ..... 32.19 294 90.9  
Purcell ..... 41.11 412 90.3  
Mulligan ..... 24.93 125 85.0  
Allard ..... 32.4 333 85.0  
Cusick ..... 28.1 124 82.3

**NEW YORK, March 19.**—A comprehensive plan for the promotion of two important divisions of its work, that devoted to combating German propaganda throughout the country, and that designed to awaken a more responsive American citizenship, has been announced by the National Security League. It is based on the personal contact idea, which the league declares it has found much more effective than printed propaganda.

Under the direction of Dr. Robert M. McElroy, educational director of the Security League, under leave of absence from Princetown university, where he is head of the department of history and politics, the league has organized what it terms a "National Patriotic Education Faculty." This faculty is composed of prominent educators who are familiar with the development of German propaganda in this country and are schooled in the science of government and politics. These men are to carry into every nook and corner of the country the message of the true meanings of the war and the necessity of individual service on the part of every citizen to overcome the menace of defeat.

**Already in Field**  
The Security League has already obtained the release on full pay for this work of seven men from important colleges and universities. Five of these are already in the field.

Dr. Franklin H. Giddings, of Columbia university, in the south.  
Dr. W. E. Munro of Harvard, in California.

Dr. W. H. Schofield, of Harvard, in the northwest.  
Dr. C. H. Van Tyne, of the University of Michigan, in the middle west.

Dr. Walter P. Hall, of Princeton, in Washington and Oregon.  
On April 1 two additional members of the "National Patriotic Education Faculty" will take the field—

Dr. M. F. Libby, of the University of Colorado, in the Rocky Mountains states.  
Dr. E. D. Adams, of Leland Stanford University, in New England.

Further additions to the faculty are now in progress of negotiation, and in the next few weeks the Security League will have at least a dozen of these important educators operating in various parts of the country.

To assist Dr. McElroy in conducting this special campaign the Security League has also obtained the release on leave of absence from the board of education of Passaic, N. J., of Miss Etta V. Leighton, the well-known vocational teacher. She is at the headquarters of the league in this city, acting as civic secretary.

## Organization Campaign

In addition to this "National Patriotic Education Faculty," the Security League is also about to launch a nationwide organization campaign by means of a corps of field secretaries, who will cover the country through branches of the league. The league already has 281 branches scattered in practically every state in the Union, but the almost universal response which has been forthcoming as a result of its anti-secession and "Wake Up, America!" efforts has led its officers to believe that the time is now ripe for an extensive membership drive.

Two of these field secretaries are already out—Joseph T. Cashman, who took an important part as counsel for the state in the administration for the draft in New York city, and Edward A. O'Brien, of Passaic, N. J. The former is working in the more west and the latter in Pennsylvania and New Jersey. Other men will be sent out from league headquarters in a few days. They will work under the direction of Henry L. West, executive secretary of the league.

**How Plan Works**  
Dr. McElroy, in discussing the operation of the "National Patriotic Education Faculty" today, said:

"The plan for the use of these professors is to divide the territory of the United States into as many general divisions as there are professors released for this work. To each one of these divisions the National Security League sends three or four hundred letters addressed to the principal newspapers, principal educational officials, the governors, state councils of defense, the various unions, colleges and similar organizations informing them that a specially qualified man is to be sent into their district representing the National Security League; that he proposes to give his entire time to the work of interpreting the meaning of the war in co-operation with any patriotic organizations which desire his assistance or which make use of him as a public speaker.

"In every case where the representative has already arrived in his district he has been deluged with invitations, of which he has selected such as appear most important.

"For instance, Professor Hall upon entering Oregon was advised that the most important thing was to visit and study the great lumber camps whence spruce timber is being produced, and to get into contact with the L.W.W. propaganda by facing it among the laborers themselves. He has given a great deal of time to this work and reports satisfactory results. A letter from the Oregon Council of Defense declares Professor Hall is doing wonderful work in the big timber country.

**"Following Up"**  
"Each professor also leaves behind him permanent organizations in the shape of committees of loyal citizens who are willing to follow up his campaign, to distribute literature and to engage in a personal individual campaign with the people. The success of the propaganda depends very largely upon the degree of skill with which these individual follow-up campaigns are planned. We do not count so much upon public meetings for permanent results. These are interesting features, and give the spectacular feature. The real educational work must be done in each district by men and women who are willing to devote their time to the reaching of individuals.

"One item of particular importance is the effort which we make in every district to reach the educational machinery and to start it systematically to work, placing in the hands of the superintendent and teachers, and through them of students of all ages, the simple fundamental elementary ideas which will make them real Americans.

"The campaign is planned upon the belief that the name 'American' while implying no particular religious creed, color or place of birth, does not necessarily imply certain definite political convictions. If we can get these ideas firmly implanted in the minds of the teachers in each district and get these teachers filled with the idea that an important part of their mission in life is to see that these ideas are firmly implanted in the minds of all of their children, we shall accomplish a work which will tell in the future in the creation of a patriotism based upon



Sampeck Clothes  
The Standard of America

Open Friday Nights

# YOUR BOY'S EASTER SUIT

If your boy is to have a new Suit for Easter select a

## Sampeck Model

THIS WEEK

SAMPECK CLOTHES are sold in Lowell only at the Merrimack. They are dependable this year as usual for quality, style and service.

SAMPECK SPRING SUITS AT

\$10, \$12, \$15

Merrimack Boys' Dept.

TAKES THE LEAD AGAIN!

We Are Lowell's Headquarters For

"Dubblebilt" Suits For Boys

A Suit guaranteed for six months and yet the price is but

\$8.75

Just think—A Suit for boys with double seat, knees and elbows, pocket double sewn and double locked, each wear seam reinforced, made from cravenette cloth, in the very newest patterns. In these thrifty suits this should be of vital interest to every mother.

## REMEMBER

A six-month guarantee, to repair free of charge any rip, hole or tear that shows itself, goes with every suit.

MERRIMACK CLOTHING COMPANY

Across From City Hall

unity of ideas and ideals throughout this country.

"Common To All"  
"If we are to be a nation we must have some things which are common to us all, irrespective of local or party history. The process of Americanization is needed, not only for Americans of foreign birth, but in many instances for Americans of American birth who have not been made completely to realize that America is a unity in so far as every citizen is loyal to certain specific ideals and beliefs.

"Our faith in the success of this campaign is the faith that it is possible to make even 100,000,000 people think fundamentally alike upon these elementary issues in dispute between this country and Prussianized Germany. A German may become an American, a Prussian may become an American, if he can be convinced that the fundamental ideas which are the basis of Prussianism are wrong, and that the corresponding fundamental ideas which are the basis of the American national are right, and if

he can be induced to give them his allegiance."

**WATCH OUT FOR GERMAN SPY**

Max Cook, a St. Louis newspaper man who is authority on German spies in America and who captured the "Master Spy" Armand Karl Graves, is writing a series of spy stories for the Sun, the first of which is appearing.

Is your neighbor a German spy?  
Mr. Munition Maker! Is the youthful debaucher who audaciously held a tete-a-tete with you at last night's dinner dance while your wife was not looking—a German spy?

Mr. Club Man! Is the head waiter in your favorite club, who hangs over you perpetually, filling your every want instantaneously, a German spy?

"Ridiculous! Of course not!" you say.

Take a glance at the records of the German spies already captured in the United States, then look back over your own actions since war was declared between this country and Germany, and ask yourself if you have said anything in public that—heard by a spy—might give "aid and comfort" to the enemy.

Do you know all about your neighbor? Do you know all about that head waiter who cannot possibly be there to gather just such and such information that a munition maker and club man might accidentally drop in conversation?

Ridiculous?  
A prominent secret service operative says there are 250,000 German spies in the United States!

He says that 25 per cent of this quarter million Hohenzollern intelligence agents are women—some of them exceedingly beautiful, all of them with large ovaries.

With service of the Kaiser first at heart; using their utmost wit, nerve and wiles to do damage to your brother, son or father "over there" and yourself, your neighbors and your country over here.

The consensus of opinion among secret service men who are on the job is that 50 per cent of this marvelous spy organization are naturalized American citizens!

**What Is a German Spy?**  
A secret service man who has been at work on the German spy system in this country for months was asked the questions:

"What is a German spy? What does he—or she—look like? How can you tell a German spy from an ordinary person?"

"You cannot," he answered, "unless you make it a business, study them and keep continually after them. Most of them are clever, but this very cleverness is what gives them away."

A person asked and got permission to go through a munition plant where large sheets of rubber are manufactured, to "see how the thing was

done," so he could tell his family and congregation. The guard who conducted him was a United States secret service man. The two came to a machine from which rolled large sheets of rubber.

"May I have a piece of that sheet rubber. I would like to take it home as a souvenir," said the person.

"Certainly," said the secret service man, as he reached for his pocket knife.

By the time the secret service man had opened his knife blade, however, the person had opened his own and was drawing the blade rapidly between his lips, wetting it.

Placing his hand on the person's shoulder, the secret service man calmly said:

"I'm going to take a chance and arrest you. You claim to be a minister. It is hardly probable that a minister would know that you have to wet the blade of a knife before you can cut rubber!"

An investigation revealed the person was an enemy alien, and he was interned.

**Classifying the Spies**  
The German spies in the United States can be divided into six classes, and these classes sub-divided into as many more apiece.

First, there is the military spy, who obtains important military secrets of great value to his country. In this class will be found the brains of the German spy system, for the work is the most difficult and dangerous. Capture means certain death. With this class is the political spy, who "fixes" or attempts to fix persons attached to the most important offices in the nation, thus establishing "leaks" on information. Among the operatives of this class are business and professional men with large local followings, also the real operatives, determine sort out the intelligence, determine its value and regulate the further course of action by other branches of the spy system accordingly.

The second class of German spies are the destructionists, men and women, whose sole duty is to realize by fire and destructive scientific methods of the system which the other members of the system are unable to attain.

With enemy aliens running practically undisturbed, these agents have achieved a series of German victories by destruction of food-stuffs and war material. Included in this class are the bomb throwers, dynamiters, "terehes," workmen who put defects in munitions they are assisting to manufacture, men and women who put glass in foods, train wreckers, and the clerk who purposely routes a train of fire and destructive routes to the utmost speed is necessary to serve our army across the sea. Often the clerk who does this notifies the German spy system of the route and time of passing of the munition train.

The third class is composed of industrial disorganizers or organizers of industrial unrest. Their chief business is to foment strikes and other disorders, to assist in delaying production, to hamper methods of distribution and confuse and paralyze industries wherever possible. A hundred of these operatives can do more damage than an army corps.

The fourth class consists of the

disease spreaders. Their diabolical work already has resulted in untold damage. Included in this class are the spreaders of germs, fake doctors and poison users. From peddling poison court plasters to the farmers in Kansas and the distribution of germs of foot-and-mouth disease throughout the central west, to the spreading of spinal meningitis germs, is but one small step compared to some of the German disease carriers are taking.

The fifth class is the well-known propagandist. The pro-German propagandists work has been felt, undoubtedly, by every man, woman and child in the United States. He is a financier, an organizer, a "dyed-in-the-wool" patriot, sometimes; a molder of public opinion, and one of the most cowardly and underhanded personages in the entire German spy system. This man—poises as a patriotic American citizen, then does everything in his power to poison the minds of the community, to embarrass the United States army, navy and administration, the Red Cross, the Y.M.C.A., and every organization engaged in winning the war. The propagandist is a snake, hidden in the grass of patriotism, faithful of daylight, but using its fangs freely in the darkness. Probably every citizen has heard, somewhere, the story of the woman who sewed a \$5 bill in a sweater she had knitted for the Red Cross, and found her sweater open at a store, whereupon she ripped the sweater open and found her \$5 bill. This story was believed by thousands, many of whom stopped knitting for the Red Cross on the strength of it. It was proved to be "pure bunk."

The sixth class of German spies is also a community man or woman. He is the man who organizes societies to combat war moves and counsels his movements by claiming he is a peace lover.

The average citizen would be shocked and surprised to know what a large percentage of the valuable information Germany acquires through her intelligence system is obtained through the careless talking of this nation's own people.

And they would be slightly awed greatly—provoked, if they realized how much of this information "leaked" through butlers, maids, housekeepers and janitors right in their own homes, clubs and apartments.

Is your neighbor a spy? Will it do any harm to watch him closely if he is not?

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# THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN-BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

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## BLOCKING CHARTER REFORM

Certain city hall officials, it is alleged, have begun to block the movement for charter reform. Their scheme is to get in a petition in favor of Plan B ahead of the petition favoring Plan A, as only one complete petition can be considered in the same year.

The people behind the Plan C petition have deliberately adopted this method of defeating charter reform and hence every voter who signs it is, therefore, made a party, unconsciously though it be, to the conspiracy.

Plan B would give us a city council of fifteen members, nine of whom would represent the wards and six would be elected at large. The pay of these fifteen members would be \$500 each, making a total of \$7,500, which with the mayor's salary of \$3,000 makes the total \$10,500 or \$2,500 less per annum than is paid to the present commission.

It is true that Plan B gives the council the power to fix the mayor's salary as high as \$5,000; but it is not expected that any council so constituted would favor an increase over the present figure of \$3,000, at least for some years to come.

Although under Plan B the mayor is saddled with great responsibility and great power, yet in all probability there would be no cause for a change in his salary for many years.

In a council of fifteen there would be a majority to stand out for the interests of the city with more business sagacity than would any three men from a commission of five such as we have been electing.

Plan C is but slightly different from the present form and where they differ, the latter is preferable. Thus, for example, the mayor presides at the meetings of the council and also has the school board but has no veto power. Each commissioner could select the heads of his own departments and if dishonest could thus choose his own tools. As to salary Plan C would limit the mayor's salary to \$3,000 and that of each of the commissioners to \$4,000. These figures would not secure the election of better men. Anybody who signs the Plan C petition signifies his endorsement of the entire plan.

One great fault of the present charter is, that the officials chosen under it can use the resources of the city to perpetrate themselves in office and thus become political fixtures to the exclusion of other worthy men who would give better service for nothing if given the opportunity.

## HOW TO HELP WIN THE WAR

Some people complain at the slightest inconvenience from lack of sugar, from having to eat war bread or use the substitutes. But that is not patriotic. We are in the war and we are only just beginning to feel its effects. There is a long struggle ahead in which we shall have to make sacrifices of which we have not as yet dreamed.

Therefore it is not well to raise a howl over little things. If we do that what shall happen us when the real strain comes?

Some are disposed to blame Hoover, but Mr. Hoover is doing the best he can to help the American people and the allies to win the war. There may be things that are wrong, that look unfair and undoubtedly they are, but in time they are sure to be righted.

Men battle for those things they have sought peacefully. Peaceful methods failing, they take into their hands the brand of war, they burn and kill rather than forego that which they have set their hearts upon.

Now if men realize that in robbing another they but rob themselves—as the house fails which divides itself—the road would be open for a human conduct based upon a really adequate method of life.

America it is who has been granted some inkling of this realization. Dissemination of this knowledge is the supreme propaganda, the responsibility for the carrying on of which, unless we are to sink back into ignorance, we cannot escape.

And if we keep our minds free from estimations of the possibility of personal loss, if we tie wholeheartedly to the thought that the things we seek at Armageddon are not for ourselves, but only a sharing of our own with others, no reverse shall discourage us.

But if we rate the material loss that may proceed to us out of the issues of battle, we shall write fear into our souls and each reverse shall dishearten us and each new difficulty shall leave us less muscular. Fear, fear for self, is our only real enemy.

It is one of the things we must drive out if we mean to win the war and win it in the shortest possible time.

## THE PLANTING SEASON

The time is now at hand to begin the spring drive for more crops than ever before and for more productive home gardens.

The experience of last year has given thousands of people a valuable insight to farm gardening and for that reason the gardens this year will be much better than last.

There is a ban on flour without substitutes that cost more than flour and it is now within the power of most families to raise all they need of the fine, juicy vegetables such as cucumbers, parsnips, radishes, lettuce, celery, peas, beans, tomatoes and squashes. Anything raised in the home garden will be eaten with more polish than if

platform with the people of Nevada.

Speaking of her platform she said: "Concretely there are among others four problems which I have long studied in Nevada and through which I believe I could at this time serve my state and nation.

"They are the development of the land in the interests of the people, the conservation of water, the elimination of the long established railway discrimination against Nevada in freight rates, and protection by federal agencies of seasonal farm labor and its transfer from region to region in the interest of both the farmer and the laborer."

Miss Martin is first of all for woman suffrage and she hopes to get into the senate that she may there aid in passing the Anthony amendment which has already passed the house.

## WAR SAVING STAMPS

The sale of war saving and thrift stamps is progressing rapidly in this city. It is not yet known just what the total sales amount to but Lowell is doing good work. The per capita allotment for the Union is \$20 for each man, woman and child. It will require some very sincere work to reach that high figure but it must be done. Some will not be able to buy so much, but the deficiency must be made up by those who have the means. This is

## BEAUTIFUL HAIR THICK, WAVY, FREE FROM DANDRUFF

Draw a Moist Cloth Through Hair and Double Its Beauty at Once.

Save Your Hair! Dandruff Disappears and Hair Stops Coming Out.

Immediate?—Yes! Certain?—That's the joy of it. Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after an application of Danderrine. Also try this: moisten a cloth with a little Danderrine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt or excessive oil, and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair. A delightful surprise awaits those whose hair has been neglected or is scraggy, faded, dry, brittle or thin. Danderrine dissolves every particle of dandruff, cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair growing all over the scalp.

Danderrine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating, stimulating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.

You can surely have pretty, charming, lustrous hair, and lots of it, if you will spend a few cents for a bottle of Danderrine from any drug store or toilet counter and try it as directed.

usually the case. There never was a time when the men of wealth in this country were more generous or more responsive to the appeals of the government.

## FEAR ENGLISH INVASION

Sir Auckland Geddes is fearful lest Germany attempts to strike at the heart of England by invasion across the channel. If England with her fleet permits such a thing she alone will be to blame. Mr. Geddes thinks that by the peculiar massing of men on the western front Germany contemplates an invasion of Britain. Rather does she contemplate a drive on to Paris. The army that would invade Britain would have a slight chance of ever returning.

## SEEN AND HEARD

We could be jailed for what we think of coughs and colds.

A Tyngsboro woman informed us yesterday that she had seen a robin near her well appointed country house. Is this the first robin?

One little ray of sunshine That comes to us today, We're marching on to April, Scarce half a month away.

## Mistaken Identity

Prof. William Howard Taft was in New York recently, and in the course of his short stay took an automobile ride along Riverside drive. At Ninetieth street a young woman five years old saw the big touring car coming swiftly down the drive. After one long look at the big person in the rear seat she jerked the nurse's apron and screamed with delight.

"Alice! Alice!" cried the nurse, excitedly, "what is it?"

"Patty Arbuckle's grown a mustache like papa's!"—Argonaut.

## Spring Poem

I'm tired of fretting and freezing, Buying coal by the bag at the store I'm tired of coughing and sneezing, I don't want to cough any more. I'm tired of shoveling the sidewalk, I'm tired of snow-meat and mush, I'm tired of slipping and sliding, And I'm tired of sleeping through slush.

I'm tired of stoking the furnace, Just to see the furnace fire go out, I'm tired of sifting the ashes, In a word that is far from devout, I'll be glad when I see the first robin, I'll be glad when I hear the first bird, I'll be glad when all winter it's summer.

And I'm glad now—so glad—that it's spring! —Somerville Journal.

## Tracking Down Quarter-Ton

His wife had been broken in on the sugar card habit for some time, but he was just being initiated into the brand new sport of putting salt on the tail of the elusive offspring of the coal barons. It wasn't until the stock in his cellar had dwindled to fragile proportions, and he was sweeping up the precious black dust with a whisk broom and feeding it to his furnace by the spoonful, that he screwed up his courage and made a pilgrimage to the chamber of commerce rooms to humbly apply for a coal card. The attractive young woman who helped him out in making affidavit to a state of destitution was sympathetic and not too searching in probing into his misfortune and past history, and she did not require him to hold up his right hand and take oath to the fact that he hadn't any feloniously hidden hoard of coal in the ice chest or under the bed in the spare room. It was made as painless as possible for him, yet he couldn't entirely throw off a sensation such as he fancied he might have were he applying to the overseers of the poor to help out a helping hand. Having got the bait he next proceeded, this

### Children Cry for Fletcher's

# CASTORIA

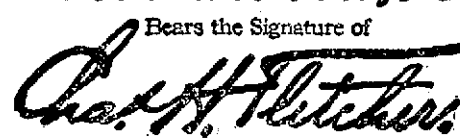
The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of



In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTRAL COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

time with less reluctance and dawning confidence, to set his trap for one of those quarter-tons he had read in the paper were prowling into town. He began by enlisting the co-operation of the telephone. Always before when he had gone coal hunting the handy phone had responded with alacrity and it had taken no time at all to round up a ton or two of the game. This time it was different—sadly and shockingly different. It didn't gratefully respond with "Thank you for the order. Will tomorrow be time enough?" It cussed him and rather wearily retorted: "Bring down your card and the cash. If we have any and you get here before it is all gone you can have some."

So the citizen, properly meek and subdued and realizing as never before what a distressful thing war is, ambled to a coal office, stood in line until his turn came, presented his card with due humility, bought and paid for a ration of coal of the sort he did want, and went back to his customary occupation in what he tried to convince himself was a gratefully reconciled state of mind.—Brooklyn Enterprise.

## This Summer

"One swallow makes not a summer" goes the ancient proverb, and a bushel billion of the songsters and their cousins won't make the coming straw hat season seem like the summers of yore. With all the young buckaroos called into the game of Hush the Hun, this summer's going to seem like a saddle but no horse. This summer spell will be a blank domino for the fair damsels. The beaches and dance pavilions will be running on that tires with almost all the male cylinders missing. The maids will have to be content and splash in the surf and bask on the sands with a clothing store dummy, or glide a fox-trot with a scarecrow. On balmy evenings the girls will have to carry on their mild flirtations with the ready-made-suit Apollos of the signboards, and take themselves to the corner drug store to treat themselves to a chocolate nut sundae. The parks at night will be emptier than a bass drum and the birds will con-

serve their sleep to hold and roost on the benches—So, blame everything on Kaiser Wilhelm! maidens, even to the mosquito bites.

**Inventions**  
Nearly everybody Has a pet Invention. People Get talking about Wonderful inventions And they always Wind up with, "The simple invention I call it. Look! The money that's Been made on The darndest, simplest Thing I ever And you could a Thought of easy!" etc. Then they all Get thinking of something useful And simple to Invent. And They always turn Out like the one I've Got. It's a jive And it would Bring in all kinds of money. Some guy went And thought of The same thing 15 years ago.

## MEN OF DIVISION TWO PHYSICALLY

**CERTIFIED BY EXEMPTION**

## BOARD

The following 46 men of Division 2 have been physically certified by the exemption board for military service:

Emile Soucier, 435 Market  
Miss Grace L. Thompson, 31  
George Demers, Gloucester  
Louis S. Maher, 203 Fletcher  
Armand Loring, 14 Lawton  
Leo B. Blythe, 40  
Emil Roedel, 622 Middlesex  
Michael J. Rayball, 5 Walker  
John Spallacy, 85 Andover  
Maurice H. Hodgdon, 42 South Walker  
William E. Donohoe, 33 Dutton  
Thomas F. Reardon, 43 Alarion  
Edward F. Martin, 9 Coburn  
Adelard J. Lambert, 950 Middlesex  
Austin R. Morrill, Meredith, N. H.  
Harlow P. Jones, 19 Grand  
Christopher Theodore, 235 Worthen  
Donald W. Erdis, 340 Liberty  
Alfred Forbes, 543 Moody  
Claudio Sutton, 11 Bradford  
Elmer E. Austin, 38  
Leo Gervais, 226 Fletcher  
Philip Colesant, 9 Westford  
Dennis M. Ward, 43 Court  
William E. Donohoe, 33 Dutton  
Thomas W. Hall, 10 Corner  
Ralph N. Fiorillo, 26 East Pine  
Arthur Berard, 8 Middlesex  
Patrick McInerney, 45 Broadway  
Arthur Grevel, 40 Howard  
William Hanley, 44 Rock  
Cosias Koukouras, Houston, Tex.  
George Trudd, 55 Liberty  
Alcide Brulotte, Westbrooke, Me.  
James Scudino, 44 Franklin  
Joseph R. Monetta, 115 Prince  
Francis J. McCusker, 655 Gorham  
Maurice Tucker, 62 Lane  
Joseph H. Maguire, 49 Grand  
J. L. Gervais, 226 Fletcher  
Demetrius Katts, 69 Prince  
Carl M. Plummer, 672 School  
Francis Damm, 32 Royal  
Harlow P. Jones, 19 Grand  
Silas W. Pierce, 52 Princeton  
Joseph W. Farwell, 253 Broadway  
Edward A. McEvoy, 3 Somerset  
Dennis H. Martin, 22 Adams  
Philip Dugan, 42 Worthen  
Arthur Aubut, 111 Worthen  
James J. Dowling, 4 Grove  
James T. Cusick, 15 Manahan  
Arthur E. Jacques, 356 Appleton.

## TREASURER OF LOWELL TERMINAL

**COAL CO. DIES SUDDENLY**

## IN LAWRENCE

Charles C. Allen, aged 55 years, general manager of the eastern department of the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Co. and treasurer of the Lowell Terminal Coal company, whose home is in Brookline, died suddenly on Sunday afternoon while presiding over a dinner party at Libby hall, Lawrence, the cause of death being heart disease.

Mr. Allen was born in Teanmister, but went to live in Newton with his parents when a child. He attended the Newton schools, graduating from the high school there and later entered the office of Bangs & Horton, agents of the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Co., and he worked himself up from stenographer to general manager.

Deceased, who conducted an office at 143 Milk street, Boston, was twice married, his first wife having been Corinne O'Neal, who died 18 years ago. He leaves two daughters, Mrs. Thomas McKellar of Alston, whose husband is in the British army, and Mrs. Corinne Cherry of Calgary.

## BRICKLAYERS' UNION

A special meeting of the Bricklayers' union was held yesterday for the purpose of receiving a report from the committee appointed to confer with the two local contractors with whom the union has grievances.

Members of the union who are employed by William Drapeau on the construction of the Bartlett school addition and by Daniel H. Walker on private jobs left their work a week or two ago after being refused an increase in wages of 10 cents an hour, and a few days ago a committee was appointed to confer with the contractors. The committee reported yesterday that the contractors were willing to grant the increase after the men had worked 88 hours or two full weeks. There was no action taken by the union and the men are still on strike. In the course of the meeting



Some Very Stunning

# Spring Neckwear

goes into the cases today—quite new colorings in figures and stripes—very full shape broad end four-in-hands.

These scarfs are uncommonly well made with satin lined slip easy bands—and the price is....65c

Batwing Ties—these promise to be exceedingly good this season. The collection is a fine one—solid colors and small self figures that give a trim, smart Spring effect.....50c

## Putnam & Son Co.

166 Central Street.

action was taken on the death of a member, William F. Brown, who died Sunday at the Naval hospital in Boston.

## BIRTHDAY ANNIVERSARY

Henry L. Wadsworth celebrated the 19th anniversary of his birth at the home of his parents, 698 School street last night. About 40 of his friends were present and the evening was spent in an enjoyable manner. He was the recipient of many beautiful and appropriate gifts. Games were enjoyed and a musical and literary program was carried out during the evening. Songs were rendered by Miss Grace L. Thompson, Mr. Alice Hardy, Fred E. Turner, Mrs. Minnie Tyler, the Misses Etta and Mary Shepard and Charles Donahue, and readings by Fred Thompson. Refreshments were served by Mrs. Grace Wadsworth, assisted by Miss Belle Williston, Mrs. Violet Hunt and the Misses Gladys and Myrtle Wadsworth.

If you want to reach the people who spend their money in Lowell, advertise in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

## NERVOUSNESS ON THE DECLINE

Doctors Encouraged, They Hold Out Hope for All

"Nothing wrong but my nerves." We hear it at home, at work and everywhere. Certainly, nervousness is a disease. A man or woman might better have a broken leg than a shattered, run-down nervous system. Overwork and worry drain the nerve cells and centers of all their strength and vitality, then you get your sleepless nights, poor blood, nervousness, worry and fear that goes with a worn-out, broken-down nervous system. The better doctors of today know just what to do in cases of this kind. They know that a few weeks' use of Phosphated Iron rarely fails to strengthen, stimulate and feed the Phosphate-hungry nerve centers.

Phosphated Iron certainly does take hold. The way the majority of patients came back is remarkable. You can almost see their nerves grow steady, strong and peaceful.

What a change in appearance, too. The cheeks become filled out and flushed with the healthy ruddy glow that only pure, real, ironized blood can give, eyes sparkle, their step has the spring and swing of youth and their whole system seems to be alive with energy and good spirits.

Mr. Nervous Man or Woman, Phosphated Iron will do all this for you if you will give it a chance. Do not drag around, all in and half dead, another day, when help is so near. Get busy! and be a live one once again.

To insure doctors and their patients getting the genuine Phosphated Iron we have put in capsules only, so do not allow dealers to give you pills or tablets. Insist on capsules.

—Prof. Howard, 159 Central St., Lowell Pharmacy, 632 Merrimack St., and leading druggists everywhere.

Gas Fixtures, Globes, Mantles, Etc.

## Welch Bros Co.

73 MIDDLE STREET

## How Rice and Coffee Hold Down the Price of Porterhouse!

**R**ICE, coffee, canned fruits and vegetables, peanut butter and packaged fish—why does Armour sell these foods? Soaps, oils, drugs, banjo strings, curled hair and fertilizer are logical for Armour to sell; for they are by-products of the meat business. But why should Armour handle so many food lines which have nothing to do with meats?

**T**HE answer, if you will but consider, is simple. It is a question of sales costs.

When Armour buys livestock from producers, the cost of its preparation for your use represents but one stage in making it ready for you. Getting it to you is fully as important. And that represents another cost.

## Selling Expense Reduced

**W**ITH the expense of factoring meat products reduced to the finest point that scientifically designed machinery and skill can bring it, the problem becomes one of getting these goods to you with the absolute minimum of charge.

To do this, Armour maintains some four hundred Branch Houses in the more important population centers, each in charge of a food expert and each with a corps of salesmen. Over these Branch House organizations, working much as a train dispatcher might, is the Home Office sending supplies here today, there tomorrow, somewhere else the next day—keeping the supply equalized throughout the country so there is no surplus or shortage, no glut one day, no prohibitive prices the next.

As a result, each salesman cannot be selling meat to his full capacity every day. But his salary must

go on. And were it not possible for him to profitably employ his surplus time, that portion of his wage which represents unused time would have to be added to the cost of your meat. For the number of salesmen cannot be cut; there are times when the full force is needed.

Hence, the fact that Armour does sell these additional food products, keeps down the cost of your chops, steaks and roasts.

## All Costs Kept Down

**B**UT the cost-reducing influence goes farther still. Just as selling fruits and vegetables keeps down the cost of meats, so does selling the two together keep down the cost of the fruits and vegetables. And, thereby, Armour can sell the highest quality at ordinary prices.

Moreover, because a test of one proves the quality of all these products offered under a single mark—the famous Oval Label—they sell almost automatically for the dealer and permit him to hold his prices down to fair figures.

Thus, when you insist upon Armour Oval Label Products, you share in these economies—and make it possible to pay maximum prices to the producer and still keep prices lower to the consumer.



# ARMOUR AND COMPANY

CHICAGO

# MORE YANKEES DECORATED

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, March 18. (By the Associated Press.)—Citation of three more American soldiers, carrying with it the French war cross, was announced at American army headquarters today, while on the Lunerville sector six officers, six sergeants and two privates were receiving the war cross at an impressive ceremony just back of the fighting line.

The men decorated near Lunerville today were Col. Douglas MacArthur, Lieut. Col. Matthew A. Tinley, Council Bluffs, Iowa; Maj. William J. Donovan, Buffalo, N. Y.; Capt. Thomas H. Landy; Lieut. W. Arthur Cunningham, Detroit; Lieut. Oscar Buch, New York; Sergt. S. G. Russell, New York; Sergt. Abraham Blaustein, New York; Priv. Charles Jones, New York; Sergt. Wm. Moore, New York; Sergt. Daniel O'Connell, New York; Sergt. Carl Kahn, New York; Sergt. Wm. Halley, New York, and Private James Quickley, New York.

All the sergeants and privates assisted Maj. Donovan on March 7 and 8 in aiding a new unit in withdrawing a German bombardment. Lieut. Col. Tinley on March 5 directed the defense of the American line against an enemy infantry, aided by artillery.

Private A. A. Crawford, of Baltimore, Corp. Harry W. Fanning of Baltimore, and Private Bernard Black of Baltimore were the men cited today.

Private Crawford was killed while carrying despatches through a German barrage. His citation says that he was "an excellent soldier, courageous and devoted, and was killed in the trenches in the performance of his duty."

Corp. Fanning received his cross for the following act:

"During a heavy bombardment a bomb fell on a trench parapet. Corp. Fanning threw himself upon it and prevented it from falling into the trench, thus saving his comrades by his presence of mind and preventing a very grave accident."

Private Black pulled a lighted igniter which was about to fire a shell from a gun when an enemy shell struck the gun. "Thus," says the citation, "his courage and presence of mind prevented a mortal accident to his comrades."

## 50 HELD AFTER DISTURBANCE PLANNED BY I.W.W. AND PRO-GERMANS

BUTTE, Mont., March 19.—Fifty persons arrested here after a disturbance Sunday in connection with a St. Patrick's day celebration, were held to trial under bonds of \$10,000 each. This amount was fixed on orders from the federal government after bonds had been placed at \$50 in each case in which charges of disturbing the peace had been brought. Officials asserted the disturbance was planned by members of the I.W.W. and pro-German sympathizers.

# FINE FOR RHEUMATISM!

## Musterole Loosens Up Those Stiff Joints—Drives Out Pain

You'll know why thousands use Musterole once you experience the glad relief it gives.

Get a jar at once from the nearest drug store. It is a clean, white ointment, made with the oil of mustard. Better than a mustard plaster and does not blister. Brings ease and comfort while it is being rubbed on!

Musterole is recommended by many doctors and nurses. Millions of jars are used annually for bronchitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bitten feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia), 30c and 60c jars; hospital size \$2.50.



## TALBOT'S SANITARY FLUID

Heals, Cleanses and Disinfects

Pint, 15c; Qt. 25c

Talbot's Chemical Store  
40 MIDDLE ST.

# The Bon Marche

DRY GOODS CO.

## EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES ON WALL PAPERS

You Will Save Money by Taking Advantage of These Bargains

An Unlimited Variety of Patterns for the CHAMBER, PARLOR, HALLS AND DINING ROOM

WORTH UP TO 14c	WORTH UP TO 22c	WORTH UP TO 30c	WORTH UP TO 50c
9c ROLL	14c ROLL	19c ROLL	29c ROLL

Many of these patterns are brand new 1918 papers, just received; all are good, clean, desirable papers offered at a big saving to you at a time when you want wall paper.

Patterns shown with border sold only in combination.

# THE ROBERTSON CO.

## BABY CARRIAGES

### 1918 New Designs

Carriages  
**\$17 to \$35**

Strollers  
**\$5 to \$15**

HEYWOOD-WAKEFIELD, NEW HAVEN  
RATTAN COMPANY.

## KIDDY BASSINETS

White enameled, complete with woven wire springs **\$4.00**

PRESCOTT STREET, LOWELL

# TRY DEVICE TO MAKE SHIPS UNSINKABLE

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Immediate investigation of all ships now building, to see if they can be equipped with any of the devices submitted to make them unsinkable or torpedo proof, was ordered yesterday by Chairman Hurley of the shipping board, after receiving a confidential report from the navy department on the success that is being achieved in the protection of war vessels.

The board announced Saturday that the time had come when experiments should be made to obtain an unsinkable ship. Hudson Maxim's invention will be tried first, and three or four other devices, selected as likely to prove of value, will be tried as soon as they can be built.

Chairman Hurley gave the official attitude of the board when he said that they proposed to build ships with all modern improvements which could be obtained and would decline to overlook any chance that seemed to offer a success.

"If to ships are attacked and the devices save only two, then we gain that much," he said. "The devices we have under consideration will not delay production or lessen the ship's efficiency."

Details of the inventions are withheld under the voluntary censorship.

# BOYS' PUBLIC WORKING RESERVE

Although it was originally intended that Lowell boys would be enlisted in the United States Boys' Public Working Reserve should "sign up" at the local war work headquarters in Merrimack street, later instructions received from Boston indicated that all this work must be done through the high school and therefore, the scene of activities has shifted to the high school office.

Boys of 16 or over who would be willing to do farm work during the coming summer are wanted for this branch of service.

Principal Herbert D. Bixby of the high school said that boys would be enrolled at the school but that no active campaign would be waged right away. A prominent speaker conversant with the subject is scheduled to visit the school within a short time and explain the workings of the reserve system. After his visit the campaign will be set in full swing.

# GROUND GLASS

## Found In Buckwheat Flour and Chocolate Candy

NEW YORK, March 19.—Chemists of the national food administration have found ground glass, sand and silica in bread, buckwheat flour and chocolate candy submitted to them for analysis by the federal food board, according to an announcement made yesterday by Arthur Williams, federal

food administrator for New York city. Mr. Williams said that an investigation was started after reports were received of illness caused by eating the foodstuffs. Specimens, he said, were collected in this city, Mount Vernon, Hoboken, Newburgh and Kingston, N. Y.

Agents of the department of justice are seeking to fix responsibility for the presence of injurious matter in the foodstuffs.

Mr. Williams said that at present it was impossible to determine whether enemy plotters or some deranged person was responsible.

# FAVORS PUBLIC CONTROL OF BOSTON ELEVATED

BOSTON, March 19.—Mayor Peters came out flat-footedly yesterday in favor of public control of the Boston Elevated Railway company through the appointment of five trustees, as recommended by the public service commission. He also endorsed the service-at-cost idea and approved of the commission's plan to have the state take over the Cambridge subway in order to furnish capital for the company.

He appeared before the committee on metropolitan affairs and street railways yesterday and made it clear that, above all things, it was imperative that some sort of relief should be given the company under which it would be able to furnish better service for metropolitan Boston. He strongly denounced the present service as "intolerable."

The mayor was one of the last witnesses to appear before the two committees before they declared the hearings closed. Resident John E. Macy of the United Improvement association was addressing the committee when the mayor appeared, but gave way in order that Mayor Peters might be heard.

# MR. EDMOND TELLS STORY OF ASSAULT CASE AIRED IN POLICE COURT

William E. Grant was arraigned in police court yesterday on a complaint charging him with assault with a dangerous weapon. The complaint as read in the police court gave the name of Henri Edmond as complainant, and the latter called at The Sun office today to, as he said, straighten the matter out.

Was not the one he was after," said Mr. Edmond. "I do not want to be placed in a false position. Grant followed his wife into my home and aimed the gun at her. She came to my home for protection. My wife and son grabbed the gun and I grabbed Grant and held him until the arrival of the police. I do not want it to appear that he came to my house to shoot me and while my name appeared in the complaint, I was not really the complainant."

# ST. PATRICK'S DAY PARTY

A most delightful St. Patrick's day party was given Miss Ruth Patenaude at her home, 233 Walker street, on Saturday afternoon when about 50 of her little friends called to celebrate her 12th birthday anniversary. The house was prettily decorated with patriotic colors and one room was ornate in green and white. Games were played and the young lady received many beautiful gifts, among them a wrist watch. A luncheon was served and the party broke up at 6.30 with everybody wishing their youthful hostess many happy birthdays.

# AMUSEMENT NOTES

## KEITH'S THEATRE

When the big "G" flashes on either side of Keith's stage this week, it's a tip to sit up and await something worth while. After Mr. Gilmore and his orchestra associates play a few introductory bars of softly alluring music, the curtain rises up slowly-dramatically slowly—and there is revealed a scene whose prettiness and unusualness rival each other for the eventual applause that comes spontaneously and in southern seas. The waves are billowing against the side of the vessel and beyond is a four-masted ship with

# ECKMAN'S Calcerbs

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

A handy Calcium compound that safeguards against chronic lung and throat troubles. A tonic-restorative prepared without harmful or habit-forming drugs. Try them today.

50 cents a box, including war tax

For sale by all Druggists  
Eckman Laboratories, Philadelphia

Thrift Stamps  
Are Sold on the  
Street Floor

# Chalifoux's

CORNER

Save Food  
and Help Win  
the War

# DIFFERENT

## Is the One Word That Tells More About

# CHALIFOUX

# EASTER STYLES

## Than a Mile of Description

### The Great Campaign is On. Good Clothes For Easter.

FOR MEN, WOMEN, GIRLS, BOYS AND CHILDREN

## CHALIFOUX VALUE IS SUPREME

### SHOP EARLY FOR EASTER

# Onyx Sample Hosiery Sale

1200 Pairs Women's Onyx Hosiery  
VALUES UP TO 59c..... **33c**

1800 Pairs Women's Onyx Hosiery  
VALUES UP TO \$1.00..... **49c**

Some stores now sell the 59c grade for 69c but Chalifoux's regular price remains at 59c. This sale consists of Onyx Samples in Silk Lisle and Pure Fibre Silk. Light and medium weight, seamless or full fashioned, black, white, gray and tan.

**59c ONYX SAMPLES 33c**

## ONYX SAMPLE SALES

Are awaited with eagerness by discriminating women from Maine to California—one of the most popular and widely known sales in the world. We have 3000 pairs of Onyx Samples. In a few days they will be gone.

**75c ONYX SAMPLES 49c**

lights aglow. The liner quickly passes this, however, and there comes to view a lighthouse with its alternate glimmer and darkness. This, too, is passed and for a while all that one can see is a vast expanse of ocean. It is then that one's attention is turned to the deck itself. Here a good-looking young chap who later turns out to be the ship's wireless man, and an equally good-looking young lady, who turns out to be the wireless man's sweetheart, are expressing their mutual love in terms of a pretty song. This is the setting for the week's headliner, "Married by Wireless," presented by the Pollard Musical Comedy Co. Miss Queenie Williams and Freddie Garland provide the comedy element of the production and of the two we prefer Miss Williams. She is of the type of little-bodied, little young lady type who can't keep still. She was dancing about 85 per cent. of the time that she was on the stage last evening. And if the orchestra's music didn't fit her mood, she refused to pay any attention to it. Miss Williams is the stellar feature of an act of surprises.

Alexander MacFadyen is the typical classical pianist in appearance. Long-haired, dandy-bodied and most comely countenance, he makes one think of the cantonists' conceptions of Padreswick. But when Alexander begins to play, one no longer sees him, but is rather wrapped up entirely in what he is doing. The Lucian sextette with one hand, a Little Fantasia and a humorous and "Swanee River" at the same time—a few of the good things he offers.

James Mullen and Alan Coogan remind one very much of Kenney & Hollis. They affect feminisms in a droll manner, they try to sing and dance, they've got to see them to their good.

Glenn and Newell present a dancing and gymnastic act that introduces a lot of new things.

Hollinger and Reynolds have an excellent opener in their wire work and Laughlin and West in "Cafe Lonesome" are neat, witty and capable.

John Barrymore in "Raffles," the famous "Raffles" is the week's picture feature. Although the story of the play is more or less thoroughly known, it is of the type that one can see or hear over and over without tiring of it. Mr. Barrymore is the usual suave, intelligent and wholly likeable "Raffles." The surrounding cast and the photography are exceptionally good.

The Hearst-Pathe news pictures are as enjoyable as ever. Seats for the remaining performances of the week may be obtained in advance at the box office. Phone 28.

their praise and approval of the headliner on the bill, "Wanted—A Mother," one of the latest releases of Madge Evans, the handsome, clever and accomplished movie star, which is being presented under the auspices of the World Film Co. Miss Evans has already been seen in numerous difficult pieces, but in "Wanted—A Mother," she excels. The story upon which the play is founded is that of a little girl, the only daughter of a doctor, who suffers the loss of her mother, and finds the life of being brought under the care and scrutiny of others most annoying. Her desires for the loving care and kindness of mother-love causes her to seek out a new sphere in life and this leads to many unusual and surprising adventures. The play is interesting throughout and proves most enjoyable on account of its numerous scenic effects.

A close second to "Wanted—A Mother" is "Revenge," another interesting and pleasing melodrama, which is being interpreted by Miss Storey and a clever company of men and women. Miss Storey is inclined to athletics and in this production she is being given great opportunities to demonstrate her ability in this particular line. The scenes of the story are laid in a western mining town. Miss Storey, in the leading role, goes west to meet her fiancé, but when she arrives at her destination she finds that the young man has been

murdered and she swears to find the guilty person and make him pay the penalty of his deed. She undertakes the chase of the murderer and does not quit until she has accomplished her mission, although she is much handicapped by thrills and experiences that are worth seeing.

The most enjoyable part of the program, however, is the comedy entitled "The Painted Candy Kid," a laugh-producing playlet, which lasts 20 minutes. Billy West is the leading character in the comedy and the mention of his name to those who have seen him before, is sufficient to assure a laugh for every move. In addition to these three exceptionally good numbers there is also the Strand Revue of current events, which includes views of Uncle Sam's sailors and soldiers at work. Reproduced on the screen is also a view showing the survivors of the Tuscania passing in review in one of the cities of Ireland, while the new Ford tank is also shown to advantage.

The vocal selections this week are being given by Miss Margaret Millen Henry, a local favorite, who sings better than ever. The Strand Symphony orchestra also adds materially to the enjoyment of the bill with its pleasing orchestra numbers, while Conductor Arthur J. Martel gives a most delightful for every move. The bill will be presented for the last time tomorrow evening.

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Purest and best of warming stomachics. Good for weak stomachs, tired nerves and aching muscles. Helps prevent colds, chills and grip. Always healthful and helpful.

When purchasing look for the Owl Trade Mark on the wrapper and get a cheap, worthless or dangerous substitute. After years the standard of purity, flavor and strength. Sold by all druggists and grocers.



## SEC. BAKER TO CONSULT BRITISH PREMIER

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Although it has not been formally announced, it is admitted here that Secretary of War Baker will go to England after concluding his visit to France. He will make an inspection of the American forces in England and the training they are given.

At the same time Mr. Baker will have opportunities for conferences with Premier Lloyd George and other members of the British government, just as he has had in France with members of the French administration. These political conferences are by no means the least important part of his voyage abroad.

By that statement it is not meant that the secretary is in any way a special agent of the president to express views that the president holds on existing conditions. Knowing Mr. Wilson's mind as well as he does, and being so thoroughly a supporter of his international policies, the secretary will, of course, be able to answer intelligently such questions as may be asked as to the attitudes of the American government.

But his purpose, from a political standpoint, will be more receptive than expressive. He will listen and observe more than he will speak. His mission is well fitted for such a task. His mental processes are curiously similar to those of the president, between whom and himself a warm sympathy and understanding exists. In fact, many who know both men believe that the president, although he is careful to play no favorites, feels closer to his secretary of war than he does to any other member of his cabinet.

Knowing what the president wants to know, being familiar with these questions which the president regards as the most vital, Mr. Baker will be able to keep himself in information that will be of most value to his chief. The president is constantly seeking after information, but he likes to be sure that the source is reliable. When that is certain he squeezes the mind of his informant dry and then puts the knowledge to such use as he thinks proper. It has been noted that Mr. Wilson does not take advice easily. If that be true it is owing to the fact that Mr. Wilson works out his problems in his own way, but it cannot be said that he is not always eager to get precise information.

Because Mr. Baker sees things with the president's eyes, what he has to say upon his return will be highly effective in helping the formulation of new policies and in the amplification of those we are now following. The secretary has an unusually well-trained mind, quick and sound in its action and a retentive memory, quick to grasp facts. His trip will be not only helpful to the military phase of

## Relieve Your Indigestion With A Laxative

Dyspeptics know that indigestion is accompanied by constipation, and that until the bowels can be regulated so they will act freely and naturally every day at a stated time; swallowing dyspepsia tablets is of little use.

A great and growing number of sufferers from this trouble find immediate and then permanent relief by the use of a combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin sold by druggists under the name of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. The laxative herbs act on the bowels and the pepsin and extracts on the digestive tract; forming an exceptionally effective laxative- tonic.

It is a combination that has been found wonderfully helpful in indigestion; constipation, biliousness, headaches; bad breath, belching and gas on the stomach. A small dose is all that is required.

The druggist will refund your money if it fails to do as promised.

**NO INCREASE**  
In spite of enormous increased laboratory costs due to the war the manufacture of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin are sacrificing their profits and absorbing the war taxes, so that this family laxative may remain at the pre-war price of 50c and 31c a large bottle. So send for a copy of "The Care of the Baby."

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SYRUP PEPSIN**  
The Perfect Laxative

**FREE SAMPLES**—Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is the largest selling liquid laxative in America. If you have never used it, send your address for a free trial bottle to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 438 Washington St., Monticello, N. Y. If you have before in the family send for a copy of "The Care of the Baby."

the war, but of equal bearing on the political.

While it can scarcely be said that, in a political way, Mr. Baker, while abroad, is the president's tongue, he is the president's eye and ear. He is more a reporter than a spokesman on his present assignment.

It has been said that the secretary will include Italy in his visit, but that is not given credence at the war department.

The suggestion that America be represented politically at the supreme war council at Paris and that Mr. Baker be the agent, which is again being made, is not to be taken seriously. This country, as President Wilson has made plain, will not be bound politically by the action of the allies; America is to be kept a free agent.

**SAYS MAN MUST BE "FOOL OR TRAITOR" IF HE FAILS TO SUBSCRIBE TO WAR LOAN**

ROME, February. (Correspondence of the Associated Press. Released today).—"A man must be either a fool or traitor to refuse to sub-

scribe to a war loan," declared Prime Minister Orlando in connection with Italy's fifth loan which has brought in about \$500,000,000. "The nation needs the money to carry on the war and if there are enough fools and traitors among us not to subscribe, then the government will simply take what it needs by high taxes."

The result of the new loan, however, proved satisfactory and the extreme measures of unusual taxes will not have to be applied. War loans have come to be quite a customary proceeding and the Italian public has each year made new subscriptions in response to the advertising campaigns of the secretary of the treasury and the banks.

One of the features of the war loan has been the frankness of the newspapers and particularly of Secretary of the Treasury Nitti regarding financial facts. "There is no use trying to fool the public regarding national finances," he said. "We need the money. We are paying nearly six per cent interest to get it. It's a good investment. The Italian government will always pay its debts. It's an international fact that it does so. As far back as 1865, when it had to offer eight and ten per cent interest, it adopted the policy of standing by its pledges, and it will always do so."

Confidence in the Italian loans have for several years been shown by the Americans living in Italy. To the present time the war has cost Italy about \$4,000,000,000, two-thirds of which money has been spent on the army or land forces and the other third on the navy. Of this \$4,000,000,000, \$1,500,000,000 has been raised by war loans. \$500,000,000 by taxes, and about \$2,000,000,000 by special treasury bonds placed principally in England and the United States for the purpose of paying for war purchases.

### SAVING THE BABIES

In an endeavor to do their share in the nation-wide campaign to save 100,000 of the 300,000 babies who die annually in this country, the doctors and officials of the Lowell General Hospital have decided upon a plan which they put into operation today. The plan is to bring into the world healthy babies in all maternity cases which that hospital has in its care. The work will begin with the mother who expects to go to the hospital for her confinement. As soon as she

notifies the hospital that she will become a patient, she is told that she may have continuous hospital care both before and after her baby is born. One of the hospital nurses will visit her weekly at her home, and she herself will be asked to attend once a week at a pre-natal clinic at the hospital, where one of the doctors on the hospital staff and the assistant superintendent will give whatever medical service is necessary, and advise her in such advice as is needed. Every care and attention will be given her during the period of confinement and after she returns to her home a hospital nurse will continue to visit her weekly for three months to give her counsel and assistance in the care of the newborn child.

### FIRE IN COAL POCKET

An alarm from box 53 at 8.39 o'clock last night summoned a portion of the fire department to a lively blaze in a coal pocket at the power plant of the Lowell Electric Light Corp. in Perry street. Although there was little danger of the fire spreading with the firemen on the scene, the latter worked for about an hour before the recall was sounded.

The coal pockets are situated high over the other buildings and are equipped with chutes through which coal is fed to the boiler room. The fire got in one of these pockets and proved to be a dirty as well as stubborn fire to fight.

### RETREAT FOR MEN

The second night of the retreat being conducted for men at the Immaculate Conception church by Rev. Albert L. McDermott, O.M.I., attracted a large congregation last evening. Rev. Fr. McDermott, O.M.I., is proving himself an unusually forceful preacher.

## FOOD RULES OBSERVED IN ROYAL HOUSEHOLD

LONDON, Feb. 15.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press) (Released Today).—King George and Queen Mary were among the first in England, as was Mrs. Woodrow Wilson in the United States, to make their household conform to the rigorous rationing system of a food minister or administrator. Like the White House at Washington, the royal family and staff at Buckingham Palace have been placed on the diet suggested by the man chosen to conserve the nation's food supply, in England Lord Rhonda.

From the early days of the ministry of food the king has insisted that every suggestion for self-denial which has been put before the people of the country must be loyally observed throughout the royal household.

Sir Derek Koppel, master of the household, said in an interview this week:

"We are all in line here with the rationing, and I am saying no more than what is common knowledge when I tell you that I never knew any people so thoroughly conscientious in this matter as the king and queen. They accept the restrictions with the most noticeable cheerfulness, taking real pleasure in bearing their share of the food hardships."

"The royal household is a large and variegated one. Its changing character makes some difficulty in the rationing, but if any error is made in the calculation it is in the direction of 'less' rather than 'more.' We keep in constant touch with the ministry of food, learning each day whatever new regulations may be impending."

"Quite often recently the royal larder has been empty of such commodities as butter, margarine, and tea, and we have gone without, from king down. The king and queen have repeatedly spoken to me to impress me with the duty of self-denial in food and drink. The king in the first days of the war pledged himself to total abstinence from alcoholic beverages, and that pledge holds good today over the whole household."

The king actually tries always to anticipate restrictions. A long white egg he insisted on coal economy in the palace. Waste of fuel or coal constitutes a grave offense among the servants of the king."

### CIVIL SERVICE EXAMS.

The United States civil service commission announces competitive examinations to be held as follows:

Apprentice draftsman (male), salary, \$720 to \$900 per annum; inspector of material for small arms (male), salary, \$1600 to \$2400 per annum; assistant inspector of material for small arms (male), salary, \$1000 to \$1600 per annum; photographic expert (male), salary, \$1500 to \$2400 per annum.

April 9—Organic and physical chemist (male), salary, \$1800 to \$2600 per annum; examiner of accounts (male), salary, \$1800 to \$3000 per annum.

April 12—Railway mail clerk (male), salary, \$900 per annum.

April 23—Superintendent of gun-forging plant (male), salary, \$3000 to \$5000 per annum; negative cutter (male and female), salary, \$1000 to \$1200 per annum; construction draftsman (male), salary, \$1400 to \$2000 per annum.

April 24—Field and laboratory in plant pathology (male and female), salary, \$720 to \$1080 per annum.

### REPORT OF SURVEY OF LOCAL BAKERIES

Following is a report of a survey of Lowell bakeries made by Miss Lela Brown, agent for the Consumers' League of Boston, in company with Miss Julia Pevey of the food conservation committee of the Middlesex Women's club and Inspector O'Connor of the board of health. The survey was made last fall:

Twenty of the 70 bakeries in Lowell were visited. The league usually ranks establishments as follows: A, excellent; B, very good; C, fair; D, poor; and E, very poor. None of the firms visited was in the A group; six were in the B group, either on the league's list or waiting to be added; 11 found satisfactory at the next printing. Seven were in the C group, all evidently making an effort but handicapped by the scarcity of labor and other war conditions. Six were classified as poor. The chief faults found in these 13 places were as follows:

### Faults of Construction

This includes the location of the bakery. In this survey four bakeries were found in undesirable cellar or basement quarters where it is impossible to get proper light and ventilation. Floors in some cases are concrete or cement, a material which is not only injurious to the health of the workers but is also difficult to clean. Walls frequently are grimy or painted a dark color concealing dirt which would show up on a light wall and incidentally absorbing the light which is so necessary to the wholesome preparation of food. Sinks are

very often small and inconveniently located. The hand sink is still very rare and consequently it is not unusual to find bakers washing their hands in dish water.

In the matter of hot water there has been a great improvement. Seventeen of the 25 bakeries visited have a supply of running hot water.

Toilets not infrequently were dirty or poorly ventilated. Some were located too close to the bakery although the state law says expressly that no toilet shall adjoin or be near or in direct communication with any bakery. Four toilets were found in violation of this law. The law also provides that where men and women are employed there should be separate toilets. This clause was found to be frequently violated. One bakery employing both men and women had only one toilet and that was enclosed in one corner of the bakery room, the women in order to reach it having to pass through the room where the men were working.

### Bad Ventilation

In most cases this was due to the lack of window space and of hoods and exhausts to carry off the excessive heat and smoke from the ovens. A hood over the doughnut stove was noticed in several bakeries; these were found to be most effective in carrying off the grease and odors.

### Lack of Cleanliness

Under this head were scored the use and care of utensils, machines, floors, tables, troughs, etc., the lack of dish and hand washing facilities; the care and disposal of garbage or other waste. Fourteen bakeries still had common towel—an infringement of the state law. Three were using flour sacks for towels and five had no towels whatever.

### Protection of Food

Uncovered supplies were very common, especially in bakeries where cake and pastry are made. Kegs of lard, sugar, jams, etc., were much in evidence and in conjunction with flies, cats and waterbugs did not present an appetizing spectacle. In three bakeries men were smoking while handling food. In many others finished products were spread out on cool on the floor being thus exposed to dust and flies. Screens were found on the windows of 12 bakeries. These

### A REAL FLESH BUILDER

Arko-Phosphate contains phosphates such as physicians all over the world are prescribing to build up all run-down, anemic conditions and changing thin, anemic women with toneless flaccid, flabby flesh into the most beautiful, rosy-cheeked and plump, round formed women imaginable. NOTICE.—Dr. Frederick Jacobson says: Arko-Phosphate builds up all run-down conditions in a few days wonderfully. Dispensed in Lowell by Fred Howland, 210 N. Main St., Burlington, Vt. Drug Co., Bow's Drug Store, Noonan, the druggist.

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Most individually modeled Eton and Pony Suits, reflecting the very newest style innovations seen in the most approved European models. Some strictly tailored, others in sports effects that are more captivating than any before presented this season.

Tailored in Men's Wear Serge,  
Poiret Twill, Gabardine, Tweeds,  
Oxford Cloths, and Wool Jersey

All beautifully lined with Silk. Sizes 14 to 46

Second Floor

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

## Women's Fashionable Coats

Special Wednesday at 18.50

A collection of cleverly styled coats, possessing unusual charm and featuring many novel style treatments seen in much higher priced models. Fashioned of Covert, Poiret Twill, Gabardine, Serge and Wool Velour, in a splendid assortment of the new colors. Half lined with Peau de Cygne. Sizes 14 to 46.

SECOND FLOOR

WOMEN'S SMART

## Taffeta Frocks Wednesday at 15.00

One of Spring's Most Charming Models

This model is in the much-favored side-tunic effect, with both waist and tunic trimmed with hand-turned buttonholes.

There are other models which are exact reproductions of very charming creations by Martial Armand, featuring handsome silk and gold thread embroidered belts.

Colors: Copenhagen Blue, Taupe, Navy Blue, Wisteria and Black. Sizes 16 to 44.



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2500 Yards Double Width Poplins, 40 and 45 inches wide, extra heavy grade, all the desirable colors, also black, white and cream, carefully matched and put up in proper lengths for dresses, skirts and waists, specially desirable also for Spring coats and jackets; regular \$3.00, \$4.00 and \$5.00 qualities; only

4000 Yards Fine Silk Poplins, 24 inches wide, in a splendid selection of plain shades and all the newest designs and colorings, in printed goods. Lengths for dresses, waists, coat linings and misses' neckwear, etc.; regular prices \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50; only

**\$1.85 Yard**

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Every woman should know the comfort, and experience the relief of a reliable remedy that can be depended upon to right conditions which cause headache, dizziness, languor, nausea and constipation. At such times, nothing is so safe, so sure and speedy as

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

During the past sixty years, millions of women have found them most helpful in toning and strengthening the system, and for regulating the stomach, liver and bowels. These famous pills are entirely vegetable and contain no harmful or habit-forming drugs. Use them with entire confidence for they cause no unpleasant after-effects, and

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Dr. Musse

Dr. Blanchard







# DILLON'S PLEA FOR UNITY GENERAL ALARM FOR FIRE IN OLD MANN SCHOOL

Says Sinn Fein Dream of Republic is Impossible—Hints Failure of the Convention

ENNISKILLEN, Ireland, March 19.—On making his first public appearance since his election as chairman of the Irish parliamentary party, John Dillon declared it was folly to talk of an Irish republic, invited the Sinn Fein leaders to join with the nationalists to secure a form of self-government which was almost within their grasp, and warned the young men of the Sinn Fein element not to be led into another rising.

He hinted that the Irish convention was about to fail in its object, and said that he believed the Emerald Isle

is on the eve of one of its most momentous struggles.

## Discusses Convention

Discussing the Irish convention, Mr. Dillon said no one had ever pretended it was a body for self-determination. It was appointed solely to determine whether the Ulster question could be settled by agreement, he pointed out, and was as fairly constituted and representative a body as could have been selected.

If the Ulster question could be settled by agreement it would be worth all the delay, in his view, but the hour had come when the deliberations ought to be brought to a conclusion.

If the convention failed to agree, he declared, the blame must rest upon its members, or a certain section of them, because Ireland had given them fair play and ample time.

"If the convention fails," continued Mr. Dillon, "the Irish question will assume within a week or two more form of a definite shape than ever. I am of the opinion that Ireland is on the eve of one of the most momentous struggles in all her tragic history."

"Ireland is in a terrible condition at the present moment. She is invited by a numerous, clamorous body of young Irishmen to abandon her claim for home rule and set up a claim for an Irish republic. I do not think the people who advocate that view are as numerous as they imagine, but it must be recognized that they speak for a large section of the younger people. It is futile to discuss a possible Irish republic, and as the Sinn Fein leaders are not united or consistent as to their bluff, they should coalesce with their fellow-countrymen and make a united demand for that which is almost within our grasp."

Mr. Dillon warned young enthusiasts against being led into another rising and giving the military an opportunity of shooting them down.

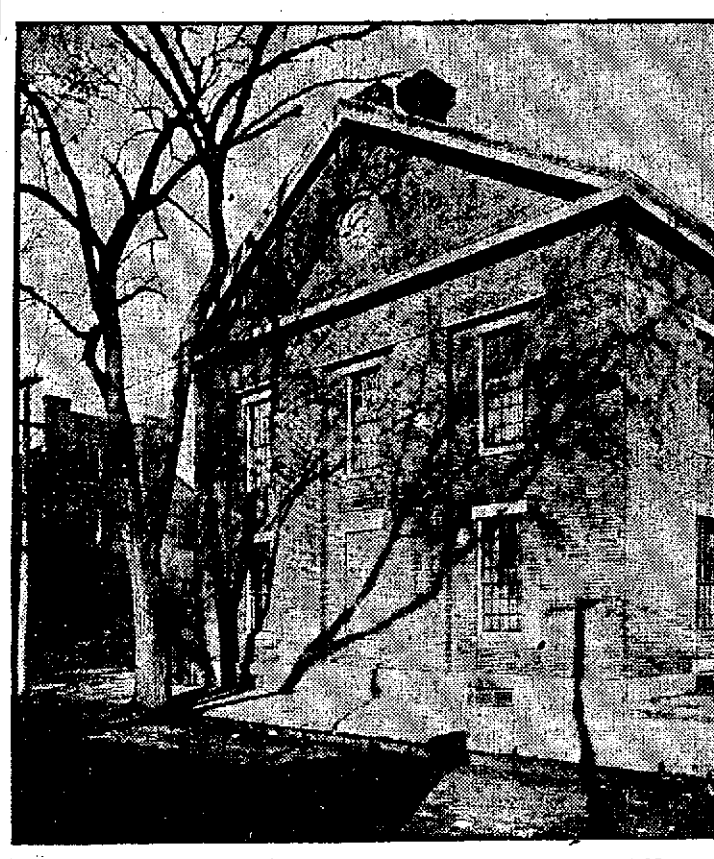
"From the grave of John Redmond there is a great lesson to be learned by British statesmen," said Mr. Dillon.

"Redmond faced misunderstandings and horrible calumny in his endeavor to conciliate the Irish and British people. Had the English ministers been honorable men and stood by him and imitated his statesmanship, Ireland today, instead of being an embarrassment to England, would be a source of strength and support."

"The English ministers were false

The old Mann school building, box 113 at 12.01 o'clock, the second bounded by Broadway, Little, Lewis, and Dummer streets, and one of the old landmarks of the city, which is now used as one of the vocational schools, was threatened with destruction by fire at midnight last night and for a time there was danger of the flames spreading to the congested tenement property in Lewis, Dummer and Jefferson streets. Three alarms were sounded and practically every piece of apparatus responded. At 1.41 o'clock the fire was under control and the dismissal was sounded, but it was long after that when the firemen left the scene.

The blaze was one of the most spectacular seen in this city for a long time, for the flames which shot through the roof of the main building leaped high in the air and the reflection could be seen for miles around. Despite the time of night there was a large number of people attracted to the scene by the sound of the general alarm and the reflection in the sky.



THE OLD MANN SCHOOL

fire was extinguished they were returned and they suffered but little damage.

The main building where the fire started is a two and one-half story brick structure with a flat roof. The firemen kept the latter well wet down, realizing that if the fire got into this building the flames would spread rapidly.

Those who were among the first to arrive at the fire felt that the building was doomed, but the firemen handled the blaze in a capable manner and confined it to the attic of the building, but considerable water made its way into the rooms on the floors below. Owing to the fact that the building is in a square with streets on all sides the firemen had a good opportunity to fight the blaze from all sides of the building.

The first alarm was sounded from to their honor and their pledges. They betrayed Redmond, while he was faithful and loyal, and are reaping the bitter harvest of their misdeeds.

Nationalists of Fermanagh and surrounding counties gathered in large numbers for the meeting. Addresses were presented by the Enniskillen Urban council, the United Irish league and the Ancient Order of Hibernians. Mr. Dillon said he came to Enniskillen as chairman of a party whose ideal was to obliterate forever religious distinction and party conflict, which had been the curse of the Irish nation.

## POLICE COURT

George Moushian was arrested by Major Hayes and Patrolman Tarrant this morning on a warrant charging him with larceny from one of the local corporations. The case was continued for hearing until tomorrow morning.

The case of Sargon Golson and Annie Wysocka, charged with assault and battery, was continued until March 20. Two drunken offenders were continued until tomorrow morning and three first offenders were released by the probation officer.

## TAR AND FEATHER

### I. W. W. SECRETARY

YAKIMA, Wash., March 19.—H. B. Myers, secretary of the Yakima local of the I.W.W., was taken a mile out of town by a mob at midnight last night, given a coat of tar and feathers and told to leave and not return.

He was also told to warn his associates that any other secretary of the I.W.W. who came to Yakima to work would receive the treatment accorded "Little in Montana," who was hanged by a mob at Butte more than a year ago. Myers declared he had been forced into the order by threats of death.

## There Was a Day No So Long Ago

—when few women would use face powders, creams or cosmetics. Now nearly every woman considers them a necessity in retaining a youthful, attractive appearance. This is equally true of the Hair Color Restorer. If your hair is gray, streaked with gray or faded you can easily regain its natural dark, glossy beauty with Q-BAN Hair Color Restorer—just as have thousands of other women. Q-BAN brings back the youthful color naturally by dyeing, because Q-BAN is not a dye—but gradually and evenly with all its original gloss and beauty. Will not wash or rub off, or stain the scalp. Does not interfere with shampooing or waving the hair. Sold by all good druggists everywhere. On Money-Back Guarantee. PRICE 75c.

the roof and when the department arrived it seemed as though the entire roof was ablaze.

Ten or a dozen lines of hose were soon playing water on the building, some of the firemen working from the outside while others made their way to the top and poured tons of water into the attic.

Two lines of hose were raised to the flat roof of the wooden building and the firemen in charge of these lines did very effective work.

The fire made its way through the partitions and at one time the rooms occupied by the carpentry class on the second floor were threatened, but holes were cut in the partitions and streams of water were directed on the flames and quickly extinguished.

Everything appeared to be all right when the school was closed about 9.30 o'clock last night, the last to leave the building being the students of the radio and buzzer class.

## May Have Dropped Match

In conversation with Principal Thos. F. Fyler, of the Vocational school, it was learned that one of the students of the electrical class had occasion to go to the attic yesterday for some supplies and it is thought that the latter might

Paul F. Sullivan, Walter H. Hedlund, James M. Keith, Raymond Lavalley, George L. Palmgren, Francis L. Saunders, John G. Quill, Head Manager J. J. Huthaus, Bennett, Ernest A. Mollen, first assistant manager; Carl C. Stevenson, Edward J. Sheldon, Dana K. Hart, Walter J. Markham, Elmer G. Brennon, W. W. Dennett, Frederick R. Woodward, Richard Bradbrook Walsh, Herbert D. Bixby, Julian B. Keyes, John D. McKinley, James P. Conway, Horatio B. Leggat, Patrick J. Mullane, Paul U. McGregory, Capt. Warren Mansur, Richard Swan Baron, Hoyt Sanford Vandenberg, Earl P. Leadbetter, Harris Barber, George F. Haggerty, William P. Mansbury, freshman manager, James J. McNally, Henry King, William Trotter of the Courier-Citizen and Charles E. Gallagher of The Sun.

## SUN BREVITIES

Best Printing, Tobin's, Asso. Bldg., 231 E. Donohoe, 238 Hildreth. Bldg., real estate and insurance. Telephone.

The first shot in the 1918 high school baseball season will be fired tomorrow morning when a mass meeting of those interested in the game will be held in the school hall.

A telephone alarm at 8.40 o'clock this morning summoned a portion of the fire department to a chimney fire at 100 Tilden street in a building owned by Samuel Cote. The fire was extinguished before any damage was done.

Miss Mary A. Carson of the Women's Consumer league of Boston talked before a number of girls and women at the Y.W.C.A. last evening on the introduction of the eight-hour law. She compared conditions here with those in England and her address proved most interesting.

A number of firemen sustained burns and cuts from falling glass at the Cady box shop yesterday afternoon, the most seriously injured being Capt. Richard E. Burns of engine 4, who suffered burns about the face and hands while fighting the flames from the railroad bridge. Despite his burns he remained at his post until his company was dismissed.

A number of Lowell people are under the impression that the time for filing

federal income tax returns expired on March 1, but this is not so. The time has been extended to April 1. The officials at Room 4 of the local postoffice, open on the job from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. daily, and urge Lowell people to make their returns as soon as possible and not wait until the last minute. All the return forms are at hand except the fiduciary forms, and notice will be given as soon as they arrive.

Eugene J. Calise, son of George Calise of 101 Fulton street, who joined the U. S. navy 10 months ago, has been given an honorable discharge and has returned to his home. The discharge was a result of a broken leg sustained a couple of weeks after the young man's enlistment. Calise was assigned to the U. S. Nevada, but after the accident, which occurred while in the performance of his duties, he was removed to a hospital, where he was located up to the time of his discharge a few days ago.

Mrs. Annie Flannery, of Lombard street, who left last week for Camp Gordon, Ga., where she had been called because of the illness of her son, Edward Flannery, who was seriously ill with cerebro spinal meningitis, has returned to this city. Mrs. Flannery was able to see her son, but could not converse with him as there was a plate of glass separating them. The woman reports that the condition of her son has improved, but he is not yet out of danger.

There will be a meeting of the K. of C. Knitting Guild Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock in Mathew Hall. All members are urged to be present, as an account will be given of the progress of the minstrel show and dance which takes place on April 3. Judging by the number of tickets already sold, this affair promises to be the most successful of the season. The proceeds are to go to the K. of C. war relief fund, to provide comforts for our soldiers and sailors. The minstrel troupe is composed of well known Lowell entertainers, Commissioner James E. Donnelly and William F. Thornton being among the number. The program will be announced later. This is one occasion when everybody can help out, boys! Buy a ticket and "put it over the top."

## Daily Bulletin from War Work Headquarters

119 MERRIMACK STREET

## PEOPLE OF LOWELL

THE WAR IS MORE SERIOUS and more closely concerns us than you think. I cannot tell you what I know or how I know, but I warn you and beseech you to take things more and more seriously.

Keep on doing your own bit. Most of us here in Lowell are doing our bit all right, but we want to be and must be ready and PREPARED FOR ANYTHING, and the way to do this is to organize into ONE BIG ENROLMENT—card indexed and systematized, counting in every one, and every one counting.

Every man, woman, boy and girl—YOU ARE ONE—ENROL! It is important. I know what it means. Help me and trust me. Help by signing up. You won't regret. You may be fully occupied—so much the better. ENROL ANYWAY. I am authorized to enroll you from Washington, appointed from Boston, Massachusetts, and requested to do this by the Public Safety Committee of Lowell.

Yours faithfully,  
OTTO HOCKMEYER.

## Can You Tell

—A good, honest, straight-from-the-shoulder advertisement when you see it?

I DON'T ADVERTISE one thing and DO ANOTHER.

I am LOWELL'S FAMILY DENTIST. My patients are my friends. Ask some of them.

I WILL NOT—positively will not hurt you.

I WILL NOT—let a piece of work leave my office unless it is guaranteed.

I WILL NOT—charge TRUST prices for work.

I WILL NOT—charge for examination advice.

I WILL—give you a price that you cannot duplicate—work you cannot help admiring.

MEDICINE FIRST—on sensitive teeth. REAL, painless dentistry. Over five thousand patients satisfied and boosting—Get acquainted with Lowell's up-to-date family dentist.

Red Rubber Plates \$5

Bridge Work \$3 to \$5

A Tooth

Filling at Moderate

Prices

Nitrous Oxide Gas administered.

Lady attendant.

## DR. H. LAURIN

253 CENTRAL STREET

Opposite Owl Theatre. Over Tower's Cor. Drug Store. Tel. 425-3

## FOR REST AND RECREATION ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.

The World's Greatest All-the-Year Resort

DURING ITS FAMOUS SPRING SEASON

**CONTINENTAL HOTEL**  
Tennessee Ave., near Beach; always open; private baths; running water in rooms; elevator; excellent table; white service; orchestra; American plan; \$1 up daily; \$15 to \$25 weekly. Booklet. Garage. N. Walsh Duane.

**THE WESTMONT**  
Ocean end, Rhode Island Ave.; modern, open surroundings; comfortable, delicious; capacity 300; sea water bath; elevator; sun parlors, etc.; superior table and attention; special luncheon and Spring rates. Booklet.

**THE WILTSHIRE**  
Virginia Ave. and the Beach; ocean view; central to all attractions; capacity 300; private baths; running water in rooms; elevator, etc.; superior table and attention; \$1 up daily, special weekly; American plan. Open all year. Booklet. Samuel Ellis.

## A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

## The Underpriced Basement Special Sale

## Printed Madras

ONLY 22c YARD

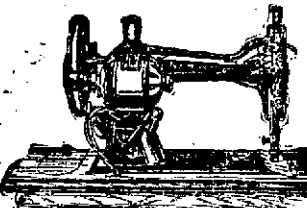
Worth 35c a Yard

Only Two cases—2500 yards—of printed corded madras, 36 inches wide, in a fine assortment of new stripes. This is a rare opportunity to purchase materials for summer dresses, men's shirts and boys' blouses—

ON SALE

PAINTER STREET

BASEMENT



## It's So Easy to Sew When You Sew the Electric Way

An entire sewing machine—enclosed in an attractive golden oak carrying case—the whole weighing less than a suit case packed for a week-end trip. That's what the Electric Sewing Machine is.

Just connect it to any lamp socket and you can use it wherever you wish to sew—fits on any table or desk. It will work all day long at a cost of only a few cents for Electricity. You merely guide the sewing. Could anything be easier? Come in and see it today.

Free Demonstration UNITED STATES WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES AND THRIFT STAMPS On Sale at the Cashier's Window

Tel. 821 The Lowell Electric Light Corp. 29-31 Market St.



25c, Ladies 15c **EVENING**



## 76TH DIV. TO BE FILLED TO WAR STRENGTH

CAMP DEVENS, Ayer, March 19.—The 76th Division is to be filled up to war strength at once, with the arrival of the second draft, starting next week. This news, ending weeks and months of uncertainty, was contained in a communication from Washington, received yesterday by Maj. Gen. Harry F. Hodges.

The New England division is to be filled up with New England and New York state men and is to go on with a rush in its training as a tactical unit.

The communication said that the war department appreciated the difficulties under which Maj. Gen. Hodges and his officers have been laboring, in having their units stripped of nearly all except the highly trained permanent personnel, the noncoms and a few others.

### Fine Showing Expected

This is, in fact, a highly trained skeleton division now and it should make a spectacular progress in absorbing the new draftees and making the New England division of the national army an organization which will bring credit to itself in the same manner as the New England division of the national guard.

The noncoms are trained to a fine point. They have been attending division specialized schools in small groups until this is a division of experts as nearly as any division six months old can be.

What use is to be made of the 20,000 or more who are to come here aside from the number necessary to fill the division is still a question.

From Boston yesterday came confirmation of the report that this camp is to hold 20,000 soldiers or more. Colonel Brothers have one contract for \$1,000,000 for additional buildings and another big contract is to be signed soon, says the statement.

Division officials profess ignorance of the enlarged cantonment plans. The war department has apparently gone ahead with its plans without consulting officers at Camp Devens.

The addition to the camp, it is understood, will extend from the western border of the land taken by the government on the Shirley side to the Boston & Maine railroad, south of Ayer station. Another freight and troop entraining depot probably will be constructed at Ayer Junction.

### Eight Years for Food Thief

Maj. Gen. Hodges yesterday afternoon approved the sentence of eight years at hard labor imposed by gen-

## INTERESTING LETTERS FROM LOWELL SOLDIERS IN THE WAR ZONE

According to a letter received by a member of The Sun's staff, Adjutant Gustave Rassez of this city, who has been fighting under the French colors in the French trenches since the beginning of the war, with the exception of a few months during which time he was a prisoner of war in Germany, has been decorated with "La Croix de Guerre" cross of war, and has received a citation, the highest distinction possible in the army of France. These honors were conferred on the Lowell man on account of his deeds of bravery during the conflict, but more particularly for his heroic actions during a bombardment last December, in the course of which he was seriously wounded, this being the fifth time he was injured during the war.

The citation conferred upon Adjutant Rassez, when translated, reads as follows:

"General Order No. 6.

"G.A., Feb. 10, 1918.

"Citation upon order of the army.

"Chief Adjutant Gustave Rassez of the First Infantry, a chief of initiative and

remarkable intelligence, has always

filled with success the missions with

which he has been entrusted. In the

course of the war and particularly in

advanced posts he never failed to give

to his men the best example of courage

and energy and he has always main-

tained the highest morale among his

men. Particularly in the course of a

murderous bombardment on Dec. 23,

1917, he took care more of the safety

of his men by having them place them-

selves under cover, while he remained

alone at his post, exposed to great dan-

gers. He was seriously wounded, this

being the fifth injury since the begin-

ning of the war. Croix de Guerre with

palme."

When the war broke out Adjutant

Rassez was employed in the Mercimac-

Mfg. Co. in this city and made his home

at 34 Worthen street with his wife and

son, Raymond A. As soon as he re-

ceived his route papers, he left Lowell

and sailed across to report to his old

regiment. In the early stages of the

war he was captured by the Germans

and sent to Germany as a prisoner of

war, but some time later he succeeded

in making his escape and returned to

his company. He was wounded several

times, but always recuperated and no

sooner had his injuries healed than he

was on the battlefield again.

Last summer the adjutant was given

a furlough and he came to his home in

Lowell, where he remained a couple of

weeks. At that time he gave a very

interesting lecture on his experiences

in France before the members of Club

Lafayette, but at his request his lecture

was not given any publicity. When his

furlough expired the adjutant returned

to his post and since that time he has

written numerous letters to his Lowell

friends and relatives. His wife and son

are still making their home at 34 Worth-

then street and it was with pleasure

that they learned of the honors be-

stowed upon him.

during the absence in France of Maj.

Harry L. Hodges, ex-division adjutant.

Known as "Admiral of Army"

Maj. Peek is known here as the "Ad-

miral of the Army," because for four

years as a Coast Artillery officer he

was in command of the U.S.S. Scho-

field, a mine planter, and saw service

in the Caribbean sea. He was doing

patrol duty when called to this division

last September as division ordnance of-

ficer.

Virginia is Maj. Peek's native state

and he was graduated from Virginia

Military Institute in 1907 and from

the artillery school at Fort Monroe.

He is popular because of his good na-

ture and quite as much because of his

efficiency.

SOLDIERS ENTERTAINED

Seventeen young men of the Third

company of the Officers' Training

school at Camp Devens were recently

the guests at a dancing party con-

ducted in Liberty hall, South Chelms-

ford, the affair being under the aus-

pices of the Brotherhood, a men's

club of the village. The young sol-

diers travelled from the camp to the

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## BEST LIVER AND BOWEL LAXATIVE FOR FAMILY USE

"Cascarets" regulate women, men  
and children without  
injury.

Take when bilious, headachy, for  
colds, bad breath, sour  
stomach.



Instead of nasty, harsh pills, salts, castor oil or dangerous calomel, why don't you keep Cascarets handy in your home? Cascarets act on the liver and thirty feet of bowels so gently you don't realize you have taken a cathartic, but they act thoroughly and can be depended upon when a good liver and bowel cleansing is necessary—they move the bile and poison from the bowels without griping and sweeten the stomach. You eat one or two at night like candy and you wake up feeling fine, the headache, biliousness, bad breath, coated tongue, sour stomach, constipation, or bad cold disappears. Mothers should give cross, sick, feverish or bilious children a whole Cascarets any time—they are harmless and safe for the little folks.

dance hall in an auto truck and upon arriving at their destination they were entertained at luncheon. Later a musical program was given and general dancing was started and continued till a reasonable hour. The committee responsible for the success of the event consisted of the following:

Mrs. John D. Emerson, chairman; Mrs. Wilbur E. Lapham, Mrs. John B. Scoboria and Mrs. Lillian Fish. The dance concluded at 11:30 and the young men were entertained for the night at the home of the committee members and also by Mrs. William I. Dupree and Mrs. Charles Lyons.

## NO "HANDOUTS" FOR LYNN POLICEMEN

LYNN, March 19.—It's hard to be a policeman anywhere, but the burdens of the guardians of the peace of this city have been increased by the order issued last night by Chief Burkes at the instance of Mayor Creamer, which forbids all police from taking peanuts from fruit stands, accepting free lunches in restaurants or even having their shoes shined free of cost.

The order follows a hearing at city hall last week in which charges were made to Mayor Creamer by the proprietor of a restaurant to the effect that not alone did one policeman come to his place and accept free meals, but was soon bringing a brother officer to share in the hospitality.

## PATRIOTIC MARTYR Took Desperate Chance to Enter Service and Lost

HARTFORD, Conn., March 19.—Dr. Joseph F. Doyle, aged 27, of Manchester, N. H., an interne at St. Francis' hospital, this city, who was operated upon last week, following his rejection by the examining board for the medical reserve corps, died in the hospital yesterday. When he was rejected he told the examiners he would undergo an operation if they thought it would do any good. He was told he would have one chance in a hundred to recover, but he took that chance and lost.

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 19.—Dr. Joseph F. Doyle was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Doyle of Central street. He graduated from the University of Maryland last June. He was a graduate of St. Joseph's high school, this city.

Besides his parents, he leaves two brothers, John P. of Fitchburg, Mass., and George of this city. Three sisters, Mrs. Michael J. Conroy, Miss Gertrude Doyle of this city and Miss Mary Doyle of Washington. The body will be brought here.

## 1000 TAILORS ON STRIKE IN BOSTON

BOSTON, March 19.—Efforts were made today at conferences between members of the Clothing Manufacturers' association and representatives of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America to settle a strike of 1000 tailors, who walked out yesterday. The men demanded a 20 per cent wage increase, and an attempt was made to obtain the same advance for 3500 other union men and women employed in local clothing shops.

## TO TRAIN DRAFTED MEN FOR SER- VICE IN ENGINEER REGIMENTS

BOSTON, March 19.—Plans to train men registered in Class 1-A under the draft law so that they may be fitted for service in engineer regiments were announced today by Westworth institute, with the approval of the war department. A 12 weeks' course will be given similar to that by which a Massachusetts national guard unit was trained as an engineer regiment last year. The students also will be taught machine gun emplacement and repairing.

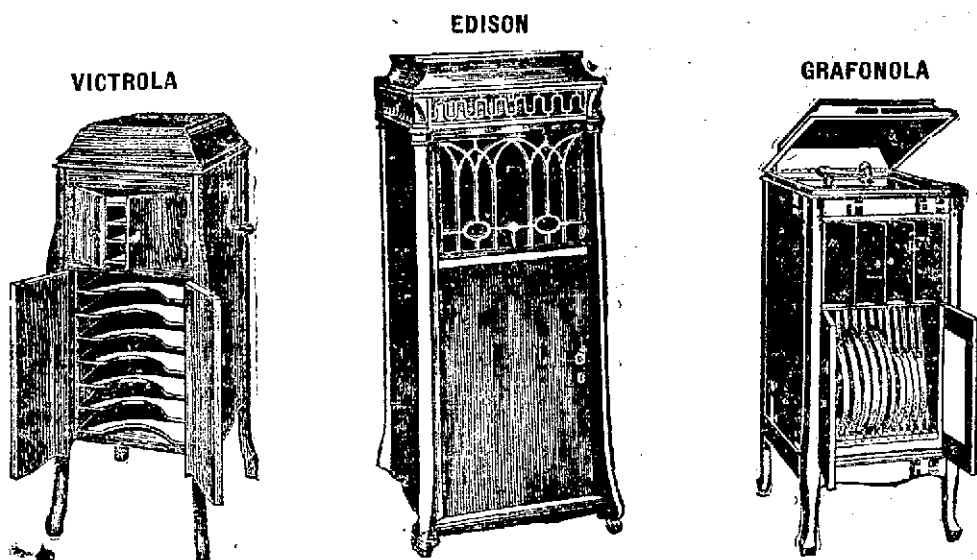
Franklin  
Machine  
Company  
Engineers—Founders—Machinists  
Manufacturers of HARRIS-COR-  
LINS ENGINES, Engine Repairs,  
Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, Bear-  
ings, Couplings, Gaskets.  
Large stock always on hand.  
General MBI Repairs. Special  
machinery of all kinds.

Largest  
Stock of  
Victrola,  
Columbia and  
Edison  
Records  
in Lowell

The Bon Marche  
DRY GOODS CO.

Largest  
Stock of  
Victrolas,  
Grafonolas  
and Edisons  
in Lowell

## The Only Store in Lowell Selling All Three



## Hear These 3 Side by Side

You Can Hear Them In  
**OUR STORE**  
We Will Send Them To  
**YOUR HOME**

IMMEDIATE  
DELIVERY  
ON ANY TYPE OF  
INSTRUMENT

EASY TERMS  
**\$1.00**  
Per Week and Up

\$10.00 WORTH OF  
RECORDS OF YOUR  
OWN SELECTION  
INCLUDED IN THESE  
TERMS

## MARCH MID-MONTH SPECIALS

BABY'S PRAYER AT TWILIGHT  
Lorraine.....Henry Burr  
10 In.  
2490  
75c

A NEW COHEN RECORD  
Cohen Calls the Real Estate Office  
Cohen Calls His Tailor On the Phone  
10 In.  
2488  
75c

## DELAWARE RATIFIES "DRY" AMENDMENT

DOVER, Del., March 19.—The Delaware senate late yesterday ratified the federal prohibition constitutional amendment by a vote of 12 to 3. It passed the house last week.

Delaware is the ninth state to ratify the amendment.

### 30TH BUSINESS ANNIVERSARY

P. F. Devine, the trunk and bag dealer, celebrated his 30th business anniversary on Sunday evening with a banquet at Page's and later an evening of amusement at his home in Columbus avenue. The 17 employees of Mr. Devine's stores here and in Lawrence joined together with several invited guests paid honor to the well known business man and congratulated him on his successful 30 years in business. Among those present at the affair were Mr. and Mrs. P. F. Devine and Miss Dorothy Devine, Mrs. Anna Kelly, Mr. and Mrs. James Finnerty, Mr. and Mrs. F. McCarthy, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Renaud, Mr. and Mrs. B. McGarvie, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bowser of Malden; John Devine and Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McKeon.

## SCB-COMMITTEES APPOINTED TO ASSIST IN WORK OF HY- GIENE COMMITTEE

The committee on social hygiene held a conference at city hall late yesterday afternoon and among other business transacted was the appointment of committees by Dr. G. Forrest Martin to take up special phases of the general work of the hygiene committee. Legal committee, Judge Thompson, chairman, ex-officio, Judge Thomas J. Earle, Chief Edmund Welch, Sergeant David Peirle, Inspector Emily F. Skilton; medical committee, Dr. Charles E. Simpson, chairman, Dr. G. F. Martin, Dr. Mary B. Lakeman, Dr. Harry B. Plunkett, Dr. M. L. Alling, John E. Drury, Miss Mary A. Cotter, publicity committee, Henry H. Harris, chairman, C. B. Redway, Rev. N. W. Matthews, Dr. Francis J. Mullin, Miss Mary A. Kierman, Dr. Charles E. Simpson was elected vice chairman of the committee.

Mrs. Harry Prescott Graves stated that the Middlesex Women's club, the Teachers' organization and the College club were all desirous of co-operating with the committee and lending whatever assistance they might. The matter of young girls being on the streets late at night was discussed and it was felt that if the law in regard to this matter were enforced the evil would be lessened.

## DRAFT MACHINERY FOR NEXT QUOTA

BOSTON, March 19.—Instructions for the entrainment of 2000 Massachusetts men for the next draft quota have been sent out by Maj. Roger Wolcott, head of the draft machinery in this state. All the men from this state will reach Camp Devens before midnight on March 20. Of the state's quota 436 will be called from Boston.

## WIRELESS OUTFIT HIDDEN IN VILLA

SAINT NAZAIRE, France, March 19.—The police have discovered a wireless outfit concealed in a large villa at one of the fashionable seashore resorts on the right bank of the river Loire. The owner of the villa, a foreigner, and his valet were arrested.

### PLANS FOR FARM WORK FOR STUDENTS OF BOSTON HIGH SCHOOL

BOSTON, March 19.—Provision for farm work during the summer by students in Boston high schools was made by the school board at a meeting last night. An order was adopted excusing boys over 16 from school attendance during their enlistment for farm service under the state committee on public safety, if their standing should be such that they would be promoted if remaining in school. Their absence from school is limited to the period between May 15 and Oct. 12.

## LOBSTER FISHERMEN HEARD AT INVESTIGATION OF FISH INDUSTRY

BOSTON, March 19.—A delegation representing lobster fishermen was heard today by the special legislative committee which is investigating the fish industry. The men were prepared to explain the high cost of shell fish by presenting evidence of the expenses to which they were put.

## GIVEN EIGHT YEARS Soldier at Ayer Convicted of Selling Army Stores

AYER, March 19.—Private Spencer C. Heiges, of Harrisburg, Pa., attached to the quartermaster's department at Camp Devens was yesterday sentenced to eight years at hard labor in the fed-

eral penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga., on charges of selling army stores.

Heiges was formerly a public school teacher at Harrisburg. Before the court martial, it was charged that, in civilian clothing, he visited a grocery store in this village and represented that he was a salesman for a Boston commission house. Later, it was charged, Heiges hired a teamster to call at the quartermaster's stores at Camp Devens and turned over to him 13400 pounds of sugar and four tubs of butter for delivery to local merchants.

CHELMSFORD NEWS  
George W. Pickard has been appointed by the board of selectmen superintendent of streets for Chelmsford. In South Chelmsford the roads will be in charge of James Alcorn, while the superintendent for the North village has not yet been appointed.

## HAVE COLOR IN CHEEKS

Be Better Looking—Take  
Olive Tablets

If your skin is yellow—complexion pallid—tongue coated—appetite poor—you have a bad taste in your mouth—no good feeling—you should take Olive Tablets.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—a substitute for calomel—were prepared by Dr. Edwards after 17 years of study with his patients. Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color. To have a clear, pink skin, bright eyes, no pimples, a feeling of buoyancy like childhood days you must get at the cause. Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act on the liver and bowels like calomel—yet have no dangerous after effects.

They start the bile and overcome constipation. That's why millions of boxes are sold annually at 10c and 25c per box. All druggists. Take one or two nightly and note the pleasing results.

**Beevo**  
—for your cheery little chafing dish party. A triumph in soft drinks that combines the tempting flavor of wholesome cereals and the appetizing tang of genuine Sancer Hops. Beevo for refreshing properties—zest—purity—healthfulness. Serve cold.

ANTHEUSER-BURCH  
St. Louis, U. S. A.

# To The American People

There is no foundation for the alleged violations of law attributed to our Company by agents of the Federal Trade Commission and I want to say emphatically that Swift & Company is not a party to any conspiracy to defraud the Government. Nor has Swift & Company been guilty of improperly storing foods or of making false entries or reports.

Conferences of packers, where prices have been discussed, have been held at the urgent request and in the presence of representatives of either the Food Administration or the Council of National Defense. And yet the packers have been accused of committing a felony by acting in collusion on Government bids!

We have done our best, with other packers, large and small, to comply with the directions of the United States Food Administration in all particulars, including the furnishing of food supplies for the U. S. Army and Navy and the Allies, now being handled through the Food Administration.

We will continue to do our utmost, under Government direction, to increase our production and assist the Food Administration. We consider that the opportunity to co-operate wholeheartedly and to our fullest powers with this branch of the Government is our plain and most pressing duty.

The Trade Commission Attorney has, by false inference and misplaced emphasis, given to disconnected portions of the correspondence taken from our private files and read into the Record, a false and sinister meaning with the plain purpose of creating antagonistic public opinion.

The services of the packers of the United States are most urgently needed, and I regret exceedingly that we should at this time have to spend our efforts in defending ourselves against unfounded, unproved, and unfair assertions such as are being daily made public.

**L. F. Swift, President,**  
**Swift & Company, U. S. A.**



## BODY OF W. K. ALDRICH FOUND IN RUINS

The charred body of William K. Aldrich, manufacturer of wooden screws, was found this morning about 7.30 o'clock under a pile of timber, boards and debris in the ruins of the Cady building in Western avenue. It was thought that he had escaped from the building during the early stages of the fire yesterday afternoon for several people are said to have made the statement that they had seen him in the street after the fire broke out, but they must have been mistaken or else he re-entered the building and was cut off by the smoke and overcame.

Mr. Aldrich's shop was on the second floor in the front part of the Cady building, and it was his custom at noon to take his dinner box into the drying room of the Cady box shop, eat his meal and then sleep for a short time. It is probable that he was in the drying room when the fire broke out and was overcome by the smoke and when the roof and the second floor of the building fell through to the first floor he was buried in the ruins.

Shortly after six o'clock this morning the fire rekindled in the building and a telephone alarm summoned the members of Engine 6 to the scene. While Lieuts. William Lambert and John Murphy were looking over the ruins they discovered the charred remains of Aldrich.

Undertaker George W. Healey was notified and he removed the body to his funeral parlors in Branch street. The deceased was aged 73 years, 4 months and 12 days, resided at 4 Grove street, and is survived by one brother, Eben True Aldrich of Boston.

The deceased had been a manufacturer of wooden screws for a great many years and his places of business had been burned out on numerous occasions. On May 10, 1885, when he conducted a shop in what was then the Otis Allen box shop in upper Middlesex street the building was gutted by fire. Later he moved to Dutton street in the

## COULD NOT STOP THE HEADACHES

Until She Tried "Fruit-a-lives" (or Fruit Liver Tablets)

112 Concord St., St. John's.

"I feel I must tell you of the great benefit I have received from your wonderful medicine, 'Fruit-a-lives'."

I have been a sufferer for many years from Violent Headaches, and could get no permanent relief.

A friend advised me to take 'Fruit-a-lives' and I did so with great success; and now I am entirely free of Headaches, thanks to your splendid medicine."

MRS. ALEXANDER SHAW.

50c. a box, 8 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price, by FRUIT-A-LIVES Limited, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

lumber district and was burned out on several occasions when that district was visited by big fires. About three years ago after being burned out in Dutton street he moved his business to the Cady building, where he had been located up to the time of his death.

### DEATHS

**ALDRICH**—Died March 18th, killed in the fire at Cady's mills, William K. Aldrich, aged 73 years, 4 months and 12 days. Mr. Aldrich resided at 4 Grove street, and is survived by one brother, Eben True Aldrich of Boston, Mass. The body was removed to the rooms of Undertaker George W. Healey, 73 Branch street.

**DEAN**—William Dean, a well known resident of St. Patrick's parish, died this morning at North Reading hospital after a lingering illness, aged 17 years. He leaves to mourn his loss his father, Jeremiah, three sisters, Mrs. James McGuinness, Irene and Loretta Dean, and one brother, Jeremiah, Jr., all of this city. The body was removed to his home, 759 Broadway, by Undertakers O'Donnell & Mack.

**GARDNER**—Rose Gardner, aged 30 years, died yesterday at her home, 231 Cabot street. Deceased was a well known member of St. Patrick's parish. The body was removed to the rooms of Undertaker Peter H. Savage.

**GIBBS**—Allen Gibbs died today at 41 Rock street. The body was removed to the rooms of Undertaker Peter H. Savage.

**HALASTORAS**—Christos Halastoras, aged 45 years, died yesterday at the Lowell hospital. The body was removed to the funeral parlors of Undertakers Joseph Albert & Son.

**HOWARD**—Adoniram Howard died yesterday at his home in Chelmsford Centre, aged 83 years. He leaves his wife, Harriet A. Howard; one son, Henry M.; one sister, Mrs. Susan H. Wade of Brockton; two brothers, Franklin and Edwin of Brockton, and two grandchildren, Henry, Jr., and Elmer G. Howard.

**PAPADIAS**—Louis Papadias, infant son of George and Katherine, died yesterday at the home of his parents, 25 Lagrange street. The body was taken to the rooms of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

**TUTTLE**—Edward Tuttle died suddenly yesterday at his home in Carlisle, aged 76 years. He leaves his wife, Jennie, and two brothers, Louis and Lyman of Acton.

### FUNERALS

**CASEY**—The funeral of Mrs. Blanche F. Casey took place this morning at 8.30 o'clock from the home of her mother, Mrs. Mary Vining, 71 Mammoth road, and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends. The cortege proceeded to St. Columba's church where at 9 o'clock a funeral mass was sung by Rev. Francis McNeil. There was a profusion of beautiful floral tributes and of spiritual bouquets. The ushers at the



## Cherry & Webb's SPRING OPENING

AN UNBOUNDED SUCCESS

The Leading Styles of the Season Shown on Living Models, 2.30 to 5.00 P. M.

A cordial invitation to visit with us and see this wonderful demonstration of the modes of the hour in styledom.

YOU WILL BE PLEASED WITH THE FASHION SHOW

Music—Music

## CHERRY & WEBB

12-18 JOHN STREET

## ADAMS

Extra good value in each of the furniture departments at reduced prices to close out many odd lots.

The oriental rug sale this week, and we also make a specialty of cleaning and repairing rugs.

Adams & Co.  
Furniture—Rugs—Shades  
174 CENTRAL ST.

success of the presentation were John Martin, stage director; John J. Payne and James Clancy.

The cast of characters in the order of their first appearance was as follows: Peg, a wait ..... Miss Nancy Swift Mrs. Donovan, the "widow" ..... Miss Theresa Carroll May, "a Western Shamrock" ..... Miss Annabelle Lowney Bob, "the sheriff" ..... Thomas Carlin Jr. James O'Neil ..... Thos. J. Beane Laddie, brother of Fr. O'Neil ..... Walter Higgins Joan Corrigan ..... Helen Boudreau Shane Corcoran ..... John J. Payne

**PROBATE COURT**  
Two sessions of the probate court were held at the local court house in Corham street this morning. Judge McIntire presiding over the contested session while Judge Lawton was in the uncontested session.

A hearing was given on the guardian's account of Sydney Neffham. The estate involves about \$1300, \$480 of which the boy's guardian expended for an automobile for the boy. After a short hearing the papers in the case were taken by Judge McIntire who will submit his decision later. Hearings were also held on the administrator's account of Patrick J. Riley and bill of Jane Tolis.

In the uncontested session a number of wills were allowed and administrations granted.

**WORK OF WIDENING THORNDIKE AND APPLETON STREETS CORNER BEGAN TODAY**

The work of widening the southeast corner of Thorndike and Appleton streets, which, when completed, will eliminate a danger spot in the city, was started this morning under the direction of the city engineers' department. About a year ago when a portion of the George estate across the street was taken by the city and a bad corner down away with the city seized 1061 square feet of land belonging to the Silver estate but the work on this piece of property was not started until today.

Owing to the narrow space between the street car tracks in Appleton street and the sidewalk at this corner it was almost impossible for a vehicle to pass on the right hand side of the street if a car was stopped there and the big banking also cut off the view of people coming down Chelmsford street into Appleton street.

The lot will be cut off 21 feet from the present sidewalk curbing and gracefully curved into Thorndike and Appleton streets and a new sidewalk laid.

The local evening newspaper is the paper that reaches the home when the whole family is there to read it. The Sun fills this field in Lowell.

Let the CHILDREN Eat

**CREAM BEANS AND CREAM PEAS**

In which they crumb WAR BREAD. It will make them grow faster and healthier than anything you ever gave them before the WAR.  
All Good Grocers and Markets.  
It Is Already Cooked.

### ASKS 188 MILLIONS FOR AIR CRAFT

WASHINGTON, March 18.—An appropriation of \$188,000,000—double that originally proposed—was asked of congress by Secretary Daniels yesterday for naval aviation during the next fiscal year.

Recent war developments, he said, made necessary the larger sum.

**HELD PRIZE DRILL**  
Two companies of Les Zouaves of Notre Dame de Lourdes parish held a prize drill at the high school annex Sunday afternoon, the companies being those in command of Capt. Edouard Male and Capt. Harold Leonard, the former being awarded the prize. The judges were Capt. Arthur Lemay and Capt. B. Bernier of the A. G. Cadets. Troop 26, Boy Scouts, also gave a signal drill. The affair was largely attended.

### VICTORY DINNERS SUGGESTED BY THE UNITED STATES FOOD ADMINISTRATION

The following "Victory" dinners are suggested by the U. S. food administration:

**FOOD FOR WHEATLESS DAY**  
Mutton Stew with Potatoes and other Vegetables  
Corn Bread  
Apple, Celery and Nut Salad  
Cream Rice Pudding

**FOR MEATLESS DAY**  
Baked Fish, Tobacco Sauce  
Cold Slaw  
Creamed Potatoes  
Date Custard Cornstarch Pudding

**FOR MEATLESS OR WHEATLESS DAY**  
Rabbit Stew  
Bread  
Potatoes  
Asparagus Salad  
Cornmeal and Rice Bread

**FOR MEATLESS OR WHEATLESS DAY**  
Fruit Ice  
Plain Barley Cake  
Cornmeal and Rice Bread—1 cup corn meal, 1 cup cold boiled rice, 1 cup milk, 1 tablespoon melted shortening, 1 teaspoon salt, 2 eggs, 2 teaspoons baking powder. Mix corn meal, rice, milk, shortening and salt together. Beat 5 minutes then add well-beaten eggs, beat two minutes, then add the baking powder. Mix lightly and pour in pan 1 inch thick. Bake in moderate oven 35-40 minutes.

**FEAST OF ST. JOSEPH**  
The pupils of the parochial schools of St. Joseph's parish are today enjoying a holiday in observance of the feast of St. Joseph.

### TODAY'S COAL SHIPMENT—POLICE INVESTIGATE COAL PRICES IN STORES

Forty-six cars of coal were received in Lowell today. There were 21 soft and 15 hard.

Officer Wilson made a visit to 21 local stores today to make an investigation in regard to the prices which the stores are charging for bagged fuel. Of the 21 it was found that eight of them were selling coke at 18 cents a bag, two cents above the price set by the fuel committee. Five were selling at the regular prices while the remaining eight had no fuel at all for sale.

### D.D.D. The Liquid Wash for Skin Diseases

We have witnessed such remarkable results with this soothing wash of skin that we offer you a bottle on the guarantee that unless it does the same for you, it costs you not a cent. 50c, 60c and \$1.00.  
DOWS, THE DRUGGIST

### PAINT

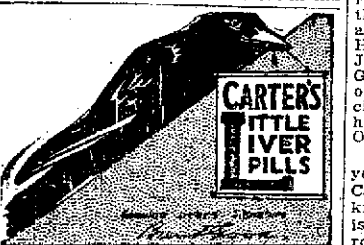
When property is in need of paint and is left unpainted, it begins to depreciate in value both from the standpoint of looks and decay.

It isn't a question of can you afford to paint? but rather—can you afford not to paint?

OLD COLONY PAINT, regular shades, 2.70

TOWN AND COUNTRY PAINT, regular shades, 3.50

Free City Motor Delivery  
C. B. COBURN CO.  
63 MARKET ST.



## Two Splendid Things

One is plenty of open-air exercise.

If you can't get all of that you should, it's all the more important that you should have the other tried-and-true remedy for a torpid liver and bowels that don't act freely and naturally.

Take one pill every night, more only when you're sure it's necessary.



Genuine bears Signature  
Brent Thoon

Colorless faces often show the absence of iron in the blood. Carter's Iron Pills will help this condition.



## Hitting the High Notes

Our BOYS' department is certainly keyed up to its highest pitch, fitting the young fellows out for Easter.

SNAPPY SUITS AND OVERCOATS  
"SAMMY" THE NEW MILITARY SUIT  
MIDDY SUITS IN ALL WOOL SERGES

WASH SUITS  
JUVENILE SUITS  
BOYS' STOCKINGS

Get the Best at

**MACARTNEY'S**  
72 MERRIMACK ST.

**CARD OF THANKS**  
We, the undersigned, wish to express publicly our sincere thanks to those who by their acts of kindness, expressions of sympathy and floral tributes and spiritual ministrations served to lighten our burden of sorrow on the death of our beloved mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Sheehy. Such evidence of true friendship and love will ever cherish in loving remembrance.  
MR. AND MRS. BENJAMIN JOHNSON, MR. AND MRS. PATRICK KENNEDY, MR. AND MRS. THOMAS SHEEHY, MR. AND MRS. HERMAN WILBUR.

### CHARGE AGAINST OFFICER NOT SUSTAINED

Mayor Perry D. Thompson has filed his finding with Supt. Welch in the case of Patrolman James J. Kennedy, who was charged with using more force than was necessary when arresting Michael M. Quealey. The mayor or finds that the charges preferred against the officer are not sustained. His letter to the superintendent of police is as follows:

Lowell, Mass., March 18, 1918.  
Mr. Edmund Welch,  
Supt. of Police, Lowell, Mass.  
Dear Sir:—You will please make notation upon the records of the police department the following finding in the matter of the complaint of Michael M. Quealey against Patrolman James J. Kennedy for assault and using more force than was necessary when arresting said Michael M. Quealey. Upon the said complaint against Patrolman James J. Kennedy, and after due and proper hearing and examination of the evidence presented thereat, I find that the charges preferred against Patrolman James J. Kennedy are not sustained, and I, therefore, find that he is not guilty. You will please cause the above to be read at all roll calls of the department of police.  
(Signed) PERRY D. THOMPSON,  
Mayor and Commissioner of Public Safety.

**IRISH COMEDY PRESENTED BY DRAMATIC CLUB OF THE Y.M.C.A.**

The dramatic club of the Y.M.C.A. presented "A Western Shamrock," an Irish comedy in three parts, at the institute hall in Stackpole street last evening. There was a large audience present and the production was a most enjoyable one. The four young lady members of the cast were excellent in their assigned parts and Thomas J. Beane was particularly good among the male players.

During the play Miss Nancy Swift and Mr. Thomas Carlin entertained with songs. Those responsible for the

### NO TROUBLE TO REMOVE SUPERFLUOUS HAIR

(Toilet Tips)

It is an easy matter to rid the skin of objectionable hair or fuzz, if you proceed as follows: Mix a paste with some water and a little powdered deodorant, apply to hairy surface and in 2 or 3 minutes rub off, wash the skin and the hairs are gone. This method of banishing hairy growth is painless and does not mar the skin, but to avoid disappointment, be certain to get real deodorant.



# VERTLING ATTACKS ALLES

## Says "Hypocrisy Has Become Second Nature to Enemy"—Defends Treaty With Russia

COPENHAGEN, March 18.—Chancellor von Hertling, on the first reading in the reichstag of the peace treaty with Russia today, declared that he did not wish to discuss the opinions of Germany's enemies regarding the treaty.

"Hypocrisy," he added, "has become second nature to the enemy, whose untruthfulness is made worse by its brutality. Every attempt at calm explanation and every real deliberation must fail when the enemy, at the very moment they are laying a heavy hand on a neutral country, dare to speak of a policy guided by complete unselfishness."

"The treaty with Russia contains no conditions disgraceful to Russia and the provinces breaking away from Russia say it is in accordance with their own wish and the wish is accepted by Russia."

"The chancellor declared that Courland and Lithuania were united to Germany politically, economically and militarily and added:

"Livonia and Estonia are the eastern frontier fixed by the treaty but we hope that they also will have close and friendly relations with Germany. In the case of the Baltic states, friendly relations with Russia. Poland is not mentioned in the treaty and

we shall endeavor to see if it is possible to live in stable and good neighborly relations with the new state.

"If the reichstag adopts the peace treaty, peace on the whole eastern front will be restored, as I announced Feb. 24, but among the enemies provided there is not the least inclination to finish this terrible war. The responsibility for bloodshed will be upon the heads of those who wish continuation of the bloodshed."

"The chancellor referred to Russia's proposal that all the belligerents enter into the peace negotiations and added: 'We and our allies accepted the proposals and sent delegates to Great Livestok. The powers until then allied with Russia remained aloof.'

"The course of the negotiations is known to you. You remember the end of the speeches which were intended, not so much for the delegates there assembled as for the public at large, and which caused the desired goal of an understanding to recede into the distance. You remember the repeated interruptions, the rupture and the resumption of the negotiations. The point had been reached where 'yes' or 'no' had to be said, and on March 3 peace was concluded at Brest Litovsk. On March 16 it was ratified by a competent assembly at Moscow."

figures showing huge sums paid by the Union Stock Yards of Omaha to the packers as an inducement to locate in Omaha. According to these figures the total cash investment in the yards does not exceed \$75,000, while of the approximately \$7,400,000 capital stock outstanding more than \$6,512,000 represents stock issued without cash payment in the form of stock dividends to various packing firms. The earnings of the yard last year were given as 8 per cent.

## TO INCREASE PAY OF ALL IN POSTAL SERVICE

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Flat pay increases of 15 per cent for all employees in the postal service, whether on an annual salary or day pay basis and including those of all grades and classes was recommended today by the senate postoffice sub-committee in revising the annual postoffice appropriation bill. The recommendations are subject to approval by the full committee, but are expected to be adopted.

The increases were declared to be necessary to meet the increased cost of living due to the war.

The subcommittee also added provisions authorizing the postmaster-general to readjust pre-war contracts of mail wagon and other contractors. Relief of contractors making stamped envelopes is provided by an increase in appropriation from \$1,800,000 to \$3,000,000.

A new appropriation added would provide \$4,000,000 for purchase by the government of the pneumatic postal tubes in the larger metropolitan cities. In all the committee increased the \$333,000,000 house bill by \$32,000,000.

## TO PERMIT MEN IN SERVICE, NEW OUT OF STATE, TO VOTE IN CONNECTICUT

HARTFORD, Conn., March 18.—The general assembly for the second time since the Civil war met in special session today for the purpose of adopting legislation permitting Connecticut electors who may be out of the state in the military or naval service of the United States to vote in the elections in the fall. The constitution makes no provision for such voting. The bill was put into the house and senate and then sent to the judiciary committee. It was expected to come before the house for final action some time this afternoon.

## GARMENT WORKERS THREATEN STRIKE

CHICAGO, March 18.—Ten thousand members of the United Garment Workers, employed in 25 Chicago shops, threatened to strike today according to a statement by A. Schneider, secretary of the union, as a result of the employers refusing to grant a 15 per cent increase in wages. Shops working on government contracts will be exempted.

## NEW HAVEN ENGINEERS CHARGED WITH CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE IN INQUEST

NEW HAVEN, March 18.—Two New Haven railroad engineers were charged with criminal negligence in a report on an inquest on the deaths of two persons at Quincy last November, filed with the superior court here today by Judge Albert Avery. The accident happened when an express train passed a local standing at the Quincy Adams station. Mrs. Charles L. Casford and Ferdinand Iovanna being struck by the express and killed.

The court found that Engineer Henry Stearns of the express was criminally negligent in failing to reduce speed in passing a station where another train was standing, and that Frank Lutz, engineer of the other train, was criminally negligent in failing to see that his locomotive was equipped with a proper headlight. The inquest developed that a lantern had been substituted for the regular headlight.

Both engineers were arrested at the time and held for the April term of the grand jury on manslaughter charges.

## WITH THE ARMY AND NAVY

The regular army station sent five men to Boston today for final examination before becoming members of the regular forces. The men and the branch of service chosen were as follows: Walter S. McInerney, 239 Gorham street, coast artillery; Austin H. Kearney, North Billerica, coast artillery; Thomas A. Baldwin, Lawrence, medical corps; Thomas J. Cronin, Lawrence, medical corps; William J. Kealey, 262 Broadway, coast artillery.

The navy station officers had a little rest today after a week of steady grinding fitting up men for the naval reserve. There were few applicants and no ones enlisted. The reserve is still open to men between 18 and 30.

Chief Yeoman Tucker spent the greater part of Sunday in Haverhill inspecting naval posters in that metropolis and this afternoon he was scheduled to "cover" Andover and Lawrence.

The local navy station officers have received the following letter of commendation in making the relations and parades and other exercises on April 6 worthy of the cause in whose interest the day has been set aside.

At Pelham Bay James B. Thomas, who enlisted in the local reserve at the local station early this month, has arrived at the navy training station, Pelham Bay, N. Y., and is perfectly happy but for one thing. At the time of his departure from Lowell he was obliged to leave on short notice and was unable to secure a Red Cross outfit which he had planned to wear on his first recruit leaving the local station.

When he arrived at Pelham Bay he wrote a letter to Chief Tucker at the local station telling his tale of woe and asking that arrangements be made so that he might secure the outfit. Chief Tucker immediately got in touch with the local Red Cross and James will receive his outfit within a few days. After making his request, the Lowell boy says: "Pelham Bay is some place and I like it fine so far. I guess when they get through with a man here, he is fit enough to meet the most ruthless Hun face to face. I wish to thank you in advance for what I asked you to do. I remain, JAMES B. THOMAS."

Edward J. Campbell of 120 South street, son of Mrs. Katharine Campbell, enlisted in the navy as an apprentice seaman on Feb. 27, and left Lowell today for Boston to go into active service. A number of his friends gathered at his home last evening and tendered him a rousing send-off. Campbell had been employed by the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad as a machinist in Waterbury, Conn.

Promotion For Lowell Boy William Bostwick, Jr., who volunteered his services in the aviation corps of the regular army, for the field has received the rank of corporal. He is now stationed at San Antonio, Texas. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. William Bostwick of 940 Gorham street.

## RESUMES INVESTIGATION OF PACKING INDUSTRY

OMAHA, Neb., March 18.—Francis J. Heney, general counsel for the federal trade commission, resumed his investigation of the packing industries in Omaha today.

A. F. Stryker, secretary and traffic manager of the South Omaha livestock exchange, testified that the general understanding among cattle producers was that Armour & Co., dominated the Omaha stock yards.

Mr. Heney then read from the records of the federal trade commission

**Going, Going, All Unclaimed FRAMED PICTURES, REPAIRED CLOCKS, ETC.,**

which have been in our store 30 days or more will be disposed of as we see fit after Saturday, March 23rd. We need the room.

**CALL AND GET YOURS**

Highest Prices for Old Gold and Silver

**RICARD'S** 123 CENTRAL STREET

## THE STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK, March 18.—Substantial recoveries from yesterday's general depression prevailed at the opening of today's stock market. Among industrial rallies averaged a point in Bethlehem and Crucible Steels and Central Leather. Oils also made material gains, Texas Co. advancing over two points. Shipplings were strong and American Telephone featured the firm or utilities. Among the changes were limits to Canadian Pacific at an advance of 1-4 points and Union Pacific and Reading, which gained large fractions. Liberty bonds were irregular.

Shipplings soon reversed their course, probably in consequence of the uncertainties attending the Dutch tonnage situation and the entire list became irregular to set. In the second hour several groups of stocks, including related specialties. Shipplings continued to set as a restraining influence, however, and investment rails also denoted fresh pressure, Canadian Pacific making a new minimum for the current movement. Liberty 3-12s sold at 97.45 to 97.50, first 4s at 96.10 to 96.15 and second 4s at 95.75 to 95.80.

The usual dull trading occurred during the mid-session, but the hard-ened again though only fractionally. Rails and steamship shares still constituted the most backward features, industrial responding to a moderate buying.

Changes in the dull final hour were mostly in the direction of higher levels. The closing was firm. Liberty 3 1/2s sold at 97.45 to 97.50, first 4s at 96.10 to 96.15 and second 4s at 95.75 to 95.80.

**New York Clearings**  
NEW YORK, March 18.—Exchanges, \$583,534,717; balances, \$43,216,401.

**Cotton Futures**  
NEW YORK, March 18.—Cotton futures opened irregular. March, 11.35; May, 12.65 to 12.70; July, 12.25; October, 11.85; December, 10.75.

**Futures closed unsettled.** March 33.40; May 32.45; July 31.75; October 30.65; December 30.65.

**Money Market**  
NEW YORK, March 18.—Mercantile paper, four months, 6; six months, 6. Sterling, 60-day bills, 4.75; commercial 60-day bills of banks, 4.75; commercial 60-day bills, 4.75; demand, 4.75; cables, 4.75-1.16. Francs: Demand, 5.75; cables, 5.71. Guilders: Demand, 6.75; cables, 6.71. Lires: Demand, 8.75; cables, 8.71. Rubles: Demand, 13; cables, 13. Bar silver, 87. Mexican dollars, 70. Government bonds strong; railroad bonds, irregular.

Time loans, strong; 60 days, 90 days and 6 months, 8 1/2.

Call money firm; high 5 1/2; low 5 1/2; ruling rate 5 1/2; closing bid 5; offered at 5 1/2; last loan 5 1/2.

## NEW YORK MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Allis Chalmers	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Am Can	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2
Am Car & F	74 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2
Am Oil	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
Am Hides L Com	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
Am Hide & L p	58	58	58
Am Locomo	61 1/4	61 1/4	61 1/4
Am Lead & Z	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
Am Sumatra	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2
Am Wool	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2
Anaconda	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/2
Atlantic G	81 1/2	81 1/2	81 1/2
Baldwin Loco	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2
Balt & Ohio	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
Beth Steel B	79 1/2	79 1/2	79 1/2
Bt Ray Fd	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2
Canadian Pa	137 1/2	137 1/2	137 1/2
Cent Leather	69 1/2	69 1/2	69 1/2
Cines & Ohio	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2
Chl & Gt W pf	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Chl M & P	21 1/2	21 1/2	21 1/2
Chl	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
Consol Gas	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2
Corn Products	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2
Gen Motors	122 1/2	122 1/2	122 1/2
Gen North pf	88 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/2
Gen Ore pf	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2
Gen Steel	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2
Int Mer Marine	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2
Int Mer Marine pf	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2
Int Paper	38	38	38
Int Paper pf	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
Kan City S	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2
Kan & Texas	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
Lackawanna Steel	78	78	78
Lehigh Valley	16 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2
Maxwell 2d	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Mex Petroleum	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2
Missouri P	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Nat Lead	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
N Y Air Brake	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
N Y Central	72 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2
Nor & West	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
Porta P	84 1/2	84 1/2	84 1/2
Pac Mail	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
Pennsylvania	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
Pitts Coal	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2
Pressed Steel	61 1/2	61 1/2	61 1/2
St Paul	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2
St Paul pf	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2
South Ry	61 1/2	61 1/2	61 1/2
Studebaker	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
Tenn Copper	16 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2
Union Pacific	122 1/2	122 1/2	122 1/2
U S Ind Alcohol	122 1/2	122 1/2	122 1/2
U S Rub	55 1/2	55 1/2	55 1/2
U S Steel	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2
U S Steel pf	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
U S Steel S	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2
Utah Copper	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2
Wabash S	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2
Western Overland	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Western Un	93	93	93
Ex-Div	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2

POSTON, March 18.—There was little activity in copper trading on the local market today and many stocks showed fractional losses.

## BOSTON MARKET RAILROADS

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Boston Elevated	51	48	48
N Y & N H	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2

## MINING

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Arizona Com	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
Cal & Oregon	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Cal & Arizona	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
China	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
Copper Range	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
Daily West	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
Front Range	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
Franklin	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2
Inspiration	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
Miami	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
Mohawk	62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2
Nevada	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Nipissing	8 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2
North Butte	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
Ray Com	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Shattuck Ariz	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Superior & Boston	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2
U S Smelting	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
Utah Apex	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Utah Cons	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2

## TELEPHONE

Am Tel & Tel	101 1/4	100 1/2	100 1/2
New Eng Tel	91 1/4	91 1/4	91 1/4

## MISCELLANEOUS

Am Ag Chem pf	82	82	82
Am Pneu	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2
Am Woolen	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2
Am Woolen pf	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2
Mass Elec	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
Mass Elec pf	16 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2
Port Creek	19 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/2
Swift & Co	125 1/2	125 1/2	125 1/2
United Fruit	128 1/2	128 1/2	128 1/2
United Sh M	46 1/2	46 1/2	46 1/2
Ex-Div	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2

## YOUR NEW BOSS IS A SILENT MAN

Special to The Sun  
WASHINGTON, Mar. 18.—Meet your new boss.

Your boss, he is, if you're in any way concerned in American war industry.

Silent, ever-busy, he's holding the greatest industrial power ever centered in one man's hands. His power dwarfs Rockefeller's. President Wilson made him mighty at one stroke of the pen.

He's Bernard M. Baruch. Baruch has supervision of all raw and manufactured material needed for our war; he also purchases all American materials for the allies.

His say-so concerns billions, not millions.

He's conspicuous hero for the padlock on his tongue. He doesn't talk. He just works. He was born in South Carolina. The end of the Civil war found his father "broke," like most men of the



BERNARD M. BARUCH

south. The senior Baruch had been a surgeon in the confederate army. Young Baruch received his education in New York City college and in Wall street. There he not only took all the diplomas, but millions of dollars as well, being known as one of the most resourceful and daring speculators.

When war came Baruch became a member of the Council of National Defense, his particular job being to look after raw materials. It probably cost him more to serve than any other dollar-a-year man. Some are salaried officers of big corporations, and their salaries go on. Others are heads of great business firms, and their interest still brings large returns. But Baruch was a Wall street operator. He sold his seat in the stock exchange, closed his business and disposed of most of his stocks and bonds. His sole business today is Uncle Sam's business.

He has just two passions—to help win the war and to serve President Wilson, who is his idol.

When he first came here, official Washington looked askance because he was a Wall street man. Time and Baruch have worked wonders. He now has the entire confidence of the president, and almost as important, of the big labor leaders.

The workers believe in him as they do in Wilson and Baruch. Baruch has no delusions as to the difficulties of his job, nor of America's job. Old laws of business and trade competition must be scrapped, he knows; this is a time to slash tape and get things done.

To assist him Baruch has already surrounded himself with men who like himself have forged their way up to places of power by ability and not by pull or inheritance.

Baruch himself is: Over six feet tall; Straight as a pine; Smooth-shaven; Gray-haired.

When he's through at the office he goes straight home to a wife and three children.

## TO REARRANGE HOURS AT CARTRIDGE SHOP

According to rumors current about the city today there is to be a general rearrangement of working hours at the U. S. Cartridge Co. plants in this city to go into effect within a short time. It is understood that certain employees will be given a day out during the week and that Sunday work will be done. Inquiry at the Cartridge Co. this afternoon brought the denial by one of the officials that any rearrangement had already been made but no comment was afforded as to whether or not a rearrangement is to go into effect later. Supt. Gerald Cahill could not be reached on the telephone and the reason given was that he was attending "an important meeting."

If you want to reach the people who spend their money in Lowell, advertise in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

The latter part of the evening was devoted to a social hour during which an entertainment program was given and refreshments were served.

## THE SUN IS ON SALE AT THE NORTH STATION

## BOSTON

## IS RUSSIAN COMMENT ON CIVIL WILSON'S MESSAGE

MOSCOW, March 18.—(By the Associated Press).—President Wilson's message to the Russian people is very significant and is limited recognition of the socialist and conservative newspaper Ranneye Outro. The message shows the determination of the United States to interfere in Russian internal affairs, adds the newspaper, which continues:

"In these grave days there is great moral support in the firm intention of the powerful trans-Atlantic republic to secure for Russia complete sovereignty and independence in her own affairs. The United States, which was declared to be capitalist by the Bolsheviks proves faithful to the principles proclaimed by her and the sincerity of her position was acknowledged by the Bolsheviks in the hearty reception the soviet congress gave to the president's message."

## FRENCH PRESS LAUDS AMERICAN RED CROSS

PARIS, March 18.—The French press is unanimous in expressions of gratitude and praise for the admirable work performed by the American Red Cross on Friday following the explosions at La Courneuve.

The first at Courneuve is still smoldering in the ruins of the factory and smaller explosions are of frequent occurrence, but the blaze is under control. Twenty-four bodies have been recovered. It is not expected that the number of dead will reach thirty, as was officially announced.

## SCHOOL CHILDREN TO ASSIST IN WAR SAVINGS STAMP CAMPAIGN

The local war savings stamp campaign has extended into another channel of activity which from present indications will help materially as a tributary to the general success of the drive in Lowell. The schools are to take up the work at once and Supt. Hugh J. Molloy this morning outlined briefly the plan of campaign.

The element of rivalry will be introduced in the form of junior four-minute speakers. The pupils in the schools will be urged to prepare little talks on the benefits of the savings stamps, both to the individual and to the nation. The speeches will be delivered by the pupils themselves and a certificate will be awarded the best speaker in each grade.

Mr. Molloy has received from George D. Strayer of the division of education of the national war savings stamp committee, a set of problems in arithmetic which introduce phases of the war savings stamp campaign. He has asked Mr. Molloy to make duplicates and distribute them among the schools. If the arithmetic papers are successful similar papers dealing with the stamps in terms of history, English, geography and domestic science lessons will also be forwarded.

The work is to be started at once in the local schools and Mr. Molloy has little doubt but what it will be successful. He said: "The schools furnish a splendid organization for this work which is just beginning to be noticed. They are a great power for the dissemination of information."

## FIVE SHIPWRECKED MEN REACH PORT

AN ATLANTIC PORT, March 18.—Five shipwrecked men, the crew of the Arabian schooner Tattler, who abandoned their vessel in a gale while bound from Turk's Island, West Indies, to a Newfoundland port, were aboard a British steamer which arrived here today. The steamer picked them up at sea.

The Tattler, owned by the Gorton-Pear Fisheries Co., registered 188 tons. Her home port was Gloucester, Mass.

## KERRY S



# HARKINS ILL, LOWELL REVIEW OF HIGH SCHOOL LAUNCH PLAN TO COMBAT LOST TO LAWRENCE TRACK SEASON GERMAN PROPAGANDA

## POLO LEAGUE STANDING

Lowell	Won	Lost	P.C.
Lowell	43	24	64.1
Providence	41	34	54.7
Lewiston	37	33	52.3
Lawrence	29	35	45.7
Worcester	28	38	42.3
Portland	27	38	41.5

## ROLLER POLO RESULTS

Lawrence 3, Lowell 2.  
Providence 3, Worcester 2.  
Lewiston-Portland-Cancelled.

**LAWRENCE, March 18.**—With Capt. Ferdie Harkins out of the lineup as a result of illness, Lowell appeared like a ship without a rudder and went down to defeat here last night by the score of 5 to 2. The Lawrence team, with Duggan rushing, put it all over their rivals and only for the remarkable work of Purcell at goal the score would have been much larger. Buckley, a Lowell amateur, appeared in the Lowell lineup in place of Harkins.

Slater scored first for Lawrence soon after half time had been reached in the first period. Williams evened up for Lowell but Slater caged the ball again in brief time and put the home club into the lead. From that time on Lawrence caged the ball at will with Slater the medium three times in the second and third periods. Each team was credited with a goal by accident, Purcell and Jean shooting the ball into their respective cages. Lawrence carried the ball up the floor with ease, while Lowell was lost without the services of Harkins, although Buckley put up a fair exhibition considering his lack of experience. The Lawrence defense played its usual strong game while the home club's rushes carried the ball to their opponents' goal throughout the game. Purcell was bombarded with shots during the whole game but he performed like a veteran as is shown by the 60 stops he made. The game lacked the roughness which has characterized the last few games between the teams and Referee Graham had an easy night, calling but one foul on each team. Cusick and Hardy were the offenders. Duggan went to the spot faster than Duggan and secured nine of the 12 rushes.

In an amateur game the Dooles of this city defeated the Highland Daylights of Lowell by the score of 5 to 2. The lineup and summary:

LAWRENCE	LOWELL
Duggan 1r	1r Williams
Slater 2r	2r Buckley
Jean c	c Griffith
Hardy lb	lb Cusick
Blount g	g Purcell

Caged by, Won by Time  
Slater, Lawrence 1.00  
Williams, Lowell 4.00  
Duggan, Lawrence 1.48

(Second Period)  
Duggan, Lawrence 1.00  
Accident, Lawrence 11.01  
Slater, Lawrence 3.15

(Third Period)  
Slater, Lawrence 2.32  
Accident, Lowell 3.35  
Slater, Lawrence 2.25  
Duggan, Lawrence 1.32

Score: Lawrence 3, Lowell 2. Rushes: Duggan 9, Williams 3. Stops: Purcell 60, Blount 27. Fouls: Cusick and Hardy. Referee: Graham. Timer: Peters.

## POLO NOTES

The scrappy Lewiston team will meet Lowell at the Rollaway rink tonight.

The Lewiston team, which led the league for several weeks and was only knocked out of the first rung when two members were forced out of the game by injuries, has regained its old-time form with the return of the regulars to the lineup. "Duke" Duffresne, captain of the Muckmen, is one of the most aggressive men in the league. He is full of pep, and as an obstructionist has few superiors. He plays the game for all it's worth, and as a result has suffered two painful injuries during the season. First he was laid up with a broken nose, and shortly after returning to the game, he suffered a broken hand. Now he is on the mend, and it is expected that he will be with the team tonight.

A large crowd of Lowell rooters took in the game at Lawrence last night.

On next Friday night Portland, with Cameron back in the lineup will play in Lowell.

## ZBYSZKO AND LEWIS IN "RUBBER" MATCH

**NEW YORK, March 18.**—Wladek Zbyszko and "Strangler" Ed Lewis, each of whom has scored a victory over the other, will meet again here tonight in a catch-as-catch-can wrestling contest at Madison Square Garden. Nothing but the struggle hold will be barred and one fall will decide the winner. The match will be limited to two hours, and the referee, in case no fall is scored, will give a decision on points.

## SERGT. HANDS CONVALESCENT

Sergeant Howard Hands of Beacon st., who is located at Washington, D. C., where he has been confined to a hospital for the past few weeks, suffering from cerebral spinal meningitis, is recovering rapidly and he expects to come to Lowell on a week's furlough in a couple of weeks.

The glad news of the young man's recovery was received yesterday by his mother, in a letter written by the young sergeant. The young officer also states that he was visited by Congressman Rogers during his illness, while Mr. Rogers calls on him two or three times a week and brings him flowers and fruit.

## Keeping Faith with the Public No. 3

Better days are coming, with the aid of America's strong arm. For those better days we want to keep intact our big army of workers. That can be done by maintaining at whatever cost the vast volume of sales gained by the TOTEM as a de-car. Therefore we decline, for the present at least, to join the universal game of price-raising. The TOTEM cigar still sells at 5c. The dealers' profit is protected. We carry the burden with good cheer. Keeping faith with the public is merely one way of DOING OUR BIT.

## TOTEM 5¢ CIGAR

Made in the World's Finest Cigar Factory

WAITT & BOND INC BOSTON

Now that the 1918 season of the high school track season has passed into history, it is interesting to review the efforts of the local men in comparison with those of their opponents and see just what they have done.

Lowell last the first three meets of the season and won the second three. The results of the various meets are as follows:

Lowell	28 1/2	Wakefield	34 1/2
Lowell	23	Alumni	55
Lowell	15 1/2	M. I. T.	46
Lowell	15 1/2	Boston Col.	35 1/2
Lowell	56 1/2	St. John's	24 1/2
Lowell	41	Newburyport	22

Lowell 225-2-3 Opponents 220-1-3  
Lowell has shown up strongest in the high jump where Capt. Warren Mansur has romped home with first place in the entire six meets. The 200 was Lowell's second strong point where five first places out of a possible six were captured. Lowell won the relay race in four of the meets.

The 30-yard dash and the 1000-yard run each netted Coach Harkness' men three first places. The 600 brought two, the 800, hurdles and shot put one apiece.

In the matter of individual work during the season Capt. Mansur is head and shoulders over his men with a total of 70 points piled up as a result of his personal efforts. Markham is next with 16 points. The table in detail is as follows:

Name	Points
Mansur	70
Markham	16
Hedlund	15
Quill	13
Coughlin	11 5-8
Mullane	11
Keith	10 1-2
Hart	9
Stevenson	8
Baron	5 5-6
McNally	5
Harber	3
Ryan	3
Sullivan	2
Vandenberg	1
Falmgren	1
Sheldon	1
Saunders	1-2

## BOXING CARNIVAL

### Lowell Boy Fails to Appear to Defend His Title

**BOSTON, March 18.**—The annual boxing carnival of the New England Amateur Athletic Union here last night was enlivened by the work of boxers from the nearby naval stations. More than 25 bouts were held to decide the champions in each of the seven classes. During the preliminaries there were two knockouts.

Billy Rush, Boston navy yard, took high honors, winning the 157 and 175-pound titles. Tommy Fall of Lowell, the 108-pound champion, failed to appear to defend his title. The proceeds of the carnival went to the army and navy athletic equipment committee.

The finals of each class follow:  
115-pound class—Bob Josephs, Boston, defeated Danny Kramer, Boston (three rounds).  
158-pound class—Billy Rush, Boston navy yard, defeated Dan McCormick, Boston (three rounds).  
165-pound class—Joe Willis, Chelsea, defeated Gill Starbuck, Everett (three rounds).  
125-pound class—Charles Parker, Boston, defeated Jerry Healy, Boston navy yard (one round).  
136-pound class—Joe Melanson, Boston, defeated Joe Pangrazio, Weymouth (two rounds).  
145-pound class—Al Lacy, Chelsea, defeated Larry Stead, Cambridge (three rounds).  
175-pound class—Billy Rush, Boston navy yard, defeated Frank Mitchell, Boston (one round).

## POLO AVERAGES

### Higgins and Harkins Still Top Goal Getters

Higgins and Harkins continue at the top of the procession in the matter of goals, with 219 and 173, respectively, in the American Roller Polo League. Higgins, of Lowell, and Thompson, of Providence, follow.

Mulligan, Worcester, leads to the spot. Doherty continues the champion villain, with 26 fouls against his name. Blount leads the goles. The rushes made by:

Mulligan 230, Higgins 306, Red Williams 219, Lincoln 233, Duggan 225, Kehoe 215, Williams 215, Oldham 205, O'Hearne 92, Slater 82, Long 93, George Hart 62, Mulvey 45, Jason 44, Reed 18, Lucy 9, Freehand 2, Harkins 1, Bob Hart 2, Daigault 2, Thompson 1.

Goals scored by:  
Higgins 219, Harkins 173, George Hart 151, Thompson 145, Kid Williams 118, Red Williams 106, Bob Hart 92, Mulligan 88, Duggan 82, Slater 77, Lincoln 76, Kehoe 74, Griffith 62, Long 45, O'Hearne 58, Jason 45, Alexander 43, head 13, Duffresne 38, Jean 26, Mulvey 17, McHugh 11, Farrell 190, O'Brien 8, Donnelly 5, Daigault 2, Morrison 7, Brown 5, Flinnell 2, Asquith 3, Kahney 1.

Fouls made by:  
Doherty 26, Donnelly 22, Hardy 18, Farrell 13, Morrison 13, Griffith 12, Mulvey 10, O'Brien 9, Cameron 8, Blount 7, Bob Hart 6, Thompson 5, Harkins 5, Kehoe, Red Williams, 5, Mulligan, Alexander, Slater, 3 each; Oldham, Mulligan, Ryan, Long, Brown, 2 each; Pence, George, Williams, 2 each; Lincoln, Jason and Mulvey, 1 each.

Goal tenders' averages:

Blount	Stopped	Missed	P.C.
Blount	2881	250	92.0
Pence	3143	205	93.4
Conley	2919	294	90.2
Muller	411	44	90.2
Purcell	3031	413	86.0
Mullen	2492	365	85.0
Hard	824	123	86.0
Cameron	1084	186	85.5

**NEW YORK, March 18.**—A comprehensive plan for the promotion of two important divisions of its work, that devoted to combating German propaganda throughout the country, and that designed to awaken a more responsive American citizenship, has been announced by the National Security League. It is based on the personal contact idea, which the league declares it has found much more effective than printed propaganda.

Under the direction of Dr. Robert M. McElroy, educational director of the Security League, under leave of absence from Princetown university, where he is head of the department of history and politics, the league has organized what it terms a "National Patriotic Education Faculty." This faculty is composed of prominent educators who are familiar with the development of German propaganda in this country and are schooled in the science of government and politics. These men are to carry into every nook and corner of the country the message of the true meanings of the war and the necessity of individual service on the part of every citizen to overcome the menace of defeat.

## Already in Field

The Security League has already obtained the release on full pay for this work of seven men from important colleges and universities. Five of these are already in the field—

Dr. Franklin H. Giddings, of Columbia university, in the south.  
Dr. W. B. Munro of Harvard, in California.

Dr. W. H. Schofield, of Harvard, in the northwest.  
Dr. C. H. Van Tyne, of the University of Michigan, in the middle west.

Dr. Walter P. Hall, of Princeton, in Washington and Oregon.  
On April 1 two additional members of the "National Patriotic Education Faculty" will take the field—

Dr. A. F. Libby, of the University of Colorado, in the Rocky Mountains states.  
Dr. E. D. Adams, of Leland Stanford University, in New England.

Further additions to the faculty are now in progress of negotiation, and in the next few weeks the Security League will have at least a dozen of these important educators operating in various parts of the country.

To assist Dr. McElroy in conducting this special campaign the Security League has also obtained the release on leave of absence from the board of education of Passaic, N. J., of Miss Ella V. Leighton, the well-known vocational teacher. She is at the headquarters of the league in this city, acting as civic secretary.

## Organization Campaign

In addition to this "National Patriotic Education Faculty," the Security League is also about to launch a nationwide organization campaign by means of a corps of field secretaries, who will cover the country, forming branches of the league. The league already has 381 branches scattered in practically every state in the Union, but the almost universal response which has been forthcoming as a result of its anti-secession and "Wake Up, America!" efforts has led its officers to believe that the time is now ripe for an extensive membership drive.

Two of these field secretaries are already out—Joseph T. Cashman, who took an important part as counsel for the state in the administration for the state in New York city, and Edward A. Green, of Boston, who has been working in the middle west and the latter in Pennsylvania and New Jersey. Other men will be sent out from league headquarters in a few days. They will work under the direction of Henry L. West, executive secretary of the league.

## How Plan Works

Dr. McElroy, in discussing the operation of the "National Patriotic Education Faculty" today, said:

"The plan for the use of these professors is to divide the country into the United States into as many general divisions as there are professors released for this work. To each one of these divisions the National Security League sends three or four hundred letters addressed to the principal newspapers, principal educational officials, the governors, state councils of defense, and similar organizations. These letters, which are signed by a specially qualified man, are sent into their district representing the National Security League; that he proposes to give his entire time to the work of interpreting the meaning of the war in co-operation with any patriotic organizations which desire his assistance or wish to make use of him as a public speaker.

"In every case where the representative has already arrived in his district he has been deluged with invitations, of which he has selected such as appear most important.

"For instance, Professor Hall upon entering Oregon was advised that the most important thing was to visit and study the great lumber camps whence spruce timber is being produced, and to get into contact with the I.W.W. propaganda by facing it among the laborers themselves. He has given a great deal of time to this work and reports satisfactory results. A letter from the Oregon Council of Defense declares Professor Hall is doing wonderful work in the big timber country.

## "Following Up"

"Each professor also leaves behind him permanent organizations in the shape of committees of loyal citizens who are willing to follow up his campaign, to distribute literature and to engage in a personal individual campaign upon the degree of skill with which these individual follow-up campaigns are planned. We do not count so much upon public meetings for permanent results. These entering wedges are given the spectators. The real educational work must be done in each district by men and women who are willing to devote their time to the reaching of individuals.

"One item of particular importance is the effort which we make in every district to reach the educational machinery and to start it systematically to work, placing in the hands, first of superintendent and teachers, and through them of students of all ages, the simple fundamental elementary ideas which will make them real Americans.

The campaign is planned upon the belief that the nation's American, while implying no particular creed, religion, color or place of birth, does not necessarily imply certain definite political convictions. If we can get these ideas firmly implanted in the minds of the teachers in each district and get these teachers filled with the idea that an important part of their mission is to see that these ideas are firmly implanted in the minds of all of their children, we shall accomplish a work which will tell in the future in the creation of a patriotism based upon



Sampeck Clothes  
The Standard of America

unity of ideas and ideals throughout this country.

## "Common To All"

"If we are to be a nation we must have some things which are common to all, irrespective of blood or past history. The process of Americanization is needed, not only for Americans of foreign birth, but in many instances for Americans of American birth who have not been made completely to realize that America is a unity in so far as every citizen is loyal to certain specific ideals and beliefs.

"Our faith in the success of this campaign is the faith that it is possible to make even 100,000,000 people think fundamentally alike upon those elementary issues in dispute between this country and Prussianized Germany. A German may become an American, a Prussian may become an American, if he can be convinced that the fundamental ideas which are the basis of Prussianism are wrong, and that the corresponding fundamental ideas which are the basis of the American national are right, and if

he can be induced to give them his allegiance."

## WATCH OUT FOR GERMAN SPY

Max Cook, a St. Louis newspaper man who is authority on German spies in America and who captured the "Master Spy" Armand Earl Graves, is writing a series of spy stories for "The Sun," the first of which is appended.

Is your neighbor a German spy?  
Mr. Munition Maker! Is the youthful debutante who audaciously held a tete-a-tete with you at last night's dance dancing while your wife was not looking—a German spy?

Mr. Glib-tongue! Is the head waiter in your favorite club, who hangs over you perpetually, fills your every want instantaneously, a German spy?

"Ridiculous! Of course not!" you say.

Take a glance at the records of the German spies already captured in the United States; then look back over your own actions since war was declared between this country and Germany, and ask yourself if you have said anything in public that—heard by a spy—might give "aid and comfort" to the enemy.

Do you know all about your neighbor? Do you know all about that debutante who danced with you last night? Do you know that that head waiter cannot possibly be there to gather just such threads of information that a munition maker and clubman might accidentally drop in conversation?

Ridiculous?

A prominent secret service operative says: There are 250,000 German spies in the United States.

He says that 25 per cent of this quarter million Hohenzollern intelligence agents are women—some of them exceedingly beautiful, all attractive. But all are wily women—with service of the Kaiser first at heart; serving their utmost nerve and wiles to do damage to your brother or father "over there" and yourself, your neighbors and your country over here.

The consensus of opinion among secret service men who are on the job is that 90 per cent of this marvelous spy organization are naturalized American citizens!

## What Is a German Spy?

A secret service man who has been at work on the German spy system in this country for months was asked the questions:

"What is a German spy? What does he—or she—look like? How can you tell a German spy from an ordinary person?"

"You cannot," he answered, "unless you make it a business, study them and keep continually after them. Most of them are clever, but this very cleverness is what gives them away."

A person asked and got permission to go through a munition plant where large sheets of rubber are manufactured, to "see how the thing was

done," so he could tell his family and congregation. The guard who conducted him was a United States secret service man. The two came to a machine from which rolled large sheets of rubber.

"May I have a piece of that sheet rubber, I would like to take it home as a souvenir," said the person.

"Certainly," said the secret service man, as he reached for his pocket knife.

By the time the secret service man had opened his knife blade, however, the person had opened his own and was drawing the blade rapidly between his lips, wetting it.

Placing his hand on the person's shoulder, the secret service man calmly said:

"I'm going to take a chance and arrest you. You claim to be a minister. It is hardly probable that a minister would know that you have to wet the blade of a knife before you can cut rubber."

An investigation revealed the person was an enemy alien, and he was interned.

## Classifying the Spies

The German spies in the United States can be divided into six classes, and these classes sub-divided into as many more apiece.

First, there is the military spy, who obtains important military secrets of great value to his country. In this class will be found the brains of the German spy system, for the work is the most difficult and dangerous. Capture means certain death. With this class is the political spy who "fixes" or attempts to fix persons attached to the most important offices in the nation, thus establishing "leaks" on information. Among the operatives of this class are business and professional men with large local followings, also the real operatives, the men who sort out the intelligence, determine its value and regulate the further courses of action by other branches of the spy system accordingly.

The second class of German spies are the destructionists, men and women, whose sole duty is to realize by fire and destructive scientific methods those ends which the other members of the system are unable to attain. With enemy aliens running practically undisturbed, these agents have achieved a series of German victories by destruction of food-stuffs and war material. Included in this class are the bomb throwers, dynamiters, "torches," women who put defects in munitions who are assisting to manufacture, men and women who put glass in foods, train wreckers, and the clerk who purposely routes a train of munitions or foodstuffs wrongly when the utmost speed is necessary to serve our army across the sea. Often the clerk who does this notifies the German spy system of the route and time of passing of the munition train.

The third class is composed of industrial disorganizers or organizers of industrial unrest. Their chief business is to foment strikes and other disorders, to assist in delaying production, to hamper methods of distribution and confuse and paralyze industries wherever possible. A hundred of these operatives can do more damage than an army corps.

The fourth class consists of the

disease spreaders. Their diabolical work already has resulted in untold damage. Included in this class are the spreaders of germs, fudge doctors and poison users. From peddling poison court plasters to the farmers in Kansas and the distribution of germs of foot-and-mouth disease throughout the central west, to the spreading of spinal meningitis germs, is but one small step compared to some of the German disease carriers are taking.

The fifth class is the well-known propagandist. The pro-German propagandists' work has been felt, undoubtedly, by every man, woman and child in the United States. He is a financier, an organizer, a "dred-in-the-wool" patriot, sometimes; a molder of public opinion, and one of the most cowardly and underhand personages in the entire German spy system. This man—or woman—poses as a patriotic American citizen, then does everything in his power to poison the minds of the community, to embarrass the United States army, navy and administration, the Red Cross, the Y.M.C.A., and every organization engaged in winning the war. The propagandist is a snake, hidden in the grass of patriotism, fearful of daylight, but using its fangs freely in the darkness. Probably every citizen has heard, somewhere, the story of the woman who sewed a \$5 bill in a sweater she had knitted for the Red Cross, and found her sweater several days later on a Red Cross work-at a store, whereupon she tipped the sweater open and found her \$5 bill. This story was believed by thousands of whom stopped knitting for the Red Cross on the strength of it. It was proved to be "pure bunk."

The sixth class of German spy is also a community man or woman. He is the man who organizes societies to combat war moves and camouflages his movements by claiming he is a peace lover.

The average citizen would be shocked and surprised to know what a large percentage of the valuable information Germany acquires through her intelligence system is obtained through the careless talking of this nation's own people.

And they would be slightly—greatly—provoked, if they realized how much of this information "leaked" through butlers, maids, housekeepers and janitors right in their own homes, clubs and apartments.

Is your neighbor a spy? Will it do any harm to watch him closely if he is not?

The fourth class consists of the

## Open Friday Nights

# YOUR BOY'S EASTER SUIT

If your boy is to have a new Suit for Easter select a

## Sampeck Model

THIS WEEK

SAMPECK CLOTHES are sold in Lowell only at the Merrimack. They are dependable this year as usual for quality, style and service.

## SAMPECK SPRING SUITS AT

\$10, \$12, \$15

## Merrimack Boys' Dept.

TAKES THE LEAD AGAIN!

We Are Lowell's Headquarters For

## "Dubblebilt" Suits For Boys

A Suit guaranteed for six months and yet the price is but

\$8.75

Just think—A Suit for boys with double seat, knees and elbows, pocket double sewn and double locked, each wear seam reinforced, made from cravenette cloth, in the very newest patterns. In these thrifty times this suit should be of vital interest to every mother.

## REMEMBER

A six-month guarantee, to repair free of charge any rip, hole or tear that shows itself, goes with every suit.

## MERRIMACK CLOTHING COMPANY

Across From City Hall

## Corn for Breakfast

—and there's no form equal to

## POST TOASTIES

—and there's no form equal to

# THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

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## BLOCKING CHARTER REFORM

Certain city hall officials, it is alleged, have begun to block the movement for charter reform. Their scheme is to get in a petition in favor of Plan C ahead of the petition favoring Plan B, as only one complete petition can be considered in the same year.

The people behind the Plan C petition have deliberately adopted this method of defeating charter reform and hence every voter who signs it is, therefore, made a party, unconsciously though it be, to the conspiracy.

Plan B would give us a city council of fifteen members, nine of whom would represent the wards and six would be elected at large. The pay of these fifteen members would be \$500 each, making a total of \$7,500, which with the mayor's salary of \$3,000 makes the total \$10,500 or \$2,500 less per annum than is paid to the present commission.

It is true that Plan B gives the council the power to fix the mayor's salary as high as \$5,000, but it is not expected that any council so constituted would favor an increase over the present figure of \$3,000, at least for some years to come.

Although under Plan B the mayor is saddled with great responsibility and great power, yet in all probability there would be no cause for a change in his salary for many years.

In a council of fifteen there would be a majority to stand out for the interests of the city with more business sagacity than would any three men from a commission of five such as we have been electing.

Plan C is but slightly different from the present form and where they differ, the latter is preferable. Thus, for example, the mayor presides at the meetings of the council and also those of the school board but has no veto power. Each commissioner could select the heads of his own departments and if dishonest could thus choose his own tools. As to salary Plan C would limit the mayor's salary to \$3,000 and that of each of the commissioners to \$4,000. These figures would not secure the election of better men. Anybody who signs the Plan C petition signifies his endorsement of the entire plan.

One great fault of the present charter is, that the officials chosen under it can use the resources of the city to perpetrate themselves in office and thus become political fixtures to the exclusion of other worthy men who would give better service for nothing if given the opportunity.

## HOW TO HELP WIN THE WAR

Some people complain at the slightest inconvenience from lack of sugar, from having to eat war bread or from the substitutes. But that is not patriotic. We are in the war and we are only just beginning to feel its effects. There is a long struggle ahead in which we shall have to make sacrifices of which we have not as yet dreamed.

Therefore it is not well to raise a howl over little things. If we do that what shall happen us when the real strain comes?

Some are disposed to blame Hoover, but Mr. Hoover is doing the best he can to help the American people and the allies to win the war. There may be things that are wrong, that look unfair and undoubtedly they are, but in time they are sure to be righted.

Men battle for those things they have sought peacefully. Peaceful methods failing, they take into their hands the brand of war, they burn and kill rather than forego that which they have set their hearts upon.

Now if men realize that in robbing another they but rob themselves—as the house falls which divides itself—the road would be open for a human conduct based upon a really adequate method of life.

America it is who has been granted some inkling of this realization. Dissemination of this knowledge is the supreme propaganda, the responsibility for the carrying on of which, unless we are to sink back into ignorance, we cannot escape.

And if we keep our minds free from estimations of the possibility of personal loss, if we tie wholeheartedly to the thought that the things we seek at Armageddon are not for ourselves, but only a sharing of our own with others, no reverse shall discourage us.

But if we rate the material loss that may proceed to us out of the issues of battle, we shall write fear into our souls and each reverse shall dishearten us and each new difficulty shall leave us less muscled. Fear, fear for self, is our only real enemy.

It is one of the things we must drive out if we mean to win the war and win it in the shortest possible time.

## THE PLANTING SEASON

The time is now at hand to begin the spring drive for more crops than ever before and for more productive home gardens.

The experience of last year has given thousands of people a valuable insight to farm gardening and for that reason the gardens this year will be much better than last.

There is a ban on flour without substitution that cost more than flour and it is now within the power of most families to raise all they need of the fine, juicy vegetables such as cucumbers, parsnips, radishes, lettuce, celery, peas, beans, tomatoes and squashes. Anything raised in the home garden will be eaten with more relish than if

it were purchased from a peddler or from the municipal market.

The first step is to secure the land and prepare it for the seed, then to get the seed and plant it in the most approved style. Afterwards the weeding and hoeing will require attention and unless carefully done the crop may be disappointing.

It is to be hoped the public safety committee will this year improve upon the excellent work it did last year in promoting the home garden movement.

## THE K. OF C. WAR WORK

The Knights of Columbus have sent their first unit of chaplains and field secretaries to France and already they are engaged in field work there. Other contingents will soon follow. On this side of the water James K. Hackett, the famous American actor manager, has been engaged to direct entertainments for the K. of C. committee on war activities. He is now visiting the various American camps and organizing the latent dramatic talent he finds there for producing high class plays in the K. of C. recreation buildings. Mr. Hackett is swayed entirely by a patriotic motive in this work and will eventually go to France to assist in keeping up the morale of the army by furnishing entertainments for the men who have a respite to attend them.

The local council of the Knights is doing splendid work for the soldiers and in sending Hon. John T. Sparks to serve as secretary at Camp Devens they have furnished a man whose genial sociability will doubtless be appreciated by all with whom he comes in contact.

## FOR U. S. SENATRESS

Miss Anne Martin of Nevada is a candidate for the United States senate to succeed the late Senator Newlands, who gave the nation the railroad legislation named after him. Miss Martin is at Washington promoting her canvass, although it would appear that she might do so better by discussing her

## WHY WOMEN DREAD OLD AGE

Don't worry about old age. Don't worry about being in other people's way when you are getting on in years. Keep your body in good condition and you can be as hale and hearty in your old days as you were when a kid, and every one will be glad to see you.

The kidneys and bladder are the causes of senile afflictions. Keep them clean and in proper working condition. Drive the poisonous wastes from the system and avoid uric acid accumulations. Take GOLD MEDAL Hairton Oil Capsules periodically and you will find that the system will always be in perfect working order. Your spirits will be invigorated, your muscles made strong and your face have once more the look of youth and health.

There is only one guaranteed brand of Hairton Oil Capsules. GOLD MEDAL. There are many fakes on the market. Be sure you get the original GOLD MEDAL Imported Hairton Oil Capsules. They are the only reliable. For sale by all first-class druggists.

platform with the people of Nevada.

Speaking of her platform she said: "Concretely there are among others four problems which I have long studied in Nevada and through which I believe I could at this time serve my state and nation.

"They are the development of the land in the interests of the people, the conservation of water, the elimination of the long established railway discrimination against Nevada in freight rates, and protection by federal agencies of seasonal farm labor and its transfer from region to region in the interest of both the farmer and the laborer."

Miss Martin is first of all for woman suffrage and she hopes to get into the senate that she may there aid in passing the Anthony amendment which has already passed the house.

## WAR SAVING STAMPS

The sale of war saving and thrift stamps is progressing rapidly in this city. It is not yet known just what the total sales amount to but Lowell is doing good work. The per capita allotment for the Union is \$20 for each man, woman and child. It will require some very sincere work to reach that high figure but it must be done. Some will not be able to buy so much, but the deficiency must be made up by those who have the means. This is

## BEAUTIFUL HAIR THICK, WAVY, FREE FROM DANDRUFF

Draw a Moist Cloth Through Hair and Double Its Beauty at Once.

Save Your Hair! Dandruff Disappears and Hair Stops Coming Out.

Immediate?—Yes! Certain?—That's the joy of it. Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after an application of Danderine. Also try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt or excessive oil, and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair. A delightful surprise awaits those whose hair has been neglected or is scraggy, faded, dry, brittle or thin. Besides beautifying the hair, Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair growing all over the scalp.

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating, stimulating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.

You can surely have pretty, charming, lustrous hair, and lots of it, if you will spend a few cents for a bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter and try it as directed.

usually the case. There never was a time when the men of wealth in this country were more generous or more responsive to the appeals of the government.

## FEAR ENGLISH INVASION

Sir Auckland Geddes is fearful lest Germany attempts to strike at the heart of England by invasion across the channel. If England with her deep permits such a thing she alone will be to blame. Mr. Geddes thinks that by the peculiar massing of men on the western front Germany contemplates an invasion of Britain. Rather does she contemplate a drive on to Paris. The army that would invade Britain would have a slight chance of ever returning.

## SEEN AND HEARD

We could be jailed for what we think of coughs and colds.

A Tyngsboro woman informed us yesterday that she had seen a robin near her well appointed country house. Is this the first robin?

One little ray of sunshine that comes to us today: We're marching on to April. Scarce half a month away.

## Mistaken Identity

Prof. William Howard Taft was in New York recently, and in the course of his short stay took an automobile ride along Riverside drive. At Ninetieth street a young woman five years old saw the big touring car coming swiftly down the drive. After one long look at the big person in the rear seat she jerked the nurse's apron and screamed with delight. "Alice! Alice!" asked the nurse, excitedly, "what is it?" "Fairy Auntie!" growled a mustache just like papa's!"—Argonaut.

## Spring Poem

I'm tired of fretting and freezing, I'm tired of seeing the bar at the store I'm tired of coughing and sneezing, I don't want to cough any more. I'm tired of shoveling the sidewalk, I'm tired of snow-meat and mush, I'm tired of shivering and sliding, And I'm tired of sleeping through slush. I'm tired of stoking the furnace, I'm tired of seeing the fire go out. I'm tired of sifting the ashes, In a mood that is far from devout. I'll be glad when I see the first robin, I'll be glad to hear the first song, I'll be gladdest of all when it's summer, And I'm glad now—so glad!—that it's spring! —Somerville Journal.

## Tracking Down Quarter-Ton

His wife had been broken in on the sugar card habit for some time, but he was just being initiated into the brand new sport of putting salt on the tail of the elusive offspring of the coal barons. It wasn't until the stock in his cellar had dwindled to fragile proportions, and he was sweeping up the precious black dust with a whisk broom and feeding it to his furnace by the spoonful, that he screwed up his courage and made a pilgrimage to the chamber of commerce rooms to humbly apply for a coal card. The attractive young woman who helped him out in making affidavit to a state of destitution was sympathetic and not too searching in probing into his misfortune and past history, and she did not require him to hold up his right hand and take oath to the fact that he hadn't any feloniously hidden hoard of coal in the ice chest or under the bed in the spare room. It was made as painless as possible for him, yet he couldn't entirely throw off a sensation such as he fancied he might have were he applying to the overseers of the poor to hold out a helping hand. Having got the bait he next proceeded, this

time with less reluctance and dawning confidence, to set his trap for one of those quarter-ton he had read in the paper were prowling into town. He began by enlisting the co-operation of the telephone. Always before when he had gone coal hunting the handy phone had responded with alacrity and it had taken no time at all to round up a ton or two of the game. This time it was different—sandy and shockingly different. It didn't gratefully respond with "Thank you for the order. Will tomorrow be time enough?" It crisply and rather wearily retorted: "Bring down your card and the cash. If we have any and you get here before it is all gone you can have some."

So the citizen, properly meek and subdued and realizing as never before what a distressful thing war is, ambled to a coal office, stood in line until his turn came, presented his card with due humility, bought and paid for a ration of coal of the sort he didn't want, and went back to his customary occupation in what he tried to convince himself was a gratefully reconciled state of mind.—Brookline Enterprise.

## This Summer

"One swallow makes not a summer" goes the ancient warble, and a bushel billion of the songsters and their cousins won't make the coming straw hat season seem like the summers of yore. With all the young huckaroos called into the game of Hush the Hun, this summer's going to seem like a saddle but no horse. This summer spell will be a blank domino for the fair damsels. The benches and dance pavilions will be running on flat tires with almost all the male cylinders missing. The maids will have to be content and splash in the surf and bask on the sands with a clothing store dummy, or glide a fox-trot with a scarecrow. On balmy evenings the gals will have to carry on their mild flirtations with the ready-made-suit Apollos of the signboards, and take themselves to the corner drug store to treat themselves to a chocolate nut sundae. The parks at night will be emptier than a bass drum and the birds will con-

## REN OF DIVISION TWO PHYSICALLY CERTIFIED BY EXEMPTION BOARD

The following 45 men of Division 2 have been physically certified by the exemption board for military service:

Emile Soulier, 45 Market  
M. Albis, 58 West Main, New Britain  
George Deniers, Gloucester  
Louis S. Maher, 203 Fletcher  
Arnold Langner, 14 Lawton  
Leo B. Tighe, 4 John  
Emil Rochelleau, 62 Middlesex  
Michael J. Rayball, 5 Walker av  
John Spelacy, 95 Andover  
Maurice J. Bosworth, 42 South Walker  
William N. Winters, 500 School  
Thomas F. Pearson, 45 Marion  
Edward F. Martin, 9 Coburn  
Anselm J. Lamert, 380 Middlesex  
Austin R. Merrill, 42 North  
Frank J. Van Greenberg, 119 Hale  
Christos Theodoreou, 356 Worthen  
Donald W. Erdis, 240 Liberty  
Alfred Forbes, 344 Moody  
Claudio Santos, 11 Bradford  
Elmer F. Austin, 56 Lane  
Leo Gervais, 226 Fletcher  
Philip Coleanti, 9 Westford  
Dennis M. Ward, 45 Court  
William M. Donohoe, 351 Dutton  
Thomas W. Hall, 10 Corner  
Ralph N. Fiorillo, 25 East Pine  
Arthur Berard, 8 Middlesex  
Patrick McInerney, 49 Broadway  
Arthur Crevier, 35 Howard  
William Hanley, 44 Rock  
Costas Kourkouras, Houston, Tex.  
George Tradd, 55 Liberty  
Aldice Brulotte, Westford, Me.  
James Scanlon, 41 Franklin  
Joseph R. Monetti, 115 Prince  
Francis J. McCusker, 686 Gorham  
Maurice Tucker, 63 Lane  
Joseph H. Martin, 19 Grand  
J. L. Gerow, 152 Chelmsford  
Demetrios Katis, 69 Prince  
Carl M. Plummer, 873 School  
Francis Dalton, 52 Royal  
Harold M. Jenkins, Bridgeport, Conn.  
Silas W. Pierce, 52 Princeton  
Joseph W. Farrell, 352 Broadway  
Edward A. McEvoy, 9 Somerset  
Dennis J. Martin, 295 Adams  
Philipus Dussault, 33 Worthen  
Arthur Abbit, 111 Worthen  
James J. Dowling, 4 Grove  
James T. Cusick, 15 Manahan  
Arthur E. Jacques, 255 Appleton.

## TREASURER OF LOWELL TERMINAL COAL CO. DIES SUDDENLY

IN LAWRENCE

Charles C. Allen, aged 55 years, general manager of the eastern department of the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Co. and treasurer of the Lowell Terminal Coal company, whose home is in Brookline, died suddenly on Sunday afternoon while presiding over a dinner party at Libby hall, Lawrence, the cause of death being heart disease.

Mr. Allen was born in Leominster, but went to live in Newton with his parents when a child. He attended the Newton schools, graduating from the high school there and later entered the office of Bangs & Horton, agents of the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Co. and he worked himself up from stenographer to general manager.

Deceased, who conducted an office at 143 Milk street, Boston, was twice married, his first wife having been Corinne Davis, who died 15 years ago. He leaves two daughters, Mrs. Thomas McKelvie of Allston, whose husband is in the British army, and Mrs. Corinne Cherry of Calgary.

## BRICKLAYERS' UNION

A special meeting of the Bricklayers' union was held yesterday for the purpose of receiving a report from the committee appointed to confer with the union's contractors with whom the union has grievances.

Members of the union who are employed by William Draper on the construction of the Bartlett school addition and by Daniel H. Walker on private jobs left their work a week or two ago after being refused an increase in wages of 10 cents an hour, and a few days ago a committee was appointed to confer with the contractors. The committee reported yesterday that the contractors were willing to grant the increase after the men had worked 88 hours or two full weeks. There was no action taken by the union and the men are still on strike. In the course of the meeting

## Children Cry for Fletcher's

# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

## The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

time with less reluctance and dawning confidence, to set his trap for one of those quarter-ton he had read in the paper were prowling into town. He began by enlisting the co-operation of the telephone. Always before when he had gone coal hunting the handy phone had responded with alacrity and it had taken no time at all to round up a ton or two of the game. This time it was different—sandy and shockingly different. It didn't gratefully respond with "Thank you for the order. Will tomorrow be time enough?" It crisply and rather wearily retorted: "Bring down your card and the cash. If we have any and you get here before it is all gone you can have some."

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serve their sleep (soilholds and roost on the benches—So, blame everything on Kaiser Wilhelm, maidens, even to the mosquito bites.

## Inventions

Nearly everybody has a pet invention. People get talking about Wonderful inventions And they always Wind up with, "The simple invention Is the money Maker! Lookit The money that's Been made on The darndest, simplest Thing me and You could a Thought of easy!" etc. Then they all Get thinking of Something useful And simple to Invent. And They always turn Out like the Pet invention I've Got. It's a peach And it's cheap. Bring in all kinds Of kale, only, Some guy went And thought of The same thing 18 years ago.



Some Very Stunning

## Spring Neckwear

goes into the cases today—quite new colorings in figures and stripes—very full shape broad end four-in-hands.

These scarfs are uncommonly well made with satin lined slip easy bands—and the price is.....65c

Batwing Ties—these promise to be exceedingly good this season. The collection is a fine one—solid colors and small self figures that give a trim, smart Spring effect.....50c

Putnam & Son Co.  
166 Central Street.

action was taken on the death of a member, William F. Brown, who died Sunday at the Naval hospital in Boston.

## BIRTHDAY ANNIVERSARY

Henry L. Wadsworth celebrated the 15th anniversary of his birth at the home of his parents, 698 School street last night. About 40 of his friends were present and the evening was spent in an enjoyable manner. He was the recipient of many beautiful and appropriate gifts. Games were enjoyed and a musical and literary program was carried out during the evening. Songs were rendered by Miss Grace L. Timmins, M. Alice Hardy, Fred E. Turner, Mrs. Minnie Tyler, the Misses Pitta and Mary Shepard and Charles Donoghue, and readings by Fred Timmins. Refreshments were served by Mrs. Grace Wadsworth, assisted by Miss Belle Williston, Mrs. Violet Hunt and the Misses Gladys and Myrtle Wadsworth.

If you want to reach the people who spend their money in Lowell, advertise in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

## NERVOUSNESS ON THE DECLINE

Doctors Encouraged, They Hold Out Hope for All

"Nothing wrong but my nerves." We hear it at home, at work and everywhere. Certainly, nervousness is a disease. A man or woman might better have a broken leg than a shattered, run-down nervous system.

Overwork and worry drain the nerve cells and centers of all their strength and vitality, then you get your sleepless nights, poor blood, nervousness, worry and fear that goes with a worn-out, broken-down nervous system. The better doctors of today know just what to do in cases of this kind. They know that a few weeks' use of Phosphated Iron rarely fails to strengthen, stimulate and feed the Phosphate-hungry nerve centers.

Phosphated Iron certainly does take hold. The way the majority of patients came back is remarkable. You can almost see their nerves grow steady, strong and peaceful. What a change in appearance, too. The cheeks become filled out and flushed with the healthy ruddy glow that only pure, red, ironized blood can give, eyes sparkle, their step has the spring and swing of youth and their whole system seems to be alive with energy and good spirits.

Mr. Nervous Man or Woman, Phosphated Iron will do all this for you if you will give it a chance. Do not drag around, all in and half dead, another day, when help is so near. Get busy! and be a live one once again.

To insure doctors and their patients getting the genuine Phosphated Iron we have put in capsules only so do not allow dealers to give you pills or tablets. Insist on capsules.

Fred Howard, 199 Central St., Lowell Pharmacy, 632 Merrimack St., and leading druggists everywhere.

Gas Fixtures, Globes, Mantles, Etc.

Welch Bros Co.

73 MIDDLE STREET

## How Rice and Coffee Hold Down the Price of Porterhouse!

RICE, coffee, canned fruits and vegetables, peanut butter and packaged fish—why does Armour sell these foods? Soaps, oils, drugs, banjo strings, curled hair and fertilizer are logical for Armour to sell; for they are by-products of the meat business. But why should Armour handle so many food lines which have nothing to do with meats?

THE answer, if you will but consider, is simple. It is a question of sales costs.

When Armour buys livestock from producers, the cost of its preparation for your use represents but one stage in making it ready for you. Getting it to you is fully as important. And that represents another cost.

## Selling Expense Reduced

WITH the expense of factoring meat products reduced to the finest point that scientifically designed machinery and skill can bring it, the problem becomes one of getting these goods to you with the absolute minimum of charge.

To do this, Armour maintains some four hundred Branch Houses in the more important population centers, each in charge of a food expert and each with a corps of salesmen. Over these Branch House organizations, working much as a train dispatcher might, is the Home Office sending supplies here today, there tomorrow, somewhere else the next day—keeping the supply equalized throughout the country so there is no surplus or shortage, no glut one day, no prohibitive prices the next.

As a result, each salesman cannot be selling meat to his full capacity every day. But his salary must

go on. And were it not possible for him to profitably employ his surplus time, that portion of his wage which represents unused time would have to be added to the cost of your meat. For the number of salesmen cannot be cut; there are times when the full force is needed.

Hence, the fact that Armour does sell these additional food products, keeps down the cost of your chops, steaks and roasts.

## All Costs Kept Down

BUT the cost-reducing influence goes farther still. Just as selling fruits and vegetables keeps down the cost of meats, so does selling the two together keep down the cost of the fruits and vegetables. And, thereby, Armour can sell the highest quality at ordinary prices.

Moreover, because a test of one proves the quality of all these products offered under a single mark—the famous Oval Label—they sell almost automatically for the dealer and permit him to hold his prices down to fair figures.

Thus, when you insist upon Armour Oval Label Products, you share in these economies—and make it possible to pay maximum prices to the producer and still keep prices lower to the consumer.



# ARMOUR AND COMPANY

CHICAGO



cans. . . . . 25c  
 . . . . . 25c



## SEC. BAKER TO CONSULT BRITISH PREMIER

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Although it has not been formally announced, it is admitted here that Secretary of War Baker will go to England after concluding his visit to France. He will make an inspection of the American forces in England and the training they are given.

At the same time Mr. Baker will have opportunities for conferences with Premier Lloyd George and other members of the British government, just as he has had in France with members of the French administration. These political conferences are by no means the least important part of his voyage abroad.

By that statement it is not meant that the secretary is in any way a special agent of the president to express views that the president holds on existing conditions. Knowing Mr. Wilson's mind as well as he does, and being so thoroughly a supporter of his international policies, the secretary will, of course, be able to answer intelligently such questions as may be asked as to the attitudes of the American government.

But his purpose, from a political standpoint, will be more receptive than expressive. He will listen and observe more than he will talk.

Mr. Baker is well fitted for such a task. His mental processes are curiously similar to those of the president, between whom and himself a warm sympathy and understanding exists. In fact, many who know both men believe that the president, although he is careful to play no favorites, feels closer to his secretary of war than he does to any other member of his cabinet.

Knowing what the president wants to know, being familiar with these questions which the president regards as the most vital, Mr. Baker will be able to keep himself in information that will be of most value to his chief. The president is constantly seeking after information, but he likes to be sure that the source is reliable. When that is certain he squeezes the mind of his informant dry and then puts the knowledge to such use as he thinks proper. It has been said that Mr. Wilson does not take advice easily. If that be true it is owing to the fact that Mr. Wilson works out his problems in his own way, but it cannot be said that he is not always eager to get precise information.

Because Mr. Baker sees things with the president's eyes, what he has to say upon his return will be highly effective in helping the formulation of new policies and in the amplification of those we are now following.

The secretary has an unusually well-trained mind, quick and sound in its reaction and a retentive memory, quick to grasp facts. His trip will be not only helpful to the military phase of

## Relieve Your Indigestion With A Laxative

Dyspeptics know that indigestion is accompanied by constipation, and that until the bowels can be regulated so they will act freely and naturally every day at a stated time, swallowing dyspepsia tablets is of little use.

A great and growing number of sufferers from this trouble find immediate and then permanent relief by the use of a combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin sold by druggists under the name of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. The laxative herbs act on the bowels and the pepsin and extracts on the digestive tract, forming an exceptionally effective laxative- tonic.

It is a combination that has been found wonderfully helpful in indigestion, constipation, biliousness, headaches, bad breath, belching and gas on the stomach. A small dose is all that is required.

The druggist will refund your money if it fails to do as promised.

**Dr. Caldwell's  
SYRUP PEPSIN**  
The Perfect Laxative

**FREE SAMPLES**—Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is the largest selling liquid laxative in America. If you have never used it, send your address for a free trial bottle to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 468 Washington St., Monticello, N. H. If you have babies in the family send for a copy of "The Care of the Baby."

the war, but of equal bearing on the political.

While it can scarcely be said that, in a political way, Mr. Baker, while abroad, is the president's tongue, he is the president's eye and ear. He is more a reporter than a spokesman on his present assignment.

It has been said that the secretary will include Italy in his visit, but this is not given credence at the war department.

The suggestion that America be represented politically at the supreme war council at Paris and that Mr. Baker be the agent, which is again being made, is not to be taken seriously. This country, as President Wilson has made plain, will not be bound politically by the action of the allies; America is to be kept a free agent.

**SAYS MAN MUST BE 'FOOL OR TRAITOR' IF HE FAILS TO SUBSCRIBE TO WAR LOAN**

ROME, February. (Correspondence of the Associated Press. Released today.)—A man must be either a fool or traitor to refuse to sub-

scribe to a war loan," declared Prime Minister Orlando in connection with Italy's fifth loan which has brought in about \$500,000,000. "The nation needs the money to carry on the war and if there are enough fools and traitors among us not to subscribe, then the government will simply take what it needs by high taxes."

The result of the new loan, however, proved satisfactory and the extreme measures of unusual taxes will not have to be applied. War loans have come to be quite a customary proceeding and the Italian public has each year made new subscriptions in response to the advertising campaigns of the secretary of the treasury and the banks.

One of the features of the war loan has been the frankness of the newspapers and particularly of the secretary of the treasury with regard to financial facts. "There's no use trying to fool the public regarding national finances," he said. "We need the money. We are paying nearly six per cent interest to get it. It's a good investment. The Italian government will always pay its debts. It's an international fact that it does so. As far back as 1896, when it had to offer eight and ten per cent interest, it adopted the policy of standing by its pledges, and it will always do so."

Confidence in the Italian loans have for several years been shown by the Americans living in Italy.

To the present time the war has cost Italy about \$4,000,000,000, two-thirds of which money has been spent on the army or land forces and the other third on the navy. Of this \$4,000,000,000, \$1,500,000,000 has been raised by war loans, \$500,000,000 by taxes, and about \$2,000,000,000 by special treasury bonds placed principally in England and the United States for the purpose of paying for war purchases.

**SAVING THE BABIES**

In an endeavor to do their share in the nation-wide campaign to save 100,000 of the 300,000 babies which die annually in this country, the doctors and officials of the Lowell General Hospital have decided upon a plan which they put into operation today.

The plan is to bring into the world healthy babies in all maternity cases which that hospital has in its care.

The work will begin with the mother who expects to go to the hospital for her confinement. As soon as she

notifies the hospital that she will become a patient, she is told that she may have continuous hospital care both before and after her baby is born. One of the hospital nurses will visit her weekly at her home, and she herself will be asked to attend once a week a pre-natal clinic at the hospital, where one of the doctors on the hospital staff and the assistant superintendent will give whatever medical service is necessary, and advise her in such advice as is needed. Every care and attention will be given her during the period of confinement and after she returns to her home a hospital nurse will continue to visit her weekly for three months to give her counsel and assistance in the care of the newborn child.

**FIRE IN COAL POCKET**

An alarm from box 53 at 3.39 o'clock last night summoned a portion of the fire department to a lively blaze in a coal pocket at the power plant of the Lowell Electric Light Corp. in Perry street. Although there was little danger of the fire spreading with the firemen on the scene, the latter worked for about an hour before the recall was sounded.

The coal pockets are situated high over the other buildings and are equipped with chutes through which coal is fed to the boiler room. The fire got in one of these pockets and proved to be a dirty as well as stubborn fire to fight.

**RETREAT FOR MEN**

The second night of the retreat being conducted for men at the Immaculate Conception church by Rev. Albert L. McDermott, O.M.I., attracted a large congregation last evening. Rev. Fr. McDermott, O.M.I., is proving himself an unusually forceful preacher.

## FOOD RULES OBSERVED IN ROYAL HOUSEHOLD

LONDON, Feb. 16.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press) (Released Today)—King George and Queen Mary were among the first in England, as was Mrs. Woodrow Wilson in the United States, to make their household conform to the rigorous rationing system of a food minister or administrator. Like the White House at Washington, the royal family and staff at Buckingham palace have been placed on the diet suggested by the man chosen to conserve the nation's food supply, in England Lord Rhonda.

From the early days of the ministry of food the king has insisted that every suggestion for self-denial which has been put before the people of the country must be loyally observed throughout the royal household.

Sir Derek Keppel, master of the household, said in an interview this week: "We are all in line here with the rationing, and I am saying no more than what is common knowledge when I tell you that I never knew any people so thoroughly conscientious in this matter as the king and queen. They accept the restrictions with the most noticeable cheerfulness, taking real pleasure in bearing their share of the food hardships."

"The royal household is a large and varying one. Its changing character makes some difficulty in the rationing, but if any error is made in the calculation it is in the direction of 'less' rather than 'more.' We keep in constant touch with the ministry of food, learning each day whatever new regulations may be impending."

"Quite often recently the royal larder has been empty of such commodities as butter, margarine, and tea, and we have gone without, coming down to the king and queen have repeatedly spoken to me to impress me with the duty of self-denial in food and drink. The king in the first days of the war pledged himself to total abstinence from alcoholic beverages, and that pledge holds good today over the whole household."

"The king actually tries economy in anticipate restrictions. A long while ago he insisted on coal economy in the palace. Waste of fuel or coal constitutes a grave offense among the servants of the king."

**CIVIL SERVICE EXAMS.**

The United States civil service commission announces competitive examinations to be held as follows:

Apprentice draftsman (male), salary, \$720 to \$900 per annum; inspector of material for small arms (male), salary, \$1500 to \$2400 per annum; assistant inspector of material for small arms (male), salary, \$1000 to \$1200 per annum; photographic expert (male), salary, \$1500 to \$2400 per annum.

April 8—Organic and physical chemist (male), salary, \$1500 to \$2500 per annum; examining of accounts (male), salary, \$1500 to \$3000 per annum.

April 13—Railway mail clerk (male), salary, \$900 per annum.

April 23—Superintendent of gun-forging plant (male), salary, \$3000 to \$2000 per annum; negative cutter (male and female), salary, \$1000 to \$1200 per annum; construction draftsman (male), salary, \$1400 to \$2000 per annum.

April 24—Field and laboratory in plant pathology (male and female), salary, \$720 to \$1080 per annum.

## REPORT OF SURVEY OF LOCAL BAKERIES

Following is a report of a survey of Lowell bakeries made by Miss Lela Brown, agent for the Consumers' League of Boston, in company with Miss Julia Harvey of the food conservation committee of the Middlesex Women's club and Inspector O'Connor of the board of health. The survey was made last fall:

Twenty of the 70 bakeries in Lowell were visited. The league usually ranks establishments as follows: A, excellent; B, very good; C, fair; D, poor; and E, very poor. None of the firms visited was in the A group; five were in the B group, either on the league's list or waiting to be added if still found satisfactory at the next printing. Seven were in the C group, all evidently making an effort but handicapped by the scarcity of labor and other war conditions. Six were classified as poor. The chief faults found in these 13 places were as follows:

**Faults of Construction**

This includes the location of the bakery. In this survey four bakeries were found in undesirable cellar or basement quarters where it is impossible to get proper light and ventilation. Floors in some cases are concrete or cement, a material which is not only injurious to the health of the workers but is also difficult to clean.

Walls frequently are grimy or painted a dark color concealing dirt which would show up on a light wall and incidentally absorbing the light which is so necessary to the wholesome preparation of food. Sinks are

very often small and inconveniently located. The hand sink is still very rare and consequently it is not unusual to find bakers washing their hands in dish water.

In the matter of hot water there has been a great improvement. Seventeen of the 25 bakeries visited have a supply of running hot water.

Toilets not infrequently were dirty or poorly ventilated. Some were located too close to the bakery although the state law says expressly that no toilet shall adjoin or be near or in direct communication with any bakery. Four toilets were found in violation of this law. The law also provides that where men and women are employed there should be separate toilets. This clause was found to be frequently violated. One bakery employing both men and women had only one toilet and that was enclosed in one corner of the bakery. The women in order to reach it having to pass through the room where the men were working.

**Bad Ventilation**

In most cases this was due to the lack of window space and of hoods and exhausts to carry off the excessive heat and smoke from the ovens. A hood over the doughnut stove was noticed in several bakeries; these were found to be most effective in carrying off the grease and odors.

**Lack of Cleanliness**

Under this head were scored the use and care of utensils, machines, floors, tables, troughs, etc., the lack of fish and hand washing facilities; the care and disposal of garbage or other waste. Fourteen bakeries still had a common towel—an infringement of the state law. Three were using flour sacks for towels and five had no towels whatever.

**Protection of Food**

Uncovered supplies were very common, especially in bakeries where cake and pastry are made. Kegs of lard, sugar, jams, etc., were much in evidence and in conjunction with flies, ants and waterbugs did not present an appetizing spectacle. In three bakeries men were smoking while handling food. In many others, finished products were spread out to cool on the floor being thus exposed to dust and flies. Screens were found on the windows of 12 bakeries. These

**A REAL FLESH BUILDER**

Arco-Phosphate contains phosphates such as physicians all over the world are prescribing to build up all run-down, anemic conditions and changing thin, anemic women with toneness, firmness, fleshy flesh into the most beautiful, rosy-checked and plump, round, turned women imaginable.

Arco-Phosphate builds up all run-down conditions in a few days wonderfully. Dispensed in Lowell by Fred Howard, Frank J. Campbell, Burks & Shaw Drug Co., Dow's Drug Store, Noonan, the druggist.

## THE JAMES CO

Merrimack Street, Cor. of Palmer

## Women's Dressy and Tailored Suits

Special at 25.00

Most individually modeled Elton and Pony Suits, reflecting the very newest style innovations seen in the most approved European models. Some strictly tailored, others in sports effects that are more captivating than any before presented this season.

Tailored in Men's Wear Serge,  
Poiret Twill, Gabardine, Tweeds,  
Oxford Cloths, and Wool Jersey



All beautifully lined with Silk. Sizes 14 to 46

Second Floor

A RARE OPPORTUNITY

## Women's Fashionable Coats

Special Wednesday at 18.50

A collection of cleverly styled coats, possessing unusual charm and featuring many novel style treatments seen in much higher priced models. Fashioned of Covert, Poiret Twill, Gabardine, Serge and Wool Velour, in a splendid assortment of the new colors. Half lined with Peau de Cygne. Sizes 14 to 46.

SECOND FLOOR



WOMEN'S SMART

## Taffeta Frocks Wednesday at 15.00

One of Spring's Most Charming Models

This model is in the much-favored side-tunic effect, with both waist and tunic trimmed with hand-turned buttonholes.

There are other models which are exact reproductions of very charming creations by Martial Armand, featuring handsome silk and gold thread embroidered belts.

Colors: Copenhagen Blue, Taupe, Navy Blue, Wisteria and Black. Sizes 16 to 44.



## A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

## Beautiful SILK POPLINS

On Sale Today at Less Than Half Price

6500 YARDS

Of Remnants Plain and Figured Poplins—All New Goods and Wonderful Bargains

2500 Yards Double Width Poplins, 40 and 45 inches wide, extra heavy grade, all the desirable colors, also black, white and cream, carefully matched and put up in proper lengths for dresses, skirts and waists, specially desirable also for Spring coats and jackets; regular \$3.00, \$4.00 and \$5.00 qualities; only

4000 Yards Fine Silk Poplins, 24 inches wide, in a splendid selection of plain shades and all the newest designs and colorings, in printed goods. Lengths for dresses, waists, coat linings and misses' neckwear, etc.; regular prices, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50; only

\$1.85 Yard

89c Yard

ON SALE TODAY

PALMER ST., RIGHT AISLE

## In time of need

Every woman should know the comfort, and experience the relief of a reliable remedy that can be depended upon to right conditions which cause headache, dizziness, languor, nausea and constipation. At such times, nothing is so safe, so sure and speedy as

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

During the past sixty years, millions of women have found them most helpful in toning and strengthening the system, and for regulating the stomach, liver and bowels. These famous pills are entirely vegetable and contain no harmful or habit-forming drugs. Use them with entire confidence for they cause no unpleasant after-effects, and

will not fail you

Directions of Special Value to Women are with Every Box. Sold by druggists throughout the world. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

Dr. Musso

**DENTISTS**

TEL. 5155

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LOWELL, MASS.

Dr. Blanchard



# MISS OOLOOAH BURNER Y.W.C.A. WAR WORKER

Miss Oolooah Burner, of New York city, who sailed for France early in January, to work with American nurses at the base hospitals, writes the following letter from somewhere in France. She is a graduate of De Pauw university and has held positions with the Y.W.C.A. for eight years.

Somewhere in France. "The getting here was strenuous and exciting enough, with storms, delays, sleeping on deck, and submarine rumors. When we got in Paris and found it was apparently no nearer war than New York, we were most disappointed."

"There are women porters and street car conductors, and women are taking all sorts of other places where men used to be."

"The Y.W.C.A. hostess house, Hotel Patrograd, is already filled with American women, one month after opening. They are appreciating the comforts of hot baths, heat and cheerful companionship that it offers."

"We got to our destination and work quickly. One week after we landed we were in charge of a hut, acquainted with a good many nurses, initiated into the ways of the town, and living in a French family where not one word of English is spoken or understood."

"The hut was opened on a Sunday afternoon, with a brilliant gathering of the town's best people, the prefect, university professors and their families, the Spanish consul, and others who would be titled if France was not a republic; officers in uniform of course, and the nurses for whom the hut has been built. Tea, sandwiches and cakes were served."

"There was a splendid spirit, a friendly atmosphere of representatives of two nations coming together. It was a most interesting opening for a most beautiful hut, with a background of soft gold colored curtains, shaded lights on tables, antique bits of furniture, on plates of pottery and china, comfortable chairs, books, couches, piled with soft green and gold pillows and a piano."

"A few nights later the nurses themselves entertained for the outgoing secretary, and welcomed the incoming secretary. The nurses have adopted the hut as their own. Many of them expressed their gratitude and appreciation. One said, 'Usually we are too tired to think for ourselves. It is good to have someone to think for us.'"

"Everything from the living room, to the wee office, the kitchen, the store room, and best of all, a little rest room with two beds, with white covers and rose colored comforters, hot water bottles, rose shades on the lights and little curtained windows is perfectly planned and arranged to give rest and comfort."

"A convalescent private has been detailed to keep our fire in the stoves. A French maid, who looks like a gnome out of Grimm's Fairy Tales, clumps about the hut in her little wooden shoes, keeping things clean and neat; nurses are constantly dropping in for an easy chair beside the fire in which to read their letters from home, or to sip a cup of bouillon."

"A little later, when 40 new nurses arrive, they are counting much on the hut to help them settle themselves at home. The new recruits cry in their hoarse voices: 'Vive la France! Vive l'Amérique! Vive la Y.W.C.A.'—and that means she's glad she came!"

Letter from Miss Hodgdon

Another phase of the Y.W.C.A.'s war work in France is presented by a letter from Miss Caroline Hodgdon, from Maine, who is doing club work.

Miss Hodgdon is a graduate of Wellesley college, department of hygiene, and has been a physical director in the Presbyterian college, Charlotte, N. C., and the Y.W.C.A. in Passaic, N. J.

The following letter was received from Miss Hodgdon a few days ago: "New Year's day was beautiful, with snow two feet deep and more coming as fast and thick as it could. I received a telegram from Miss Anderson telling me that some one from Lyon would come to aid me, but the two hours' trip took eleven hours and I had to manage the party alone."

"At the time appointed, I went to the 'Cerole,' expecting to find no one there on account of the weather, but gradually 50 girls came to enjoy our well planned musical program which included vocal selections, violin and piano, and a chorus. We sang the same round that we sang in America, 'Voces for Women,' which was quickly translated, and everyone sang it heartily."

"Small classes in English have been started, but have been much interrupted with holidays and other things."

Once fully started we began advertising our classes. Dressmaking, stenography, gymnastics, bookkeeping and a chorus were offered to the members of the Cerole, the dues being ten cents a month.

"The committee decided that it was better not to begin any class until there were at least 15 registered, but the next week we received registrars' very day from noon until night. At the beginning of the week we had 72 members, and at the end 742, and a waiting list of about a hundred more."

"We certainly were swamped when we had our first lessons and three hundred reported for dressmaking. We had to tell half of them to go home and come back next week and that it would only be possible for each group to have a lesson every other week."

"We had also said that one person could take more than one course if she desired, but we had to change that and say that one person could take only one course and gymnasium."

"We are fortunate in having some fine teachers from one of the professional schools who have offered their services for the classes in stenography, bookkeeping and dressmaking."

"The club rooms are being used by many people, especially at noon-time when the women who have had their lunch in the restaurants come up and read, write their letters, and many bring their sewing, embroidery and darning."

"We estimate our first month attendance in the classes and the club rooms at about 2000."

"We had a reunion on Sunday, with no definite program planned, because registrations had taken so much time. The girls quickly formed a live working committee, and they will arrange Sunday afternoon programs, the first Sunday a lecture, the second a concert and the third, an informal sing."

"At present they are having first aid lessons, and health talks given by a Red Cross nurse."

"Our library is most popular, and we will soon have to invest in more books, as they all go out for a sou a fortnight."

"Two business girls from the town came to see us, and to talk about the club work and its aims. They felt that our work was not fully understood by the girls, and they are to give short talks to the girls on Sunday afternoons, telling them that we are organizing them, to acquaint them with the high ideals and recreation. We have a simple pledge that the girls take when joining the Cerole, and those two business girls made it plainer than ever that it was something to keep them always."

"One of the most interesting exhibits is a series of photographs of classes, clubs and buildings of American associations. Strangers always go to look at them before they do anything else."

Miss Hattie B. Anderson, mentioned by Miss Hodgdon, sailed for France in October to do work with the industrial workers. She comes from Nashvill, Tenn.

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# DILLON'S PLEA FOR UNITY GENERAL ALARM FOR FIRE IN OLD MANN SCHOOL

Says Sinn Fein Dream of Republic is Impossible—Hints Failure of the Convention

ENNISKILLEN, Ireland, March 18.—On making his first public appearance since his election as chairman of the Irish parliamentary party, John Dillon declared it was folly to talk of an Irish republic, invited the Sinn Fein leaders to join with the nationalists to secure a form of self-government which was almost within their grasp, and warned the young men of the Sinn Fein, element not to be led into another rising.

## Try Making Your Own Cough Remedy

You can save about \$2. and have a better remedy than the ready-made kind. Easily done.

If you combined the curative properties of every known remedy, you would hardly have in them all the curative power that lies in this simple "home-made" cough syrup which takes only a few minutes to prepare.

Get from any druggist 2½ ounces of Pinex (60 cents worth), pour it into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. The total cost is about 65 cents and gives you a full pint of really better cough syrup than you could buy ready-made for \$2.50. Tastes pleasant and never spoils.

This Pinex and sugar syrup preparation sells right at the cause of a cough and gives almost immediate relief. It loosens the phlegm, stops the nasty throat tickle and heals the sore, irritated membranes that line the throat, chest and bronchial tubes, so gently and easily that it is really astonishing.

A day's use will usually overcome the ordinary cough and for bronchitis, croup, whooping cough and bronchial asthma, there is nothing better.

Pinex is a most valuable concentrated essence of genuine Norway pine extract, and has been used for generations to break up severe coughs.

To avoid disappointment, be sure to get our druggist for 2½ ounces of Pinex with full directions, and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

is on the eve of one of its most momentous struggles.

Discussing the Irish convention, Mr. Dillon said no one had ever pretended it was a body for self-determination. It was appointed solely to determine whether the Ulster question could be settled by agreement, he pointed out, and was as fairly constituted and representative a body as could have been selected.

If the Ulster question could be settled by agreement it would be worth all the delay, in his view, but the hour had come when the deliberations ought to be brought to a conclusion.

If the convention failed to agree, he declared, the blame must rest upon its members, or a certain section of them, because Ireland had given them fair play and ample time.

"If the convention fails," continued Mr. Dillon, "the Irish question will assume within a week or two more formidable shape than ever. I am of the opinion that Ireland is on the eve of one of the most momentous struggles in all her tragic history."

"Ireland is in a terrible condition at the present moment. She is invited by a numerous, clamorous body of young Irishmen to abandon her claim for home rule and set up a claim for an Irish republic. I do not think the people who advocate that view are as numerous as they imagine, but it must be recognized that they speak for a large section of the younger people."

"It is futile to discuss a possible Irish republic, and as the Sinn Fein leaders are not united or consistent as to their bluff, they should coalesce with their fellow-countrymen and make a united demand for that which is almost within our grasp."

Mr. Dillon warned young enthusiasts against being led into another rising and giving the military an opportunity of shooting them down.

From the grave of John Redmond there is a great lesson to be learned by British statesmen," said Mr. Dillon.

"Redmond faced misunderstandings and horrible calumny in his endeavor to conciliate the Irish and British people. Had the English ministers been honorable men and stood by him and imitated his statesmanship, Ireland today, instead of being an embarrassment to England, would be a source of strength and support."

"The English ministers were false

The old Mann school building, box 113 at 12:01 o'clock, the second alarm was sent in about five minutes later and the third alarm was sounded at 12:18 o'clock. While all of the apparatus was not used Chief Saunders deemed it advisable to have reservation by fire at midnight last night and for a time there was danger of the flames spreading to the congested tenement property in Lewis, Dummer and Jefferson streets. Three alarms were sounded and practically every piece of apparatus responded. At 1:41 o'clock the fire was under control and the dismissal was sounded, but it was long after that when the firemen left the scene.

The blaze was one of the most spectacular seen in this city for a long time, for the flames which shot through the roof of the main building leaped high in the air and the reflection could be seen for miles around.

Despite the time of night there was a large number of people attracted to the scene by the sound of the general alarm and the reflection in the sky.

Those who were among the first to arrive at the fire felt that the building was doomed, but the firemen handled the blaze in a capable manner and confined it to the attic of the building, but considerable water made its way into the rooms on the floors below.

Owing to the fact that the building is in a square with streets on all sides the firemen had a good opportunity to fight the blaze from all sides of the building.

The first alarm was sounded from the fire station at 12:01 o'clock.

The fire started in a blind attic, which is used for storage purposes, and must have gained considerable headway before it broke out through the roof. Patrolman Timothy J. Dwyer was one of the first to arrive on the scene and after notifying the police station to telephone for apparatus an alarm was sounded from box 113.

The blaze at first did not look very bad, but just before the alarm was sounded the flames broke through the roof and when the department arrived it seemed as though the entire roof was ablaze.

Ten or a dozen lines of hose were soon playing water on the building, some of the firemen working from the outside while others made their way into the top and poured tons of water into the attic.

Two lines of hose were raised to the flat roof of the wooden building and the firemen in charge of these lines did very effective work.

The fire made its way through the partitions and at one time the rooms occupied by the carpentry class on the second floor were threatened, but holes were cut in the partitions and streams of water were directed on the flames and quickly extinguished.

Everything appeared to be all right when the school was closed about 9:30 o'clock last night, the last to leave the building being the students of the radio and buzzer class.

May Have Dropped Match In conversation with Principal Thos. F. Fisher, of the Vocational school, it was learned that one of the students of the electrical class had occasion to go to the attic yesterday for some supplies and it is thought that the latter might have used a match and accidentally dropped it on the floor.

Chief Saunders, who was one of the first to arrive at the fire, stated to a representative of The Sun that when he was driving through Fletcher street the flames were shooting through the roof and fearful that they would communicate to the wooden building and endanger nearby property ordered a second alarm and a little later deemed it advisable to send in the general alarm.

There will be no interruption of the day or evening classes at the school, owing to the fire, for a corps of workers was early on the scene and started cleaning up and Principal Fisher said that everything would run along as usual.

The insurance on the Mann school was carried through the agency of Ernest P. Parsons of The Sun building.

made, under the direction of your coach and captain. It has been wonderful work, and I like to come here and glory in it with you. It is impossible for me to keep away from the track meets and those dinners, and my inclination is to tell you stories of the old school days that perhaps your master and teachers would not approve.

"Again I say, you have made wonderful progress, and I am anxious for you to continue. You had a hard struggle, and things looked bad at the beginning of the season. If I have words of criticism, it is only for the good of the school. Your teachers are working hard day by day and I would ask you to do your part. When you leave the school, don't forget it completely, but cherish it and cheer for it. And when the year goes by, you will realize that the work it does is the foundation of the country."

"In closing, let me wish you for the coming year the best of success and good luck."

After the mayor had finished the banquet was over. There were no long-drawn-out orations. It was short and sweet and hugely enjoyable to the fellows there. About 7:45 the order was given to storm Jili 28, otherwise known as Keith's, and the order was obeyed with alacrity. Two boxes were filled, an excellent performance was enjoyed and the squad went home to dream of the great doings of 1918.

Those present at last evening's banquet included: Daniel J. Coughlin, Frederic Ryan, George Mousoulas was arrested by Major Forbes and Patrolman Taffara this morning on a warrant charging him with larceny from one of the local corporations. The case was continued for hearing until tomorrow morning.

The case of Sargon Golwon and Annie Wysocki, charged with assault and battery, was continued until March 25th. The drunken offenders were continued until tomorrow morning, and three first offenders were released by the probation officer.

TAR AND FEATHER I. W. W. SECRETARY YAKIMA, Wash., March 19.—H. B. Myers, secretary of the Yakima local of the I.W.W., was taken a mile out of town by a mob at midnight last night, given a coat of tar and feathers and told to leave and not return.

He was also told to warn his associates that any other secretary of the I.W.W. who came to Yakima to work would receive the treatment accorded "Little in Montana," who was hanged by a mob at Butte more than a year ago. Myers declared he had been forced into the order by threats of death.

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There Was a Day No So Long Ago

—when few women would use face powders, creams or cosmetics. Now nearly every woman considers them a necessity in retaining a youthful, attractive appearance.

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Paul F. Sullivan, Walter H. Hedlund, James M. Keith, Raymond Lavallee, George L. Palmgren, Francis L. Sauer, John C. Quill, Head Manager J. Hutchins Bennett, Ernest A. Moller, first assistant manager; Carl C. Stevens, Edward J. Sheldon, Dana K. Hart, Walter J. Markham, Elmer G. Brennan, W. W. Bennett, Frederick R. Woodward, Richard Brabrook, John A. Harker, D. Bixby, Julian B. Keyes, John D. McKinley, James F. Conway, Horatius B. Leggat, Patrick J. Mullane, Paul U. McGregor, Capt. Warren Mansur, Richard Swan Baron, Hoyt Sanford Vandenberg, Earl P. Leadbetter, Harris Barber, George F. Haggerty, William F. Haggerty, freshman manager; James J. McHenry, Harry King, William Trotter of the Courier-Citizen and Charles E. Gallagher of The Sun.

Best Printing: Tobin's Assn. Bldg. J. F. Donohoe, 328 Hildreth Bldg., real estate and insurance. Telephone.

The first shot in the 1918 high school baseball season will be fired tomorrow morning when a mass meeting of those interested in the game will be held in the school hall.

A telephone alarm at 8:45 o'clock this morning summoned a portion of the fire department to a chimney fire at 100 Tilden street in a building owned by Samuel Cote. The fire was extinguished before any damage was done.

Miss Mary A. Carson of the Women's Consumer league of Boston talked before a number of girls and women at the Y.W.C.A. last evening on the introduction of the eight-hour law. She compared conditions here with those in England and her address proved most interesting.

A number of firemen sustained burns and cuts from falling glass at the Cady box shop fire yesterday afternoon, the most seriously injured being Capt. Richard B. Burns of engine 6 who suffered burns about the face and hands while fighting the flames from the railroad bridge. Despite his burns he remained at his post until his company was dismissed.

A number of Lowell people are under the impression that the time for fighting federal income tax returns expired on March 1, but this is not so. The time has been extended to April 1. The office at Room 4 of the local postoffice are on the job from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. daily, and urge Lowell people to make their returns as soon as possible and not wait until the last minute. All the return forms are at hand except the fiduciary forms, and notice will be given as soon as they arrive.

Eugene J. Caisse, son of George Caisse of 101 Fulton street, who joined the U. S. navy 10 months ago, has been given an honorable discharge and has returned to his home. The discharge came as a result of a broken knee sustained a couple of weeks after the young man's enlistment. Caisse was assigned to the U. S. Nevada, but after the accident, which occurred while in the performance of his duties, he was removed to a hospital, where he was located up to the time of his discharge a few days ago.

Mrs. Annie Plannery, of Lombard street, who left last week for Camp Gordon, Ga., where she had been called because of the illness of her son, Edward Plannery, who was seriously ill with cerebro spinal meningitis, has returned to this city. Mrs. Plannery was able to see her son, but could not converse with him as there was a plate of glass separating them. The woman reports that the condition of her son has improved, but he is not yet out of danger.

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THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Ave., near the Beach; ocean view; central to all attractions; capacity 300; private baths; running water in rooms; elevator; sun parlor, etc.; excellent table; \$3 up daily; special weekly; American plan. Open all year. Booklet. Samuel Ellis.

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